

# Youth and Sport Development Services

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## Socio-economic profile of area and an analysis of current provision

2018



A socio economic analysis of the six areas serviced by the DDLETB Youth Service and a detailed breakdown of the current provision.

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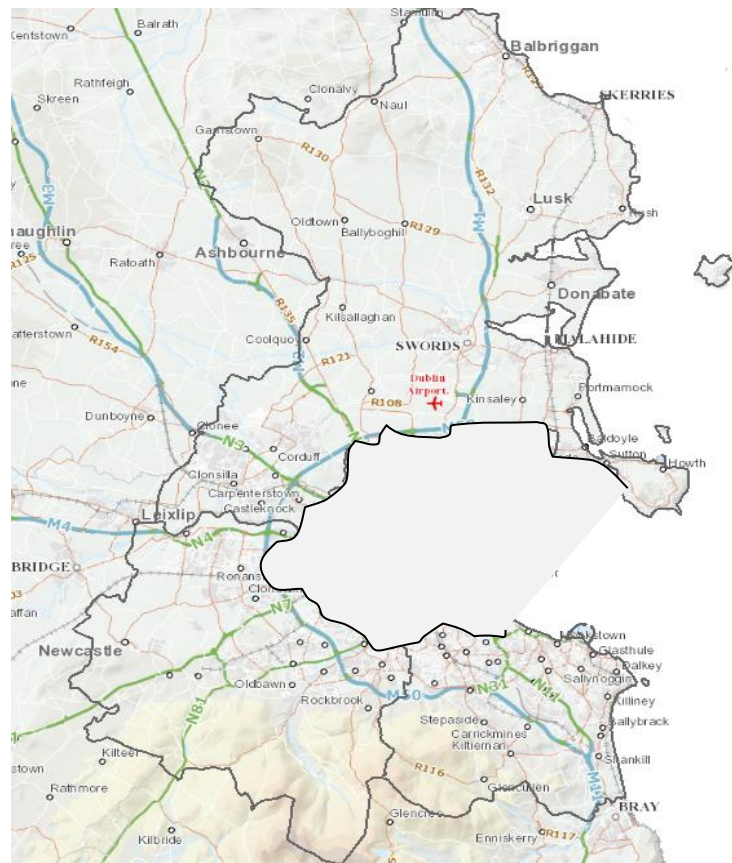
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## Section 3: Socio-demographic Profile OVERVIEW



*Figure 1 MAP of DDLETB AREA*

Dublin & Dun Laoghaire Education Training Board (DDLETB) was established in 2013 when Dun Laoghaire VEC was amalgamated with County Dublin VEC. This new DDLETB services a growing diverse population of some 800,000, living in over 270,000 homes in mountain, rural, suburban and urban communities stretching in the North from the far side of Balbriggan to the outskirts of Bray in the south stretching some 66 kms.

The DDLETB area corresponds to the boundaries of three Local Authority Areas, Fingal, South Dublin Council and Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown.

The individual local authorities are among the largest in the country and range in population size from 290,000 in Fingal followed by South County Dublin with a population over 280,000 and Dun Laoghaire Rathdown with a population of over 210,000.

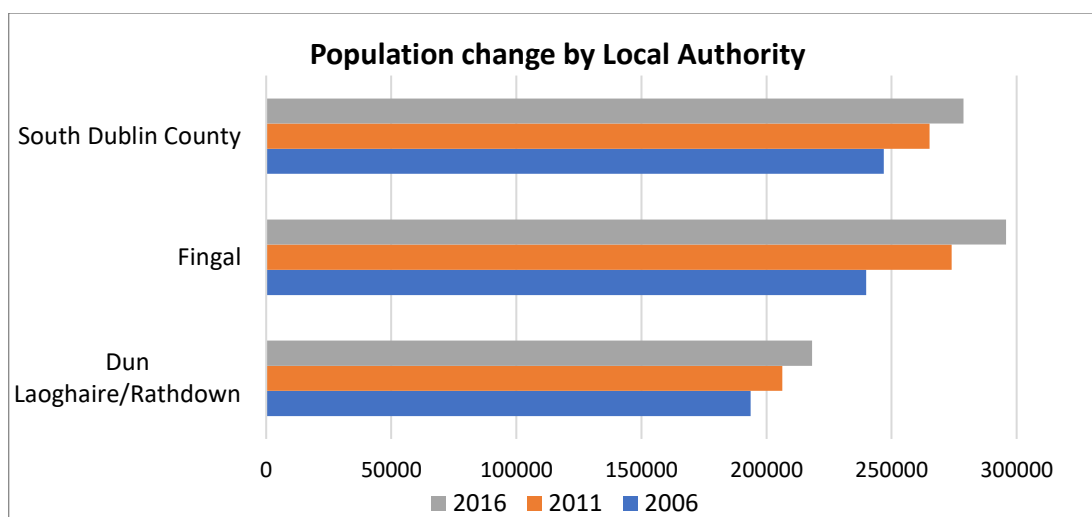


Figure 2 Population change by census 2006-2016 CSO

All three Local Authority areas display significant population growth since the 2006 Census with Fingal experiencing the greatest growth at 23%.

This growth in population is reflected in the age profile of the communities where 35% of the total population in the DDLETB are under 25 years of age (275,000) and 45% of those are under 10 years.

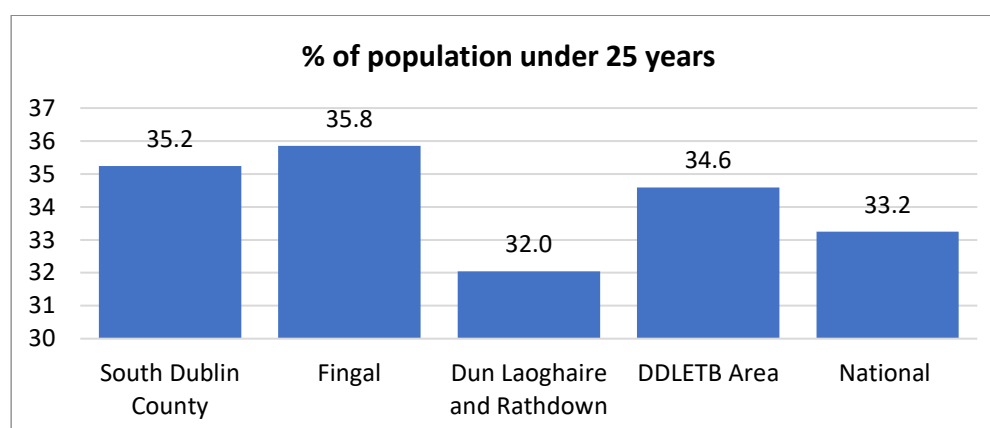


Figure 3 Population under 25 years various

Age %	State	DDLETB	Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown	Fingal	South Dublin
	4761865	792805	218018	296020	278767
18-24	392502	67691	22057	22505	23129
%	8	9	10	8	8
10 to 17	503426	83304	20240	32456	30608
%	11	11	9	11	11

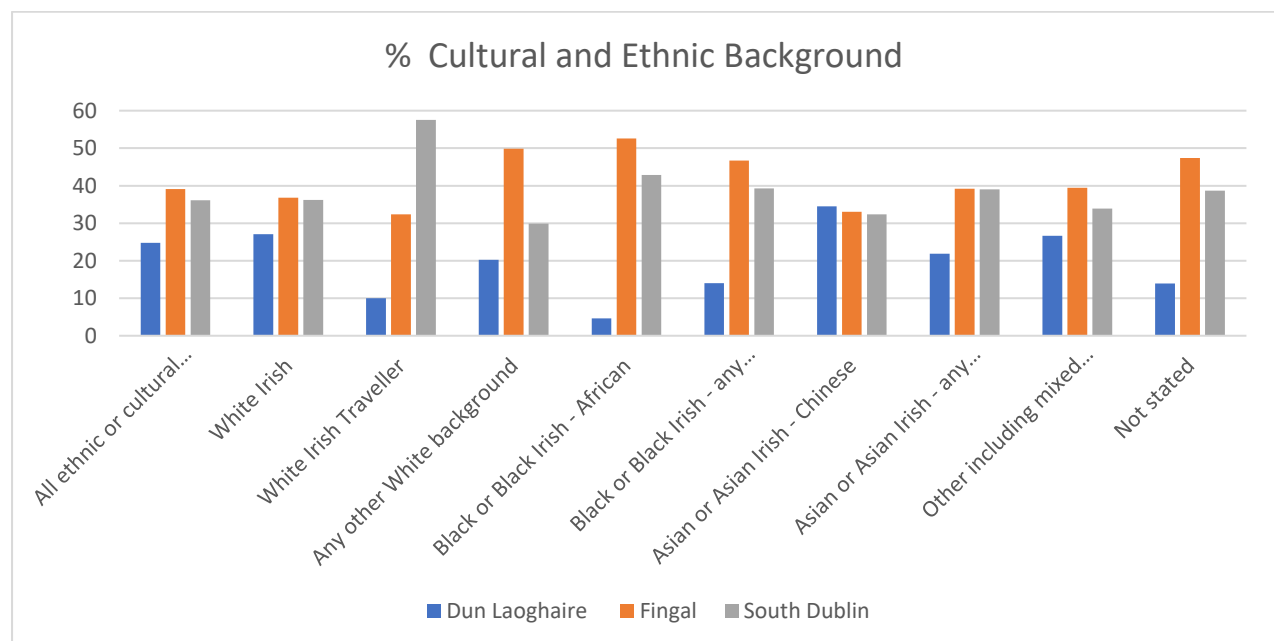
Table 1 Population by number and %

% of National 0 to 24 year olds by Ethnic and Cultural background that live in DDLETB

White Irish	White Irish Traveller	Any other White background	Black or Black Irish - African	Black or Black Irish - any other Black background	Asian or Asian Irish - Chinese	Asian or Asian Irish - any other Asian background	Other including mixed background	Not stated
15.8	13	20.4	37.5	23.2	30.8	32.3	24.5	19

The Cultural and Ethnic background of the 0-24 years olds in DDLETB is the most diverse in the country where almost 16% of all 0-24 years in the country live and where you look at cultural and ethnic background you have 37% of all Black or Black Irish African and 30% of all Asian or Asian Irish Chinese living in the area.

The chart below shows the distribution of 0-24 year olds in the DDLETB by Local Authority area and there are significant regional variations.



## General Health

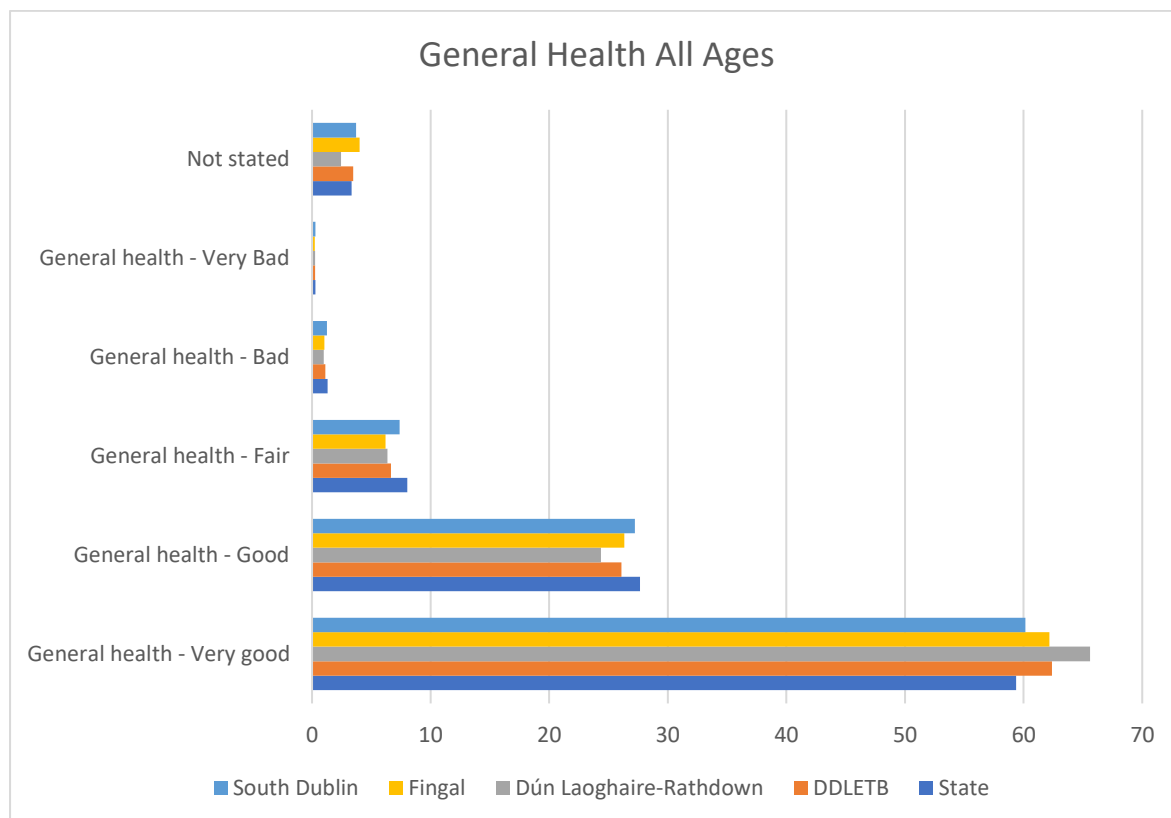


Figure 4 General Health Total Population CSO 2016

The general Health levels in the DDLETB area is higher in the Overall DDLETB area and also in each of it's sub areas. The Healthiest area is Dun Laoghaire Rathdown where 66% of the population regard their health as "Very Good"

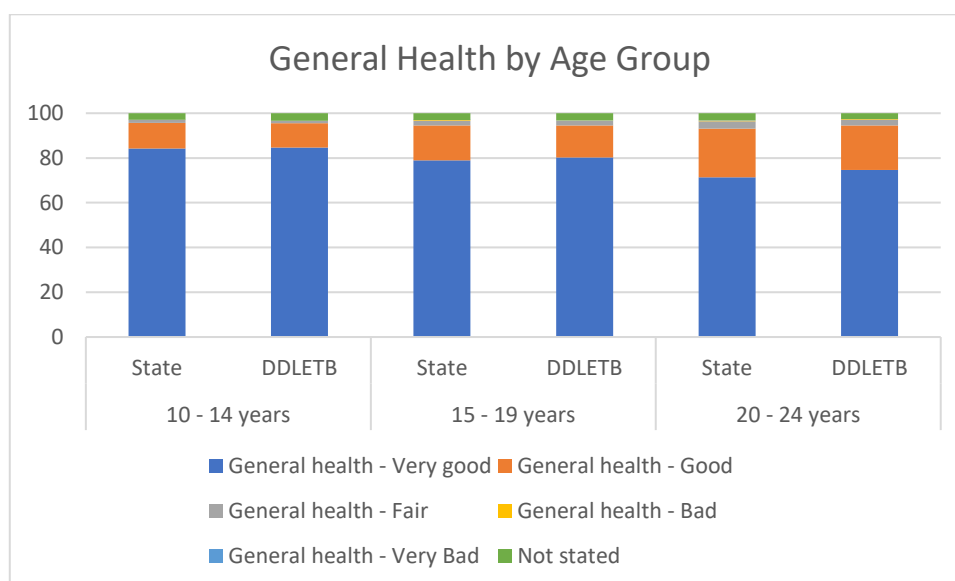
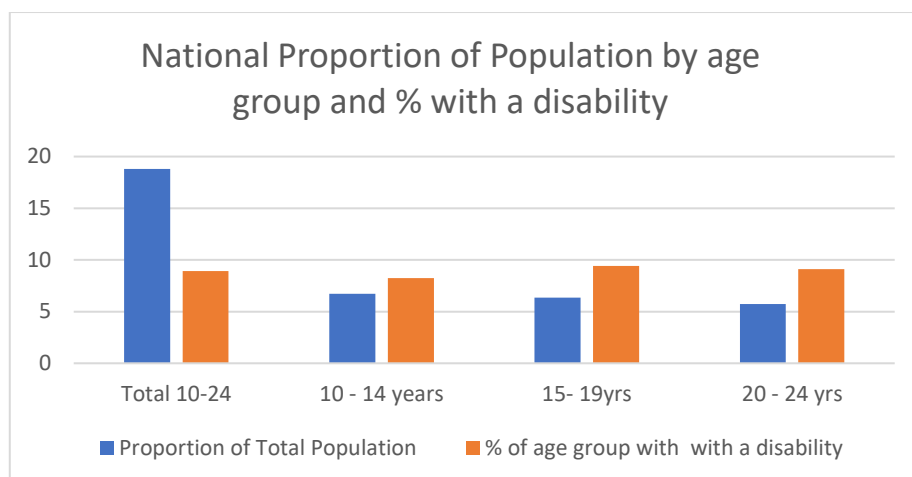


Figure 5 General Health by age group CSO 2016

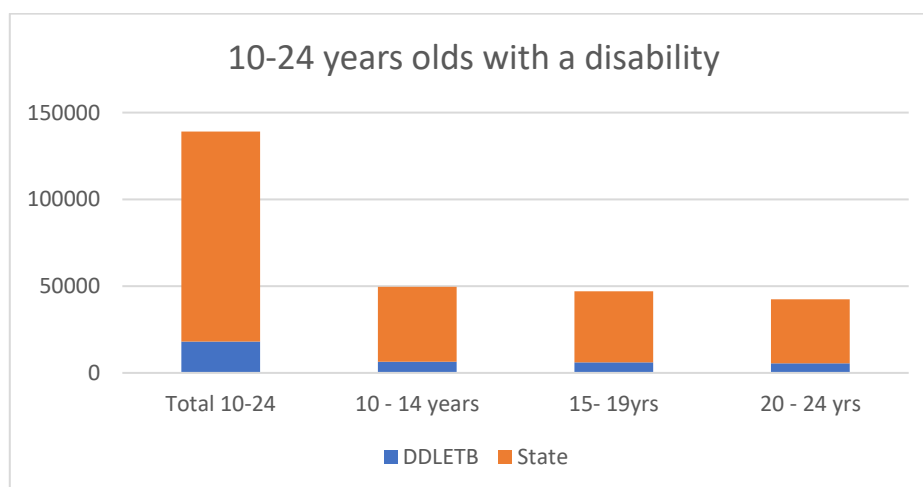
The perception of health by respondents in the DDLETB is slightly higher than the national score and as young people pass through adolescents into adulthood their perception of the health as Very Good decreases from 84 to 71 nationally while in DDLETB area from 85 to 75

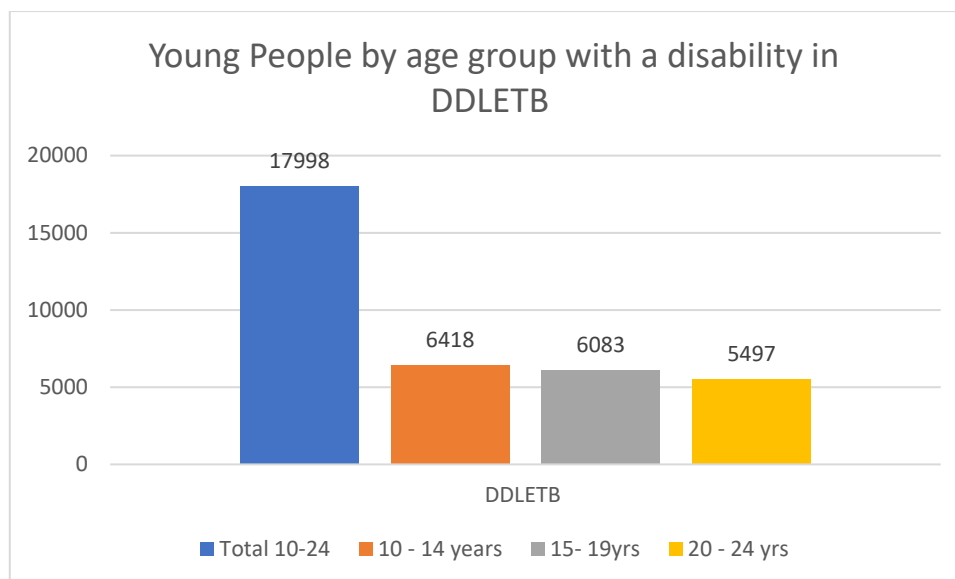
## Disability

The Census 2016 reports that nationally 9% of 10-24 age cohort have a disability while overall the 10-24 age group make up 19% of the total population.

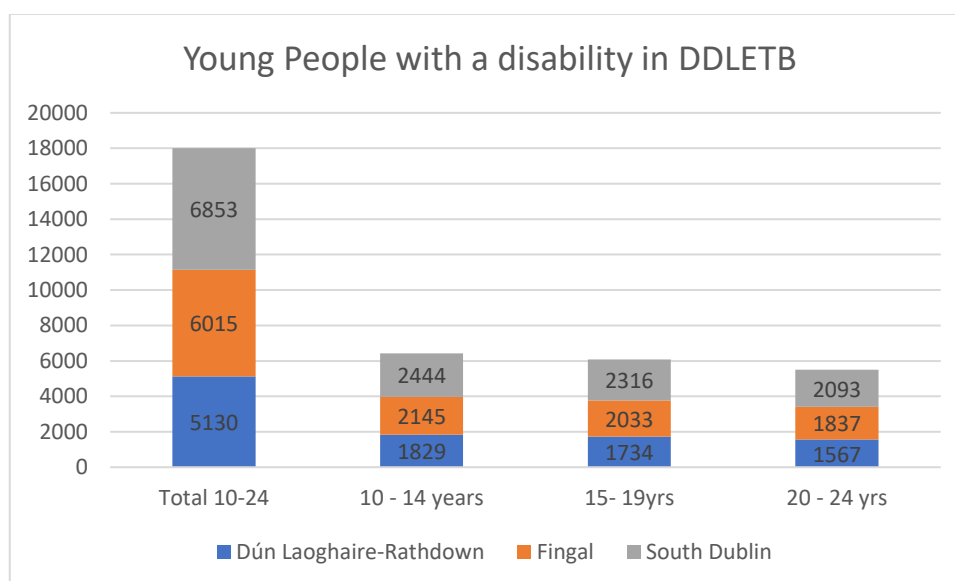


In numeric terms some 121003 people aged between 10-24 have a disability





There are almost 18,000 young people in the DDLETB area that have a disability that is evenly distributed across the age groups and by location.



## Nature of Disability

The following tables show that 28% of 10-14 year olds (1800) in the DDLETB area and 26% of 15-19 year olds (1580) have “difficulty in participating in other activities” and 25% of 10-14 and 31% of 15-19 year olds (1885) have a difficulty in attending school which indicate significant amount of isolation from peers and a social network outside of their immediate family.



%	Difficulty in going outside home alone	Difficulty in working or attending school/college	Difficulty in participating in other activities
10 - 14 years	22	25	28
15- 19 years	19	31	26
20 - 24 years	17	31	23

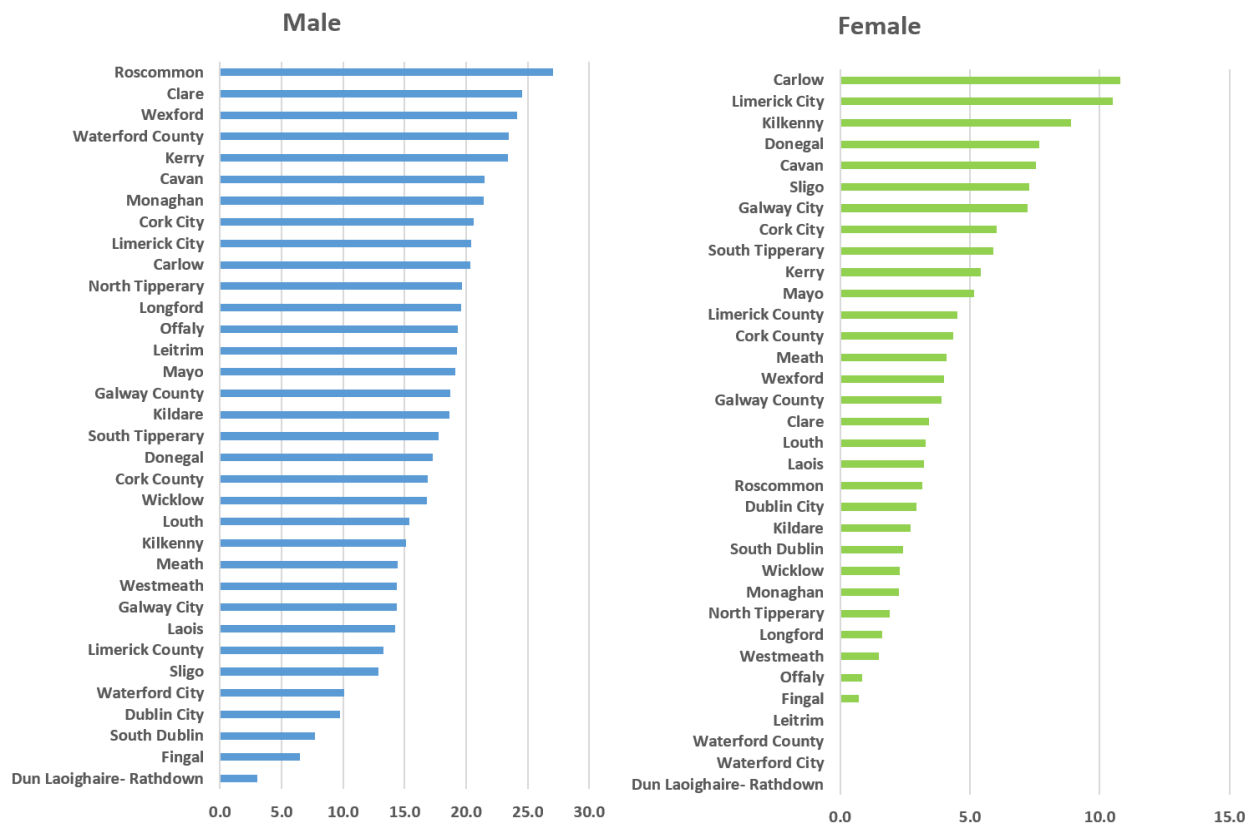
%	A condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities	An intellectual disability	Difficulty in learning, remembering or concentrating	Psychological or emotional condition
10 - 14	11	29	59	21
15- 19yrs	11	26	51	27
20 - 24 yrs	12	21	37	32

## Suicide and Self Harm

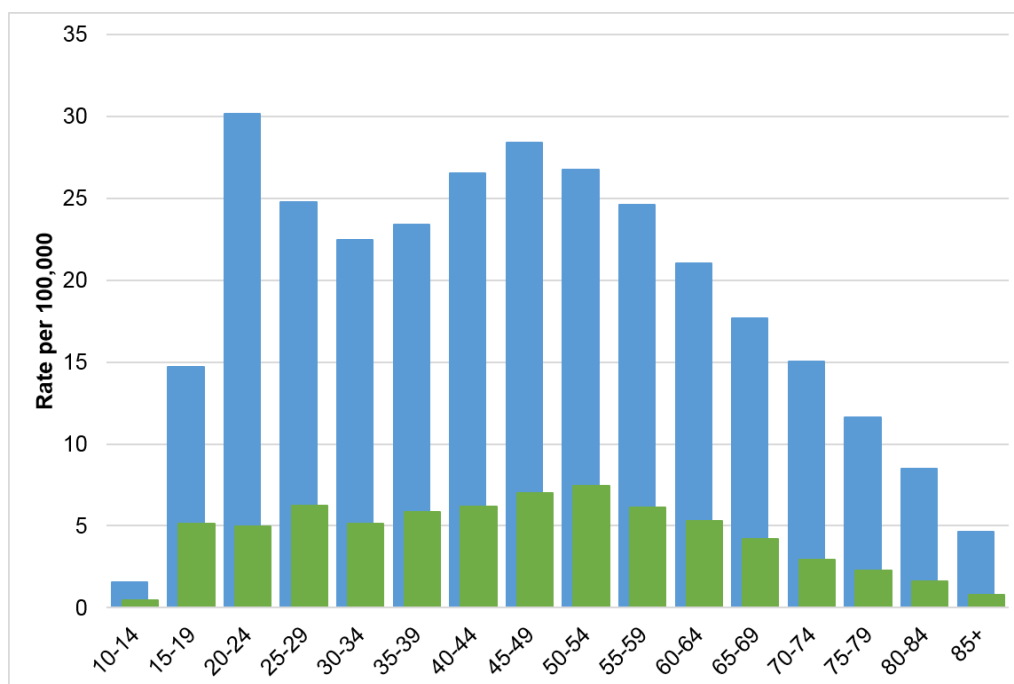
Poverty, depression, social exclusion, isolation and alcohol or drug abuse are among the most frequent reasons why people take their own lives. Men are four times more likely to kill themselves than women. And, within the Traveller community, the male suicide rate is seven times higher than in the general population. These dreadful figures have remained relatively stable,

In Ireland the rate of suicide have decreased between the census of 2011 and 2016 from 12.1 (9554) to 8.5 (399) per 100,000

National Suicide Research Foundation

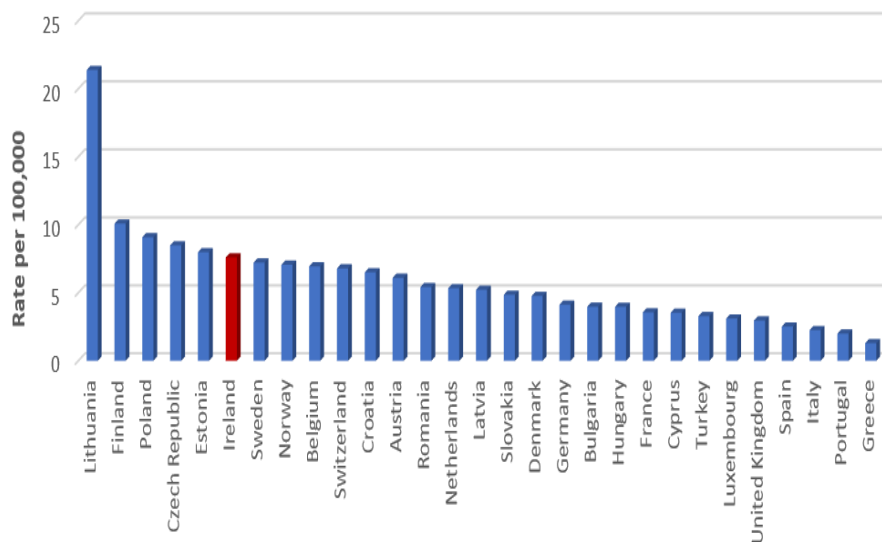


There is a marked difference in suicide figures in Ireland by gender and to a lesser extent by age group. Young males between 20—24 years have a suicide rate of 30 per 100,000 compared to females in the same age cohort of 4.5 per 100,000



	2017	Number of suicides			Suicide rate <sup>3</sup> all persons	
Area of residence	Total	Male	Female	2017	2016	2012
STATE	392	312	80	8.2	8.4	11.8
DDLETB	28	19	9			
South Dublin	11	7	4	4.9	3.1	5.6
Fingal	11	8	3	3.7	2.7	6.2
Dun Laoghaire Rathdown	6	4	2	2.1	0.5	7.8

Looking at figures in the EU Ireland suicide Rate of 10 per 100,000 is well below the average and in line with the Netherlands Germany and Norway but ahead of the UK and Spain however when you look at rate for suicide among 15-19 years Ireland moves significantly up the table .



Suicide rate per 100,000 for males and females aged 15 - 19 years, 2013

The table below outlines the total percentage of suicide that is made up by children and young people. Males are two and half times more likely to commit suicide in the 15 -24 age bracket and almost five times more likely in the 25- 34 age bracket than females.

Suicide	Total	Total		
Age Cohorts		5-14	15-24	25-34
<b>Totals</b>	392	1.0	15.3	18.6
<b>Male</b>		0.5	10.7	15.3
<b>Female</b>		0.5	4.6	3.3

Deaths registered classified by cause and age-group, 2017

## Self-Harm

The age-standardised rate of individuals presenting to hospital in the Republic of Ireland following self-harm in 2016 was 206 per 100,000. There is a clear pattern in the incidence of self-harm when examined by age and gender. The rate was highest among the young women. At 763 per 100,000, the peak rate for women is in the 15-19 year-olds age bracket. This rate implies that one in every 131 girls in this age group presented to hospital in 2016 as a consequence of self-harm. The peak rate for men was 516 per 100,000 among 20-24 year-olds or one in every 194 men.

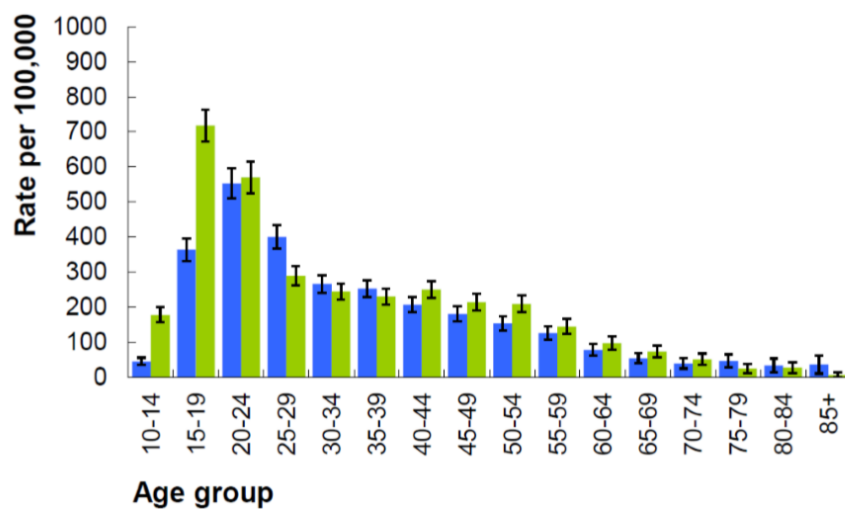
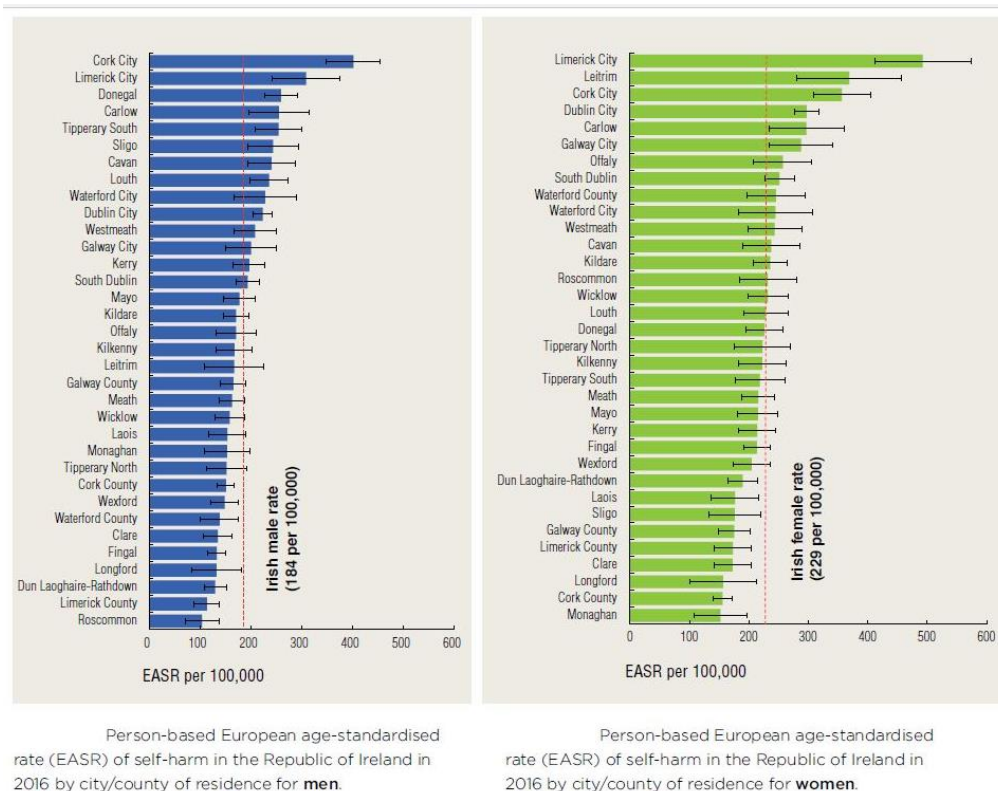


Table 2 Self Harm by age and gender 2016 National Suicide Research Foundation

The Local Authority areas of Dun Laoghaire & Rathdown and Fingal are below the average for males while South Dublin is slightly above the average and this mirrors the rates for females with South Dublin females slightly above the average.

Given the levels of population in the DDLETB area, numerically the DDLETB area indicates significant levels of self-harm among young people.



The use of drugs is by far the preferred method of self-harm at a 40% for young men and 55% for young women in the 15-19 year age cohort increasing by age to 60% for men over 50 years and 75% for women. Self-cutting is the next type self of self-harm with up to 20% of males and over 25% of female using this method of self-harm. Attempted hanging is almost exclusively a male method and primarily a method used by the younger cohort of under 24 year old. .

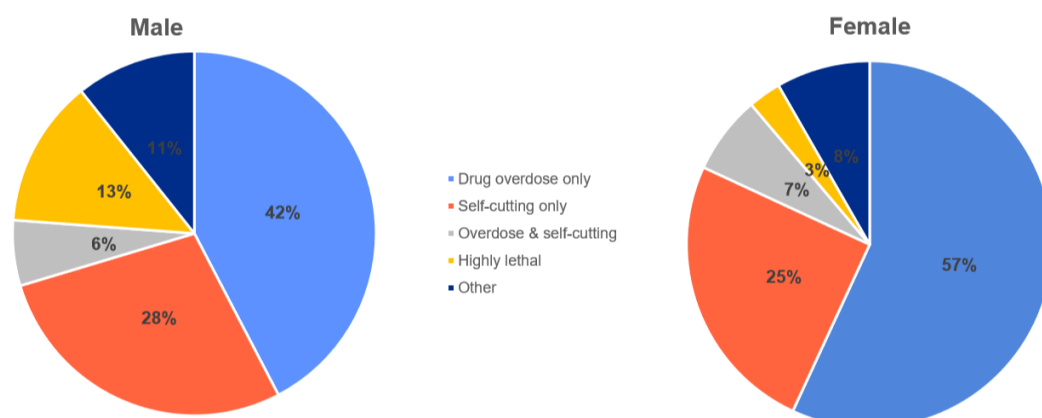
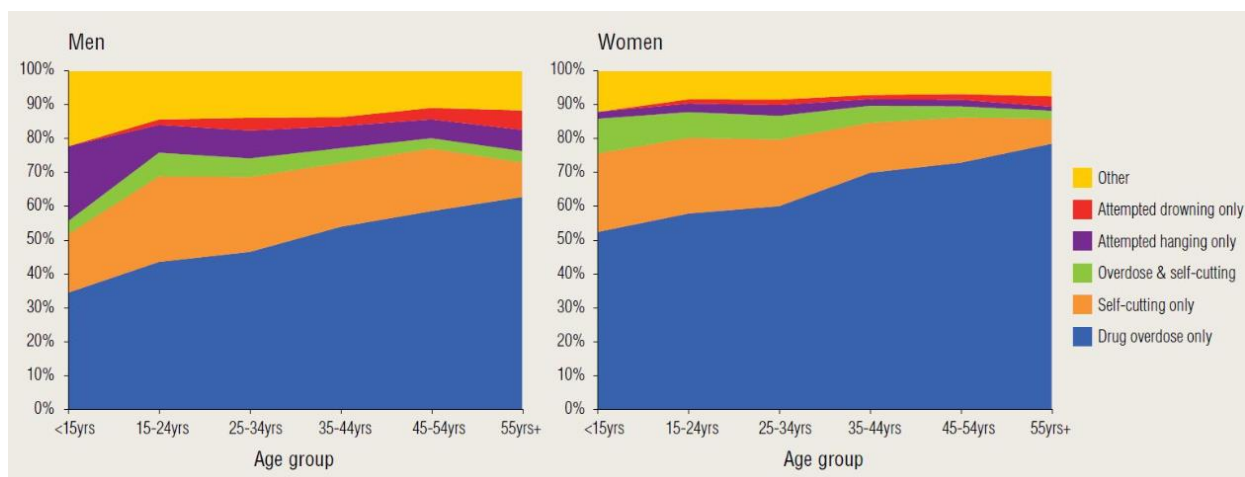


Table 3 Method of Self Harm among 10-17 years old 2015



The numbers below are a “crude” indication of potential at risk young people in the DDLETB area based on national figures.

Self Harm	10 years to 15		15 years to 19		19 years to 24	
	M	F	M	F	M	F
National	50	150	375	750	530	600
Total DDLETB	32311	31308	20383	19494	23981	23518
At Risk *	16	47	76	146	127	141

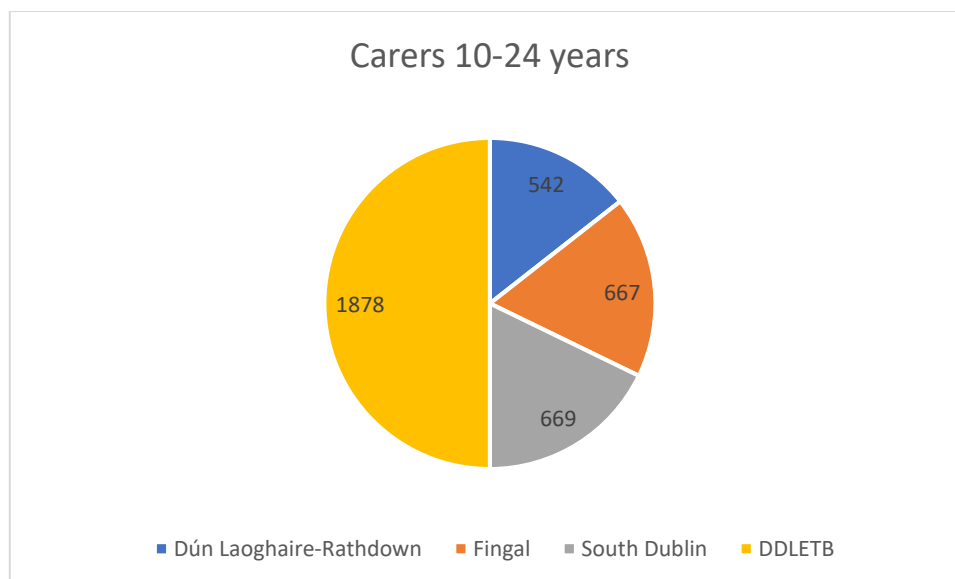
Table 4 Self Harm Statistics National Source National Suicide Research Foundation 2016

\*Crude self-harm rates are calculated by dividing the number of persons who engaged in self-harm (n) by the relevant population figure (p) and multiplying the result by 100,000 it's very difficult to interpret meaningful differences between regions or sub-groups when small numbers are involved, or to distinguish 'real' changes in rates year on year. Source National Suicide Research Foundation

## Carers

In the CSO Census 2016 there were over 12000 young people aged between 10 and 24 years who are carers. Young carers are children or young people under the age of 24, who care or help to care for somebody in their family with an illness, a disability, a mental health issue or who has an alcohol or other drug problem.

Young carers care for a parent, a sibling, a grandparent, or even other relatives and their role includes cleaning and cooking, helping cared for person to get around the house, help with medicines, keep them safe, shower or dress them.



*Figure 6 Youth Carers based on CSO figures 2016*

The hours spend by carers on a weekly basis was calculated in the 2016 Census and have been adjusted below to enumerate young carers in the DDLETB area below and hours pend.

	Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown	Fingal	South Dublin	DDLETB
Numbers	503	620	621	1744
Hours	32	37.6	40.7	36.8

*Table 5 Number of carers aged between 10-24 years*

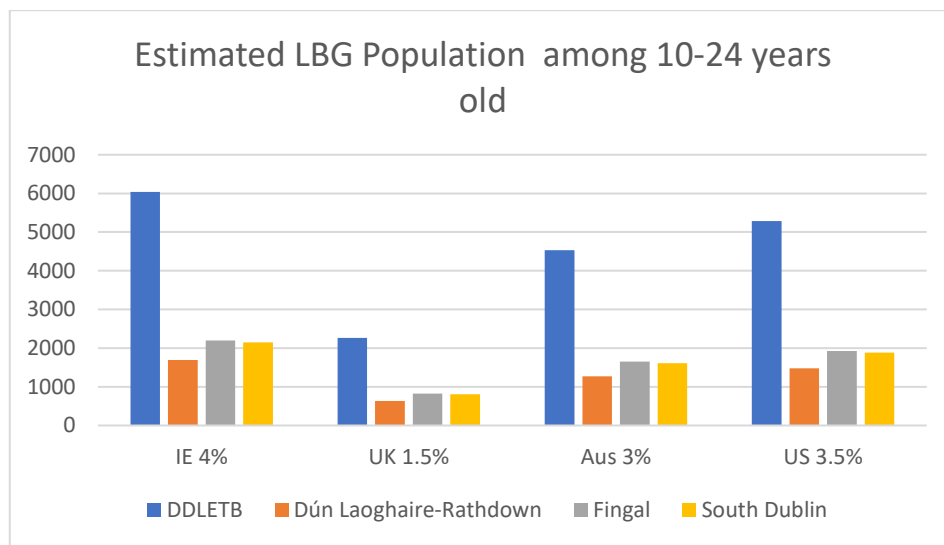
Half of the carers are aged between 10 and 19 years of age

### **Lesbian Gay and Bi-Sexual (LBG)**

A figure of 10 per cent for the proportion of homosexuals in the general population has persisted as a widely accepted guesstimate. This number made its way into the public consciousness on foot of the Kinsey reports based on research carried in the US in the late 1940s and early 1950s, in spite of Kinsey's methodology being strongly criticised generally it was also criticised for over-representing the gay and lesbian population.

More recent research suggests a lower %;

- In the UK, a benchmark study by its Office for National Statistics estimated that just 1.5 per cent of people were gay, lesbian or bisexual.
- In Australia a national sample put the figure at 3 per cent;
- In the US the most widely cited national poll in recent years indicates that homosexuality rates are 3.5 per cent.
- In Ireland the *Irish Times/Ipsos* MRBI Family Values poll (2015) asked people to describe their sexuality, one in 25 – or 4 per cent – of respondents described themselves as gay, lesbian or bisexual



The LGBT Ireland Report found that two-thirds of non-LGBTI youths have witnessed bullying of LGBTI students in their schools, and that 48% of LGBTI people have personally experienced anti-LGBTI bullying in school. 24% of LGBTI students either missed or skipped school due to negative LGBTI treatment, with approximately 5% quitting school before completion. The report also highlighted a correlation between LGBTI students who experience bullying in school and higher levels of depression, anxiety, stress, alcohol use, self-harm and suicide. The figure for bullying and harassment reported in third level environments is lower, at 15% of LGBTI students, and approximately 6% consider leaving college as a result of their experience of bullying and harassment.

Compared to the My World National Youth Mental Health Study (2012), LGBTI young people in the LGBT Ireland Report (2016) had:

- 2 times the level of self-harm
- 3 times the level of attempted suicide
- 4 times the level of severe/extremely severe stress, anxiety and depression

## Drugs and Young People

The Minister for Health has overall responsibility for Ireland's national drug strategy and is supported by a Minister of State with responsibility for Health Promotion and the National Drugs Strategy. The National Oversight Committee includes representatives from the statutory, community and voluntary sectors and benefits from the expertise of both a clinical and an academic representative. It is supported by a standing subcommittee chaired by a senior official at the Department of Health. It supports the implementation of the strategy, as well as promoting coordination between national, regional and local levels.

The Drugs Policy Unit at the Department of Health is responsible for providing objective and informed analysis and advice to the National Oversight Committee. At a sub-national level, local and regional Drug and Alcohol Task Forces are responsible for strategic and operational coordination in the implementation



of the strategy. The Health Research Board manages statistics and research for the National Oversight Committee.

## Prevalence and trends

The available data suggest that drug use has become more common among the adult general population aged 15-64 years in Ireland over recent years. Fewer than 2 in 10 adults reported use of any illicit drug during their lifetime in 2002-03, but this figure increased to approximately 3 in 10 in 2014-15. Similarly, “last year” and “last month” prevalence of use of any illicit drug has increased since the 2011 survey.

The most recent survey, in 2014-15, confirms that cannabis remains the most commonly used illicit drug, followed by MDMA/ecstasy and cocaine. Illicit drug use is more common among males and younger age groups. Among young adults (aged 15-34 years), the prevalence of last year cannabis use was stable between the 2006-07 and 2010-11 surveys, but it was found to have increased in the most recent study. Reported last year use of MDMA decreased between 2006-07 and 2010-11 but increased substantially in 2014-15; however, cocaine use has remained stable. In 2014-15, the reported prevalence of lifetime use of new psychoactive substance (NPS) among the adult general population aged 15-64 years was approximately 4 %. In contrast to trends observed for other illicit substances, data from the 2014-15 study demonstrate that the prevalence of NPS use in the Irish general population has decreased since the 2010-11 survey. Among young adults, last year prevalence decreased from 6.7 % in 2010-11 to 1.6 % in 2014-15.

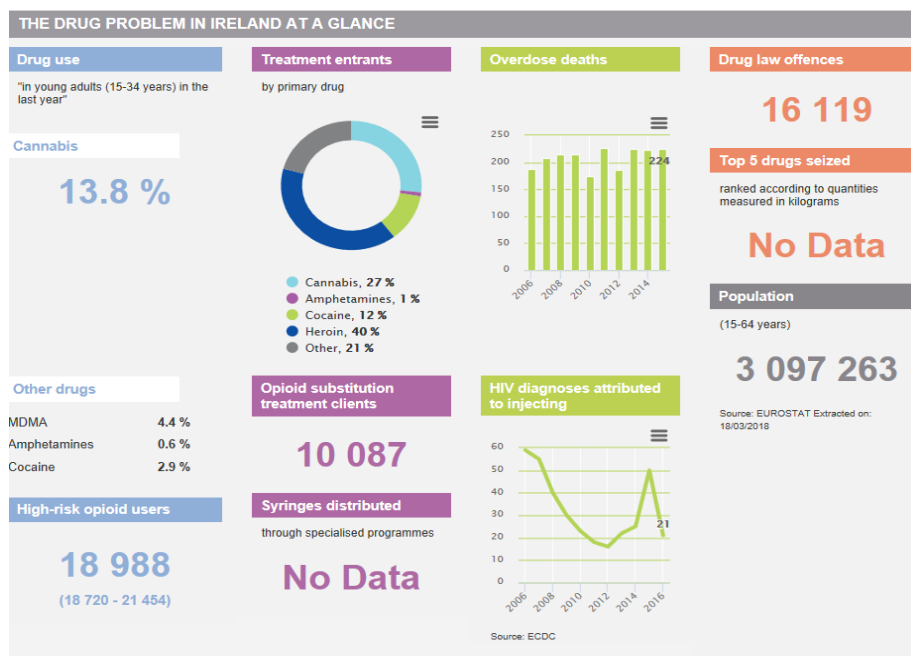
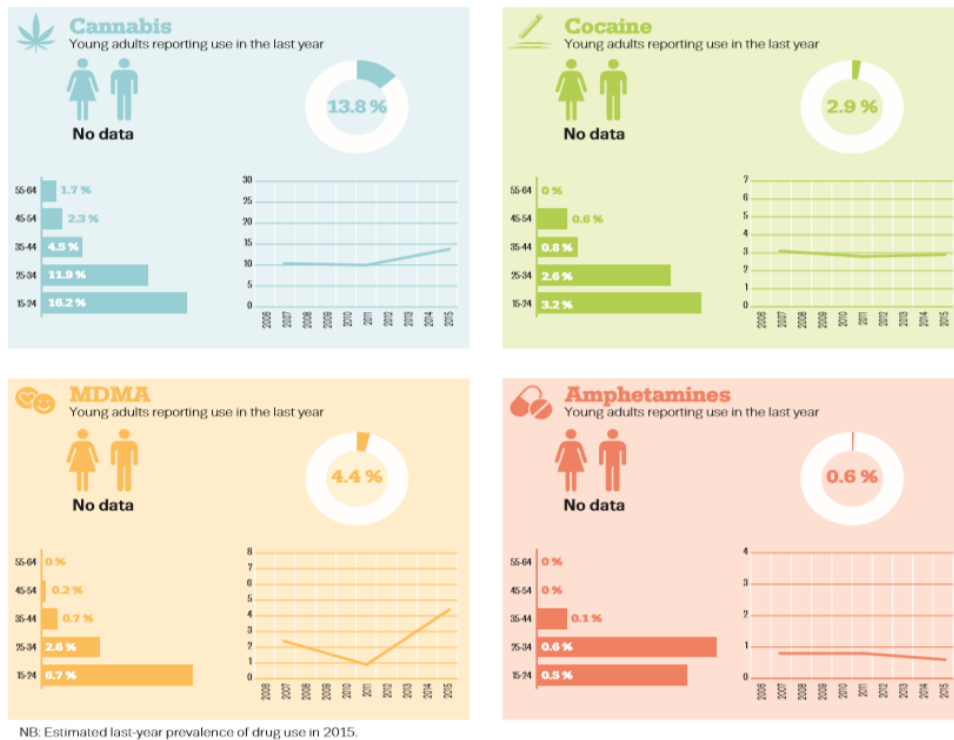
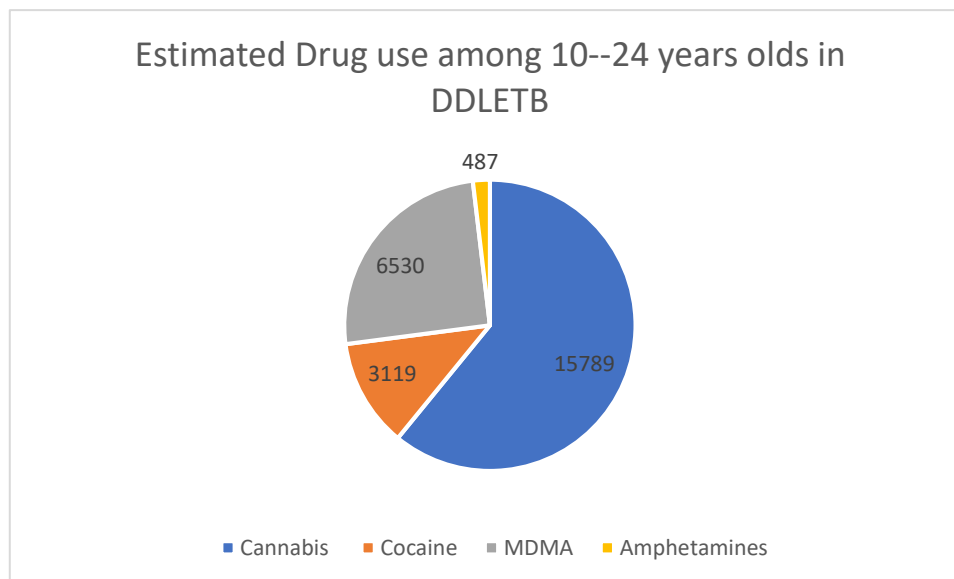


Table 6 Drugs Ireland 2018 EMDDA

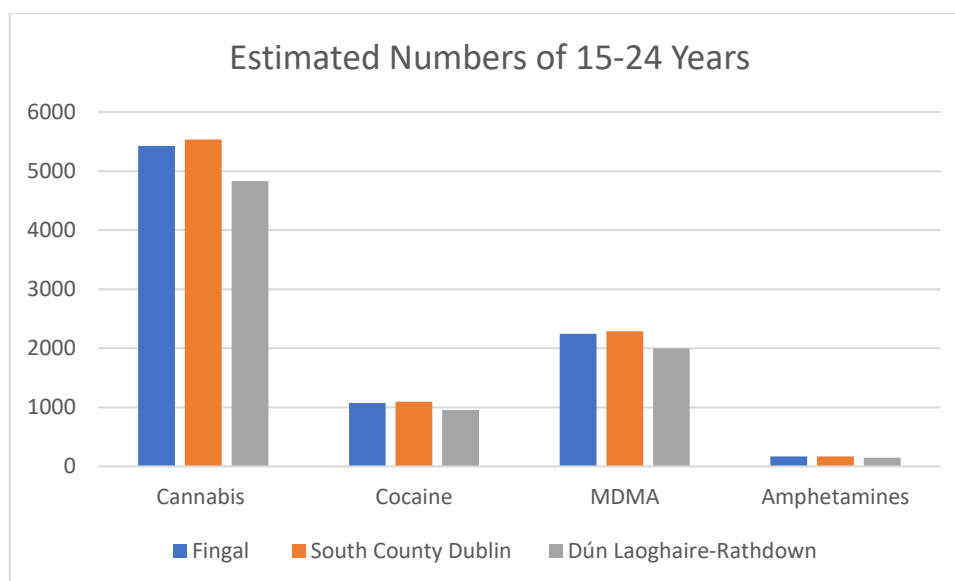


Source European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction, Ireland, Country Drug Report 2018



\* MDMA is a synthetic drug that acts as a stimulant and hallucinogen e.g. Ecstasy

The chart above is based on the prevalence rates identified in the EMCDDA report Cannabis is by far the drug type most used by the 1-25 age group/



Drug Type	Use in last year	State	DDLETB ETB	Fingal	South County Dublin	Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown
<b>Age Group 15-24</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>576452</b>	<b>97466</b>	<b>33507</b>	<b>34147</b>	<b>29812</b>
Cannabis	16.2	93385	15789	5428	5532	4830
Cocaine	3.2	18446	3119	1072	1093	954
MDMA*	6.7	38622	6530	2245	2288	1997
Amphetamines	0.5	2882	487	168	171	149

*Table 7 Drug used in the last year*

Differences by population groups; when individual population groups were compared to all other children, Traveller children, immigrant children and children with a disability and/or chronic illness were more likely to have taken cannabis in their lifetime

Of the 4256 overdose discharges recorded in hospitals in Ireland in 2014, approximately 16 % involved narcotic or hallucinogenic drugs. In the majority of these cases (524), opiates had been used, followed by cocaine (103 cases) and cannabis (57 cases).

The drug-induced mortality rate among adults (aged 15-64 years) was 71 deaths per million in 2014 , which is more than three times the most recent European average of 20.3 deaths per million.

## Crime

For the purpose of criminal law in Ireland a child is anyone under 18 years of age. As children are deemed vulnerable due to their age and level of maturity, the law has provided special provisions which protect the personal rights of child suspects while they are being detained in Garda stations.

Previous academic research conducted in the Children Court illustrated the key characteristics of many young offenders in the Irish criminal justice system. Children appearing before the Court were predominantly male (90%), lived in specific disadvantaged areas (81%) and did not live with both parents (71%). The majority of accused (86%) had no engagement with mainstream education. The presence of minority communities was significant. Of the young people studied 22.5% were from the Traveller or ethnic community. The most common offences were public order, petty theft offences and road traffic offences.

In 2014, the Courts Service reported that court orders were made in respect of 4,877 offences committed by children. This was a reduction of 9% from 2013. The most common offences were larceny and public order offences with 50% of all offences having been struck out or taken into consideration.

The Children Act 2001 formally established Ireland's Juvenile Diversion Programme. The aim of this programme is to prevent young offenders in Ireland from entering into the full criminal justice system by offering them a second chance. The intended outcome of the Programme is to divert young people from committing further offences. Where a young person comes to the notice of the Garda Síochána because of their criminal activity, they may be dealt with through the Diversion Programme.

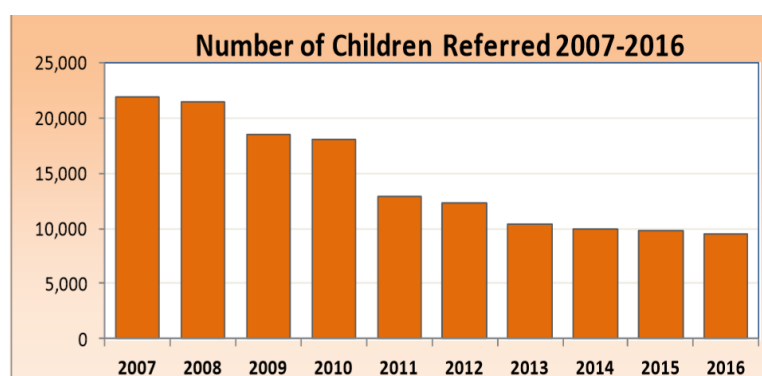


Figure 5 – Number of children referred 2007-2016 (Source: GSAS 2017)

The Diversion Programme facilitates young people who are under 17 years of age but can be extended to those under 18 years of age. Over the five-year period 2010–2014, the number of children referred to the Garda Diversion Programme decreased by 44.5%.

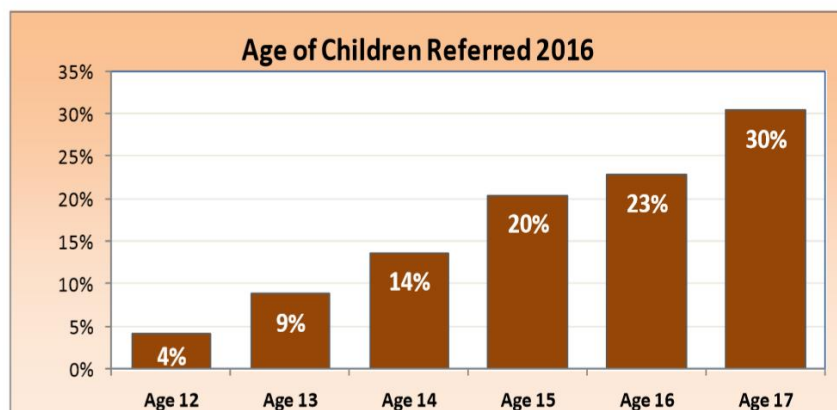


Figure 6 – Age of children referred in 2016 (% may not total 100% due to rounding) (Source: GSAS 2017)

Of the 2016 referral group 73% were aged between 15 and 17 years of age.

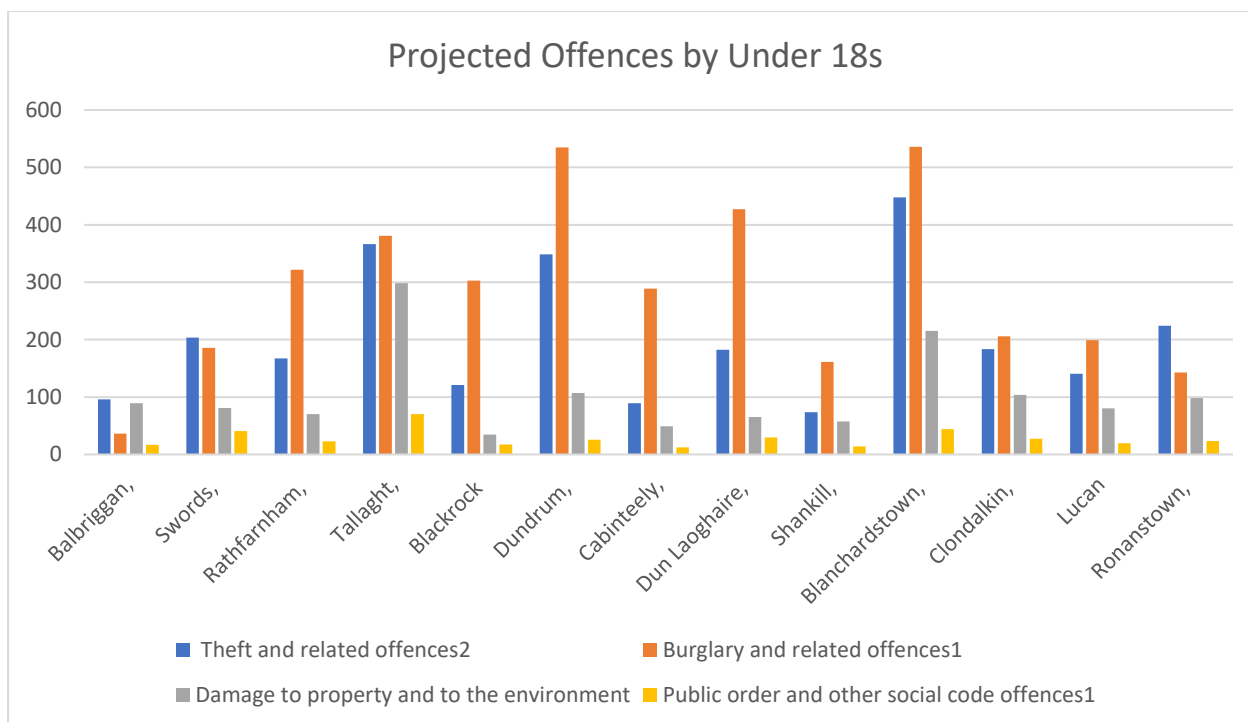
The following tables are based on the overall level of offences in 2016 by Garda Station and the proportion of those offences that were committed by under 18 year olds.

There are 7 types of offences broken down by station across the DDLETB area illustrating the first table focuses on the most common offences, the most frequent is burglary of which there are over 500 offences in Blanchardstown, and Dundrum with Tallaght and Dun Laoghaire garda stations having under 400 and just over 400 respectively. Balbriggan Ronanstown have the lowest levels of burglary in the DDLETB area.

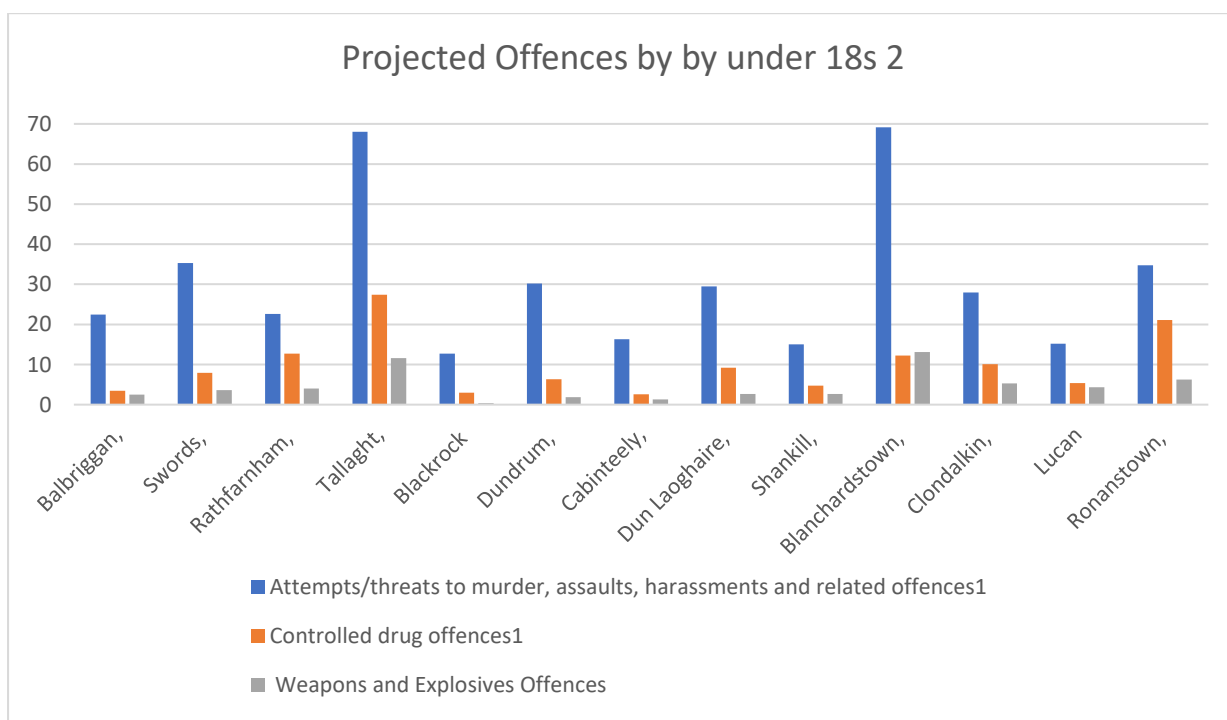
Theft, the second highest form of offence is lead out again by Blanchardstown and followed by Tallaght and Dundrum. Damage to property is significantly higher in Tallaght than the second station Blanchardstown 300 to 200 offences.

The Offence type in the right column in the table below goes some way to explain the type of offences for example 62% of all Weapons and Explosive Offences for under 18 refer to fireworks and 15% for possession of a firearm.

Offence	Type and volume of offences for under 18s
Theft and related offences <sup>2</sup>	23% shoplifting, 49% stealing a car, 39% stealing a bike
Burglary and related offences <sup>1</sup>	21% aggravated burglary
Public order and other social code offences <sup>1</sup>	39% trespass
Attempts/threats to murder, assaults, harassments and related offences <sup>1</sup>	20% minor assault, 21% resisting arrest, 19% assault causing harm
Dangerous or negligent acts <sup>1</sup>	46% of these are made up "endangering Traffic Offences
Robbery, extortion and hijacking offences <sup>1</sup>	49% robbery from the person
Weapons and Explosives Offences	62% of these are for Fireworks, 17% for possession of a non firearm offensive weapon and 15% for possession of a firearm



The second group of offences are assault, drugs and weapons and explosives. Tallaght and Blanchardstown are the stand out stations for assaults and Drug Offences although relatively small in numbers are focussed in the Tallaght and Ronanstown stations



- Young adults aged 18-24 are disproportionately represented in the prison population: 29% of prison population compared with 9% of general population;
- Young adults aged 18-24s have highest rates of reoffending on release from prison (68% compared with 53%)

Committed to prison 2017			
	State	Dublin	Dublin
Total Pop	7484	2490	33%
18 to 24	1714	570	29%

## CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE IN CARE

The number of children in the care of Tusla, the Child and Family Agency increased in 2016 by approximately 9% on the 2015 figures. In 2016, local offices received 47,399 child protection and welfare referrals – an average of 130 a day. This figure equates to about four for every 100 children under 18 years living in Ireland (Census 2016). More than one referral can be received in relation to a child and as a result the number of children involved is likely to be fewer than the number of referrals. The most common source of referrals in 2016 was An Garda Síochána, accounting for one in four (25%; 11,776)

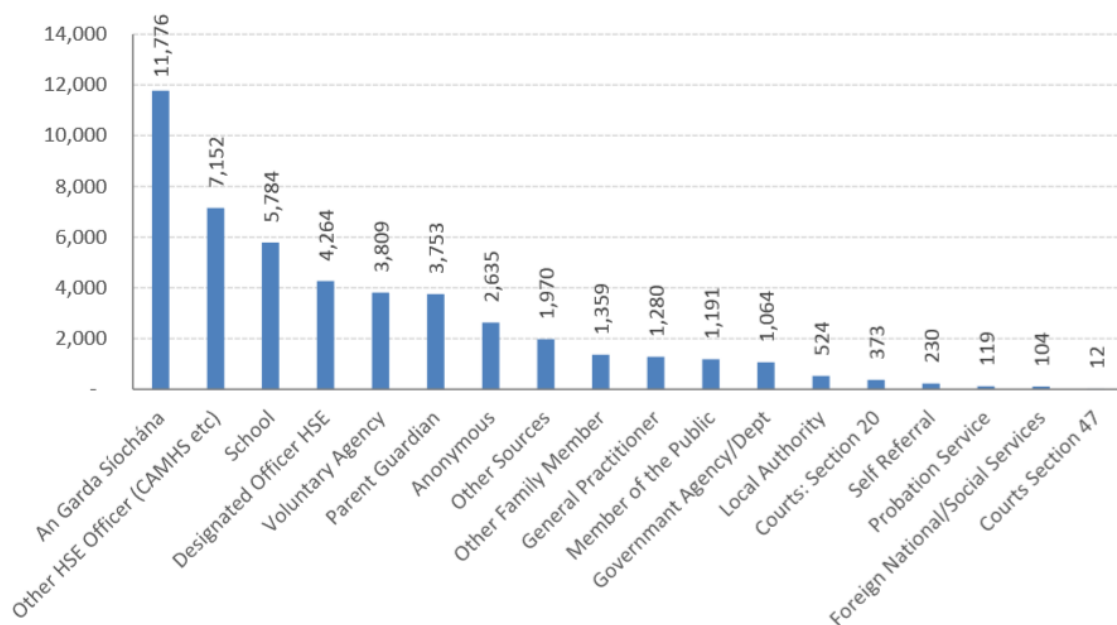


Figure 7 Source of referrals to Child Protection and Welfare Services 2016 Source Tusla Quarterly data returns

Sixty per cent (28,312) of referrals for 2016 were for welfare concerns, while the remaining 40% (19,087) were for child protection concerns, where there were grounds to believe that there was a risk of physical, sexual or emotional abuse or neglect.

The most common type of abuse reported is emotional abuse accounting for more than one in three (36%; 6,871) child protection referrals in 2016. This was followed neglect accounting for one in four (25%; 4,724) referrals and physical abuse accounting for just under one in four (23%; 4,450) referrals. Sexual abuse was the least common type of abuse reported, comprising 16% (3,042) of referrals.

The number of referrals varies widely across the 17 areas and ranged from 5,908 in the Cork area to 771 in the Sligo/Leitrim/West Cavan area. The rate of referrals per 1,000 population under 18 years ranged from 68 per 1,000 population in the Midlands area to 22 per 1,000 population in the Donegal area.

Area	0-17 years population	Referrals 2016	Rate/1,000 population
Dublin South Central	65,564	1,729	26
Dublin South East / Wicklow	86,810	2,016	23
DSW/K/WW	108,186	3,087	29
Midlands	80,193	5,435	68
Dublin North City	44,927	2,739	61
Dublin North	100,654	4,324	43
Louth / Meath	93,093	3,095	33
Cavan / Monaghan	36,446	1,026	28
Cork	134,015	5,908	44
Kerry	34,527	1,157	34
Carlow / Kilkenny / St. Tipperary	63,009	2,915	46
Waterford / Wexford	68,513	4,006	58
Midwest	96,266	4,157	43
Galway / Roscommon	79,912	3,253	41
Mayo	31,968	859	27
Donegal	42,865	922	22
Sligo /Leitrim / West Cavan	23,554	771	33
<b>National</b>	<b>1,190,502</b>	<b>47,399</b>	<b>40</b>

Table 8 Number and rate of referrals by area 2016

)	Dublin Total	Dublin South Central	Dublin South East Wicklow	Dublin South West Kildare West Wicklow	Dublin City North	Dublin North	National Total	Dublin as a % Of National
<b>Physical Abuse</b>	<b>1,652</b>	276	158	282	237	699	<b>4,942</b>	33
<b>Emotional Abuse</b>	<b>2,030</b>	509	214	75	167	1,065	<b>7,615</b>	27
<b>Sexual Abuse</b>	<b>720</b>	122	81	134	102	281	<b>3,170</b>	23
<b>Neglect</b>	<b>1,691</b>	549	140	153	259	590	<b>4,810</b>	35



<b>Total</b>	<b>6,093</b>	1,456	593	644	765	2,635	<b>20,537</b>	30
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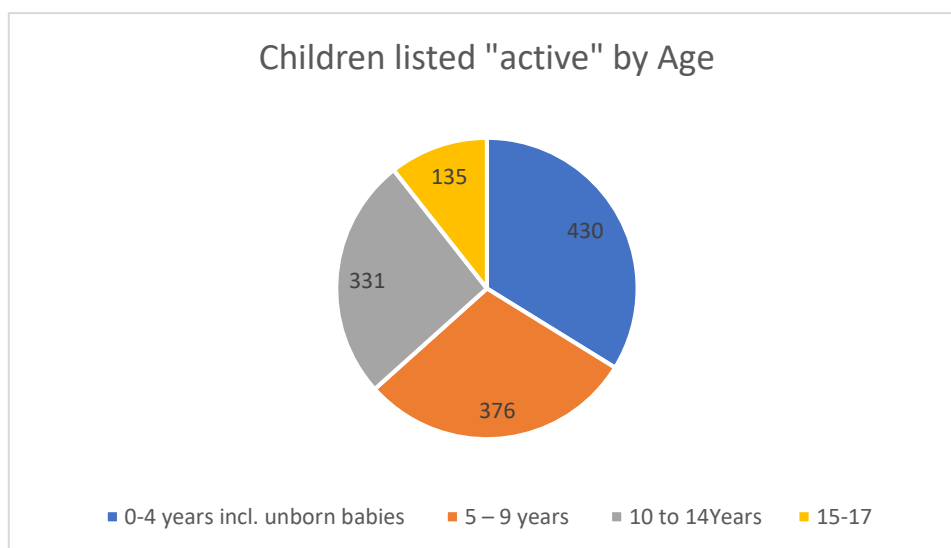
Tusla Performance and Activity Data 2017: Referrals and Assessments: Child Protection(Abuse)

The Tusla administrative boundaries do not correspond with the administrative boundaries of the Local Authorities or ETBs however, it can be asserted that;

- Dublin North does coincide with Fingal however, it also includes high population areas of Darndale, Raheny Donaghmede, Kilmore and Coolock.
- Dublin South East Wicklow corresponds with Dun Laoghaire Rathdown.
- Dublin South Central includes Clondalkin, Ronanstown and part of Tallaght
- Dublin South West includes Kilmananagh, Jobstown Oldbawn and Firhouse

Age Group	Number	%
0-4 years incl. unborn babies	430	34%
5 – 9 years	376	30%
10 to 14Years	331	26%
15-17	135	11%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,272</b>	<b>100%</b>

Children listed as active by age, Dec 2016



- 33% of Active cases are young people between 10 -17 years
- 59% of children in care are aged between 10 - 17 year
- At the end of December 2016, there were 1,880 young adults (all ages 18 years upwards) in receipt of aftercare services; 45 (2%) more than 2015 (n=1,835).

- In terms of the 18-22 years old cohort in receipt of aftercare services (n=1,806) 27% (n=485) moved to living independently while 46% (46%; 837), almost one in two, remained living with their carers, implying that they continue to experience caring relationships and stable living arrangements
- There are between 4000 and 5000 referrals and assessments to Tusla in the DDLETB area and of these it is reasonable to guesstimate that 1700 of these children and young people are aged between 10 and 17 years.

#### Definition of Abuse

**Neglect** occurs when a child does not receive adequate care or supervision to the extent that the child is harmed physically or developmentally. It is generally defined in terms of an omission of care, where a child's health, development or welfare is impaired by being deprived of food, clothing, warmth, hygiene, medical care, intellectual stimulation or supervision and safety. Neglect is associated with poverty but not necessarily caused by it. It is strongly linked to parental substance misuse, domestic violence, and parental mental illness and disability.

**Emotional abuse** is the systematic emotional or psychological ill-treatment of a child as part of the overall relationship between a caregiver and a child. Once-off and occasional difficulties between a parent/carer and child are not considered emotional abuse. Abuse occurs when a child's basic need for attention, affection, approval, consistency and security are not met, due to incapacity or indifference from their parent or caregiver.

**Physical abuse** is when someone deliberately hurts a child physically or puts them at risk of being physically hurt. It may occur as a single incident or as a pattern of incidents. A reasonable concern exists where the child's health and/ or development is, may be, or has been damaged as a result of suspected physical abuse.

**Sexual abuse** occurs when a child is used by another person for his or her gratification or arousal, or for that of others. It includes the child being involved in sexual acts (masturbation, fondling, oral or penetrative sex) or exposing the child to sexual activity directly or through pornography.

*Tusla*

## Social Welfare

The social welfare system in Ireland is divided into three main types of payments. These are:

- Social insurance payments; these payments are based on employment contributions.

- Means-tested payments; are designed for recipients who don't have enough social insurance contributions.
- Universal payments; are paid regardless of social insurance contributions and are not means tested.

The following tables show the extent of the entitlement to some of the family support welfare payments made nationally and within the DDLETB area.

<b>Social Welfare</b>	<b>State</b>	<b>DDLETB</b>	<b>%</b>
Child Benefit	624670	93877	15
CB Children	1197866	184603	15
Back to School	151579	21771	14
FIS	57745	7565	13

*Source Annual Social Welfare Services Statistical Report 2017*

Child Benefit is a universal payment payable to the parents or guardians of children under 16 years of age or up to 18 years of age if they are in full-time education, full-time training or have a disability and cannot support themselves.

The Back to Education Allowance (BETA) can support people getting a social welfare payment to access second-level and third-level education and limited post-graduate courses. The Back to Education Allowance is paid for the duration of course and you must be over 21 and in receipt of Social Welfare payment.

Family Income Supplement (FIS) now known as the Working Family Payment (WFP) is a weekly tax-free payment available to employees on low pay with dependent children.

13% of the National Family Incomes Supplement is expended in the DDLETB area.

Back to education	Female	Male	Total	Dublin	DDLETB
Under 24	1119	1302	2421	581	372
Total	4963	5953	10916	2620	
% Under 24	23	22	22	24	

*Source Annual Social Welfare Services Statistical Report 2017*

The table above shows that there were 93877 recipients of Child Benefit payments in DDLETB during 2017 for 184603 children. A total of 7565 families in the DDLETB area earn so little in full time employment that receive Family Income Supplement (FIS) in 2017 approximately 13% of the national number of recipients

There were 21771 recipients of the Back to School Clothing and Footwear Allowance which is an indicator of Low Income Households. Households are eligible for this payment if they are already in receipt of another Social Welfare benefit payment or taking part in a Labour Market Activation Programme/Adult Education.

The Community Employment (CE) programme is designed to help people who are long-term unemployed (or otherwise disadvantaged) to get back to work by offering part-time and temporary placements in jobs based within local communities. To receive CE a person must be over 21 years of age and in receipt of social welfare allowance for over 12 months.

Community Employment	Female	Male	Total	Dublin	DDLETB
Under 24	576	442	1018	216	138
Total	9200	12632	21832	4623	2959
% Under 24	6	3	5	21	14

*Source Annual Social Welfare Services Statistical Report 2017*

## Poverty

The first national anti poverty strategy was introduced in the late 199's in Ireland and recognised that economic growth alone will not address the structural issues that underpin and perpetuate poverty in Ireland. A number of indicators to measure the nature and extent of poverty and at risk groups across all aspects of society were generated in Ireland drawing on similar indicators across the EU.

In the early 1990s, 34 % of the population lived below the poverty line. The next worst performer was Spain at 21 %, followed by the Netherlands. In 2016, the rate of relative income poverty was 16.5 % in Ireland. In numeric terms, the number of people living in poverty decreased from 1.4 m (total pop 3.7m) to the current figure of 800,000 (total pop 4.7m) people living in poverty.

The Survey on Income and Living Conditions (SILC) in Ireland is a household survey that addresses poverty covering a broad range of issues. It is the official source of data on household and individual income and provides a number of key national poverty indicators, such as the "at risk of poverty" rate, the "consistent poverty" rate and rates of enforced deprivation.

### Deprivation Rate

Households that are excluded and marginalised from consuming goods and services which are considered the norm for other people in society, due to an inability to afford them, are considered to be deprived. The identification of the marginalised or deprived is currently achieved on the basis of a set of eleven basic deprivation indicators;

1. Two pairs of strong shoes
2. A warm waterproof overcoat
3. Buy new not second hand clothes
4. Eat meat, chicken, fish or a vegetarian equivalent every second day
5. Have a roast joint or its equivalent once a week
6. Had to go without heating during the last year through lack of money
7. Keep the home adequately warm
8. Buy presents for family or friends at least once a year
9. Replace any worn out furniture
10. Have family or friends for a drink or meal once a month
11. Have a morning, afternoon or evening out in the last fortnight for entertainment.

“At Risk of Poverty” is population with an equivalised income below a given percentage (usually 60%) of the national median income.

In 2016, the ‘at risk of poverty’ rate was 16.5% compared to 16.9% in 2015.

The analysis by socio-demographic characteristics showed that those most at risk of poverty in 2016 were those living in households where there was no person at work (42.1%) and those individuals who were unemployed (41.9%). The ‘at risk of poverty’ rate for households with one adult and one or more children aged under 18 was 40.2%

An individual is defined as being in ‘consistent poverty’ if they are Identified as being at risk of poverty and Living in a household deprived of two or more of the eleven basic deprivation items listed above

In 2014, 11.2% of children experienced consistent poverty. The consistent poverty rate in 2016 was 8.3%

Further analysis of consistent poverty rates by household composition shows that individuals living in households where there was one adult and one or more children aged under 18 had the highest consistent poverty rate at 24.6%. The consistent poverty rate was lowest for individuals living in households where there were two adults, at least one of whom was aged 65 or over and where there were no children (1.7%).

## Deprivation Index

The following charts are based on the Deprivation Score for the DDLETB .The Deprivation Score index provides a method of measuring the relative affluence or disadvantage of a particular geographical areas using data compiled from various censuses.

The score is given to the area based on a national average of zero and ranging from most disadvantaged (-40) to most affluent (+40) The particular measures that make up the overall score include the following categories:

Population Change  
 Age Dependency Ratio  
 Single Parent Ratio  
 Primary Education Only  
 Third Level Education  
 Unemployment Rate (male and female)  
 Proportion living in Local Authority Rented Housing

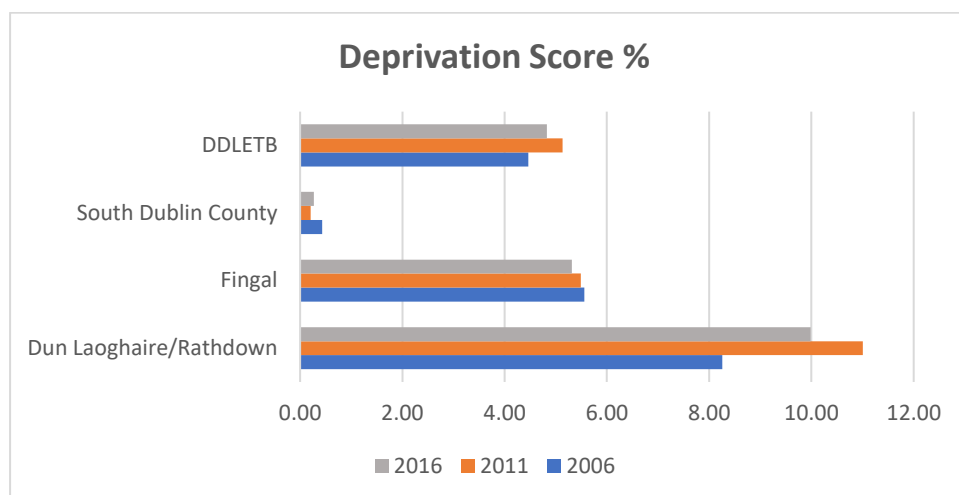


Figure 8 Deprivation Index score by Local Authority

The Deprivation Index Score for the three Local Authorities tells a mixed story. South County has experienced a moderate decline on its zero score, Fingal also displays a deteriorating score albeit in the positive realm of 5-6 score. Dun Laoghaire/Rathdown is the only area that has shown an improvement in the last decade although it has experienced a downturn of one point between 2011 and 2016.

This deprivation spread in the DDLETB service area is most graphically demonstrated in the graph below display the EDs with the Highest and Lowest scores aligned showing a difference some 36% .

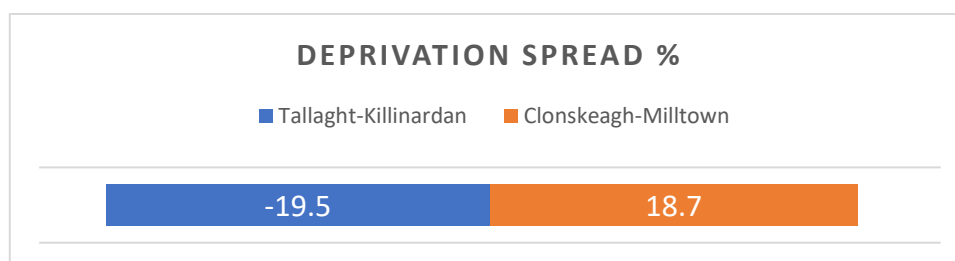


Figure 9 DS score range in DDLETB area

Looking at a range of 36%

	Total EDs	Negative DS	Positive DS
ED DDLETB	160	37	123
Dun Laoghaire	68	6	62
Fingal	39	7	32
Dublin South	53	24	29

Table 9 DDLETB Deprivation by ED

Slightly over 21% of all EDs in the DDLETB service area have a negative Deprivation Score covering a population of 192,000 or 24% of the National population .

	Total Eds	Negative DS	Population
Ed DDLETB	160	21%	192,079
Dun Laoghaire	68	9%	17,408
Fingal	39	18%	49,445
Dublin South	53	45%	125,226

Small Areas are designed as the lowest level of geography for the compilation of statistics in line with data protection guidelines and typically contain between 50 and 200 dwellings. EDs Electoral Divisions are the smallest legally defined administrative areas in the state.

#### Small Areas Population statistics (SAPs) SAP

	Total SAP	Negative DS	Positive DS
SAP DDLETB	2604	710	1894
Dun Laoghaire	747	84	663
Fingal	934	202	732
Dublin South	926	424	502

Table 10 DDLETB Deprivation by SAP

	Total SAP	Negative DS	Population
SAP DDLETB	2604	27%	213,130
Dun Laoghaire	747	11%	25,162
Fingal	934	22%	62,090
Dublin South	926	46%	125,878

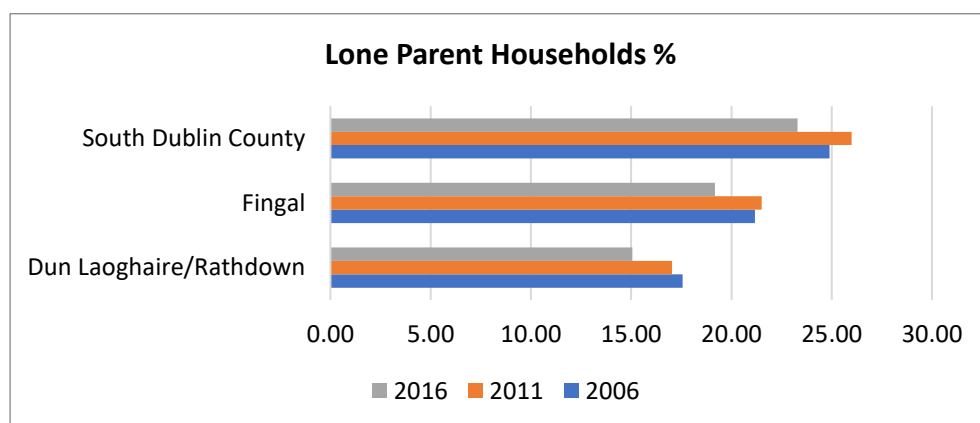
About 30% of poor households in Dun Laoghaire Rathdown are hidden in the ED data it is only when the ED data is opened into SAP data sets that an additional 8350 people are found to be living in areas below the national average. Similarly for Fingal almost 12,000 additional persons are shown to live in areas below

the national average where as in Dublin South the number of household in below average areas is so extensive that the Eds data and the SAPs data are aligned.

There are an additional 140 SAPS in the DETB area that are on or slightly above the Zero score which bring the number of negative or slightly above zero to 33% of all SAP in the DLETB Service area.

The following graphs look at some of the individual elements that make up the overall Deprivation Scores, Lone Parent Households, School Retention, Unemployment Levels and Housing Tenure.

### Lone Parent Households



*Figure 10 % of Lone Parent Households by Local Authority 2016 CSO*

Lone Parent households represent one of the most exposed groups to persistent poverty in Ireland, 1 in 4 families in South County Dublin is a Lone Parent Household and in Fingal it is almost 1 in 5 whereas Dun Laoghaire/Rathdown has the lowest rate of 1 in 6/7 families is a lone parent household.



## Unemployment



Figure 11 Unemployment Level by LA by Gender by Census year

The unemployment figures above are broken down by gender and it is clear that the level of unemployment in Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown is below the national average for Males and Females (National figure was 9.1% for Males and 7.9% June 2016 CSO) and higher in both Fingal and South Dublin.

## Housing Tenure

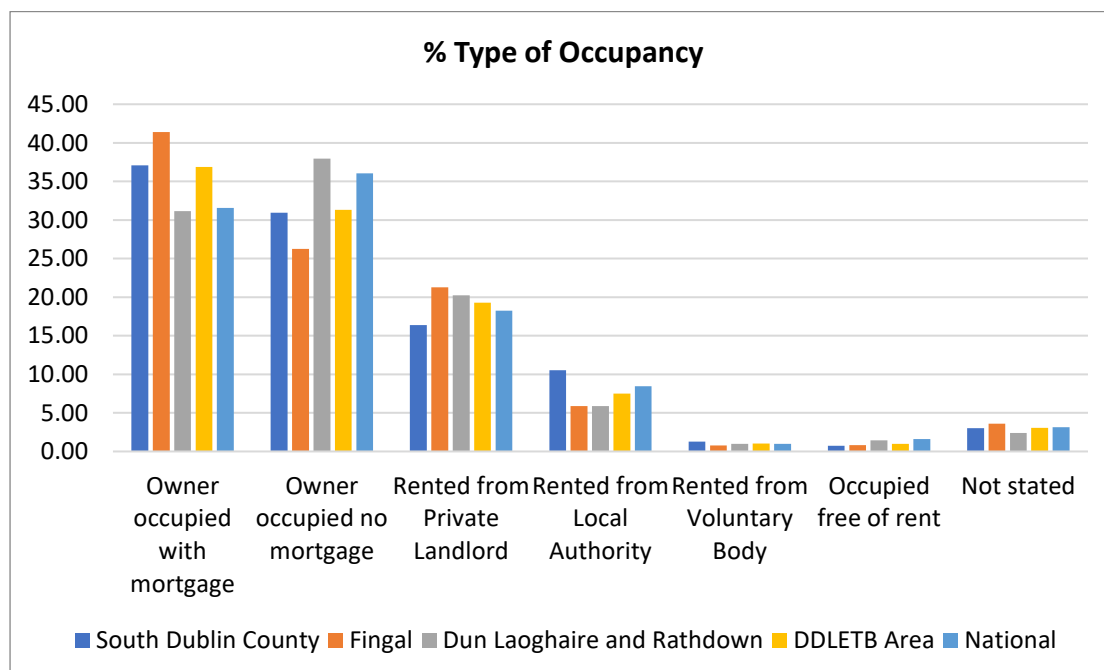


Figure 12 % by Local Authority Area by Tenure Type

Slightly over a third of houses 36.5% in the DDLETB area are owned outright and a further 31% are owned with a mortgage and 25% are rented. 18% of rented houses are provided by the private landlords and the supply of social houses that used to provide the majority of rented accommodation has continued to decrease its' share of the sector with private rented increasing.

These figures reflect the national trend in housing tenure, moving from a country with one of the highest levels home ownership levels in Europe to one reflecting the European norm of a mixed type of tenure.

Nationally number of owner occupied households fell between 2011 and 2016 from 69.7% to 67.6%, a rate last seen in 1971. The rate in rural areas fell from 84% in 2011 to 82% in 2016 while the percentage of urban homes owned (outright or with a loan) has fallen from 61.6% to 59.2% in 2016.

The age of renters nationally has increased, in 2016, it was 35 years after that they tend to become house owners it was, 32 years in 2011, 28 years in 2006, 27 years 2002 and 26 years in 1991.

The growth in the number of households dependent on the private rented sector for housing is to a large extent missed in the Deprivation Score (it only takes account of households living in Local Authority Housing), since few LA social housing units have been built in the last 15 years there are significant numbers of families living in private renter sector housing and the ever increasing levels of rent far outstripping wages is leaving families and children in an ever increasing risk of poverty. These pockets of poverty are not measured and are located in all the LA areas but most prevalent in Fingal.

## Educational attainment/Profile

There are over 100 second level schools servicing the three Local Authority areas in the DDLETB

Local Authority	Secondary	Vocational	Community	Comprehensive	Grand Total
<b>Dun Laoghaire Rathdown</b>	26		4	1	31
<b>DLR Pupils</b>	12,329		1,512	848	14,689
<b>Fingal County Council</b>	14	12	6		32
<b>FCC Pupils</b>	7,392	8,556	5,610		21,558
<b>South Dublin CC</b>	15	15	8		38
<b>SDCC Pupils</b>	8,740	7,062	5,814		21,616
<b>DDLETB Area</b>	55	27	18	1	101
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	28,461	15,618	12,936	848	57,863

Table 11 School Type and No: of Pupils by Local Authority Area CSO DES Data

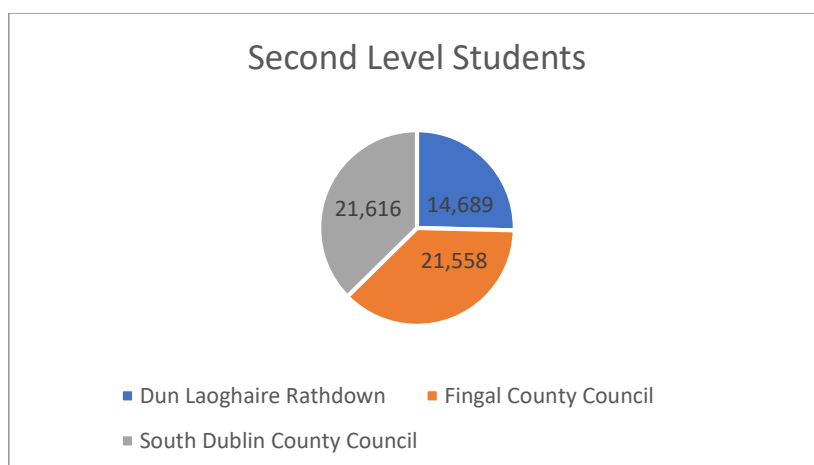


Figure 13 Number of Second Levels Students by Local Authority

Fingal and South County each have over 21000 second levels students and Dun Laoghaire is 25% smaller with 15000 second level students.

All three areas have experienced improved progression to third level over the last 10 years with Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown enjoying the highest progression rate of about 58%. South County has also improved however, they lag substantially behind the National Average at a progression rate of 36%

	Secondary	Vocational	Community	Comprehensive	Grand Total
National Schools Total	374	241	82	14	711
National Pupils Total	194879	97741	51831	7806	352257
DDLETB % of National Total Pupils	14.6	16.0	25.0	10.9	16.4
DDLETB % of National Schools	14.7	11.2	22.0	7.1	14.2

Source CSO DES Data Schools and Students

One in six pupils in Ireland live in the DDLETB region.

	Secondary	Vocational Schools	Community & Comprehensive	Total
Totals	28,461	15,618	13,786	57,865
LC Retention	92.7	88.33	90.57	91.21

Table 12 Leaving Certificate Retention by school type, Local Authority and %LC Retention 2017

DDLETB in the 2017 Leaving Certificate had retention level of 91.2% compared to the National retention rate of 90.2%<sup>82</sup>.

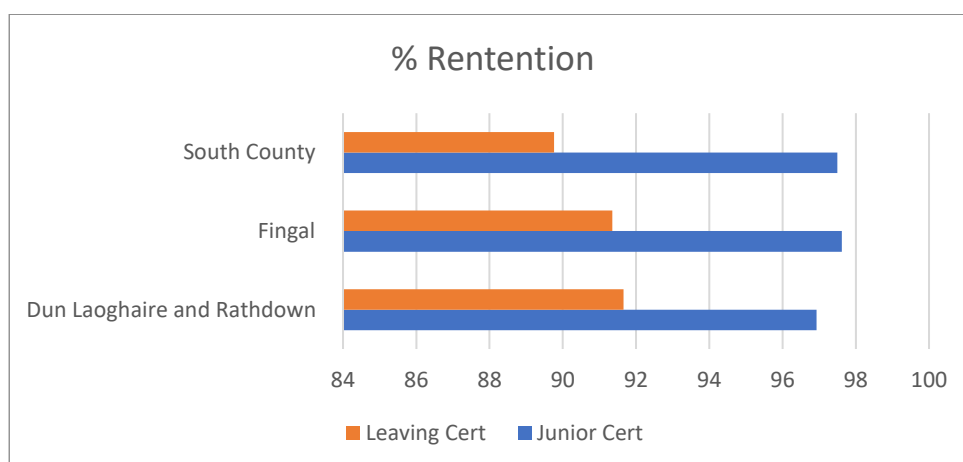


Figure 14.5 Retention by Local Authority Area Source CSO DES

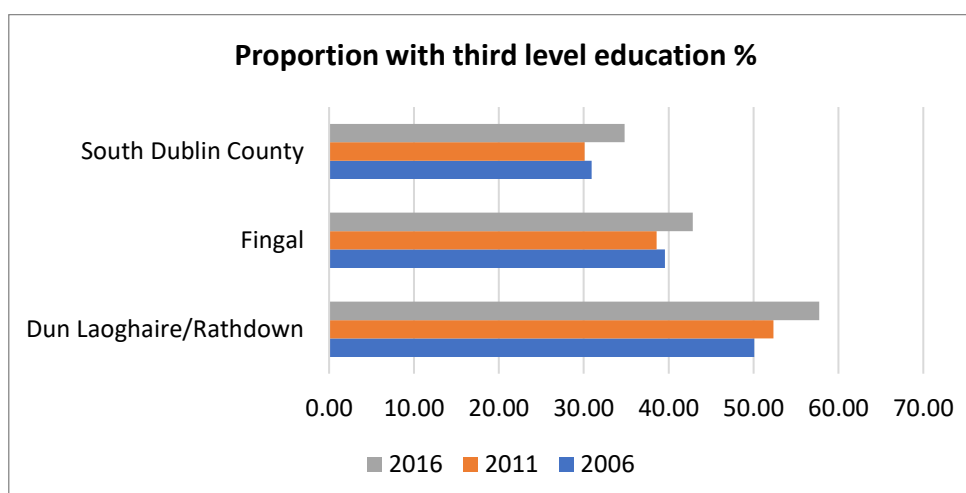


Figure 15 Proportion of population with 3rd Level Education by Local Authority Area

This progression from second level to third level is reflected in the increasing number of the population with third level qualifications, among the three local authority area Dun Laoghaire Rathdown out performs the other two areas significantly but none the less Fingal and South Dublin show an increase between 2006 and 2016.

	Secondary	Vocational	Community and Comprehensive	Total
DDLETB	26383	13795	12486	52665
ESLs	2,078	1,823	1,300	5,200
ESL %	8	13	10	10

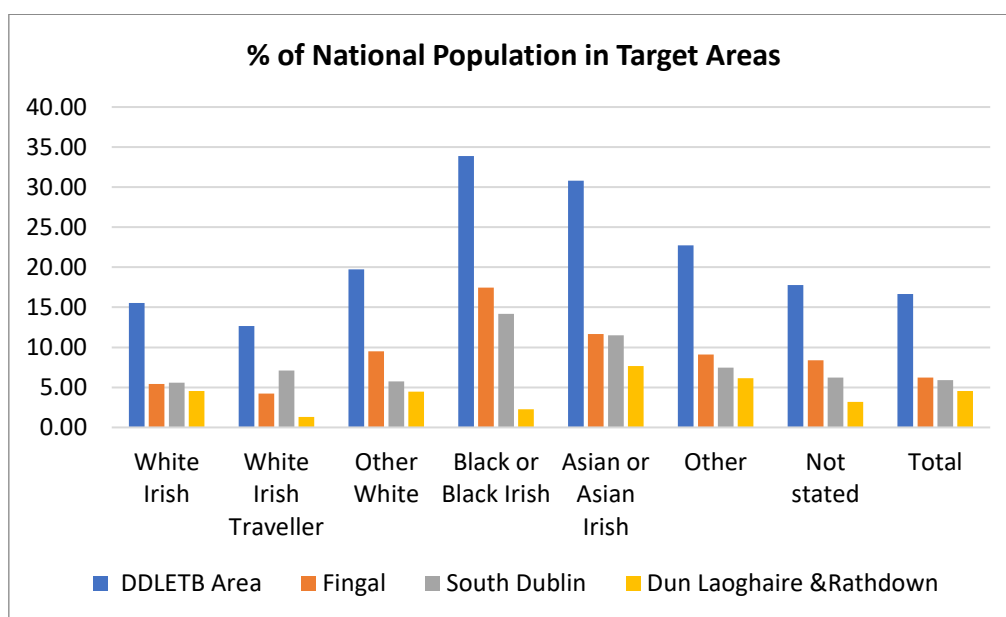
Table 13 School type, local authority and ESLs

Finally, an analysis of the nationality make-up of the school children in the DDLETB area.

Nationality Group	2015/2016	%
Irish	124,834	85.4
British	1,204	0.8
Another State in the EU 15	1,935	1.3
Another State in the EU 13*	7,714	5.3
Another State in Europe other than the EU	1,027	0.7
USA or Canada	734	0.5
Latin or Southern America	234	0.2
Asia	4,028	2.8
Africa	3,711	2.5
Australasia or Oceania	191	0.1
Unknown	639	0.4
Total DDLETB	146,251	100.0

*Table 14 Retention levels by Local Authority Area DES/CSO*

Immigrant population internationally tend to settle in cities where there is employment and Ireland is no different with over 30% of people with a Black or Asian background living in the DDLETB area as against 15% of the white Irish.



*Figure 16 National Population by Ethnic background by Local Authority Area*

Dun Laoghaire is the least ethnically diverse areas among the three local Authorities.

Irish Travellers Living in Private Households 2011 to 2016  
(Number) and % Change

Irish Travellers	2011	2016	%
State	28498	30058	5.47
DDLETB	3501	3459	-1.20
Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown	383	394	2.87
Fingal	1325	1288	-2.79
South Dublin	2176	2171	-0.23

Table 15 Irish Travellers living in Private households 2011-2016 (number) and % change CSO 2016

## Key findings from Socio Demographic Profile

- DDLETB reported a slightly higher percentage (of the overall population) of Children and Young People aged 0-24 years (34.6%) compared to the State (33.2%) in 2016.
- DDLETB has the greatest number of children and young people within it's boundary with some 274206 or just under 34% of the national 0-24 years olds.
- DDLETB reported a slightly higher proportion of young people (of the overall population) aged 18 - 24 years (9%) compared to the State (8%) in 2016.
- The percentage of children and young people who are not "white Irish" by ethnicity or cultural background is higher for DDLETB (25.3%) compared to the State (18.3%) in 2016.
- The Irish Traveller population has decreased in the DDLETB by 1.2% while it has increased nationally by 5.5% between 2011 and 2016
- 7.8% of all travellers under 24 years live in the DDLETB area
- 17% of DDLETB population is made of non Irish nationals.
- 37% of all Black or Black Irish 0-24 year olds live in the DDLETB area
- 31% of all Asian or Irish Chinese 0-24year olds live in the DDLETB area.
- DDLETB reported a higher level of Very Good health among 19- 24 years olds at 75% compared to the national average of 71%

- 12% of all suicides in 2017 took place in the greater Dublin area and 60% of those occurred in the DDLETB area.
- Dun Laoghaire Rathdown has the lowest suicide rate per local authority in Ireland at 2.1 per 100,000
- DDLETB has a slightly lower level of disability among its 10-24 years olds at 12% as opposed to the 13.5% nationally
- DDLETB reported a higher percentage of children living in a lone-parent household (27%) compared to the State (18.3%) in 2016.
- 28% of lone parent families in the State reside in the DDLETB area
- DDLETB reported the highest number of Young Carers (10-24years) in the country at 1744
- One in six pupils in Ireland live in the DDLETB region.
- The average percentage of primary school children absent from school for 20 days or more in the school year 2015/16 was higher in Dublin (16.5) compared to the State (12.3).
- The average percentage of post-primary school children absent from school for 20 days or more in the school year 2015/16 was higher in Dublin (15.6) compared to the State (14.9).
- The DDLETB in the 2016/17 Leaving Certificate had retention level of 91.2% compared to the National retention rate of 90.2%.
- DDLETB Area reported slightly higher percentages of families with children by size of family with 4 children (24%) and 5 or more children (11%) compared to the State (22% and 11%).
- Tusla 27 % of national referrals (Child Protection and Child Welfare concern) received in 2017 came from Dublin
- In 2016, DDLETB reported a slightly higher rate of Absolute Deprivation (-4.12) compared to the State (-3.6) according to the Pobal HP Deprivation Index. (Fingal +1, Dun Laoghaire& Rathdown +6, South Dublin -4)

## Socio-demographic Profile DDLETB by Areas an Overview

The following section looks at the DDLETB area at a level below Local Authority. The DDLETB Youth and Sports Development has subdivided the 3 local authority areas into 6 sub areas.

The same format is used as in the previous section, namely, analysing sub areas by selected deprivations scores including single parent households, tenure, educational attainment and levels of employment.

### Demographic profile of young people

45% of the under 25s in DDLETB are under 10 years of age in 2016 Census and Fingal Local Authority is the area with the greatest growth at 48% of population under 10 and Dun Laoghaire/Rathdown Local Authority at 39% .

% of under 25s by Age group	Under 10s,	11-19,	20-24,
<b>Blanchardstown</b>	49	37	14
<b>Clondalkin Lucan</b>	45	39	15
<b>Dublin North</b>	48	37	15
<b>Dun Laoghaire</b>	41	39	20
<b>Rathdown Dundrum</b>	38	38	24
<b>Tallaght</b>	46	37	17

Figure 17 % of under 25 by Age Grouping

The areas with the greatest concentration of under 10s are Dublin North and Tallaght but the highest % concentration is Blanchardstown (49%) and Dublin North (48%).

	under 10s,	11-14,	15-19	15-24,	20-24,	Total under 25
<b>Blanchardstown</b>	19756	8314	6605	12373	5768	<b>40443</b>
<b>Clondalkin Lucan</b>	18145	8289	7428	13503	6075	<b>39937</b>
<b>Dublin North</b>	30826	12854	10902	20735	9833	<b>64415</b>
<b>Dun Laoghaire</b>	14661	6838	7242	14536	7294	<b>36035</b>
<b>Rathdown Dundrum</b>	13694	6040	7431	16234	8803	<b>35968</b>
<b>Tallaght</b>	26129	11194	10359	20085	9726	<b>57408</b>
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	<b>123211</b>	<b>53529</b>	<b>49967</b>	<b>97466</b>	<b>47499</b>	<b>274206</b>

Figure 18 Population under 25 by age grouping

Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown is the local authority with the lowest number of under 10's and the lowest percentage (39%) concentration of under 10s in the DDLETB area.



## Pobal HP Deprivation Indices

The HP Deprivation Score for the DDLETB has shown a consistent movement across the three census years of 2011 and 2016 in each of the sub areas, that is, a modest improvement in 2011 to a weakening of the score in 2016 but a score none the less marginally better than the 2006 score 4.56 in 2006 to 4.58 2016.

Deprivation Score	2006	2011	2016
Blanchardstown	4.83	4.50	4.26
Clondalkin Lucan	-0.72	-0.56	-0.38
Dublin North	5.99	6.07	5.75
Dun Laoghaire	8.18	10.49	9.57
Rathdown Dundrum	9.03	12.53	11.00
Tallaght	1.13	0.86	0.70
Grand Total	4.56	5.26	4.83

Table 16 Deprivation score 2006-2016 by DDLETB sub area

Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown is the least deprived area in the DDLETB at about 10% above the national score whereas Clondalkin and Tallaght are hovering at or below the national level.

The difference between the sub areas is most marked in the attainment of 3rd level education across the DDLETB. Tallaght and Lucan/Clondalkin have about a third of their population with 3rd level qualifications and Dun Laoghaire Rathdown have significantly higher proportion of their population with 3rd level qualification.

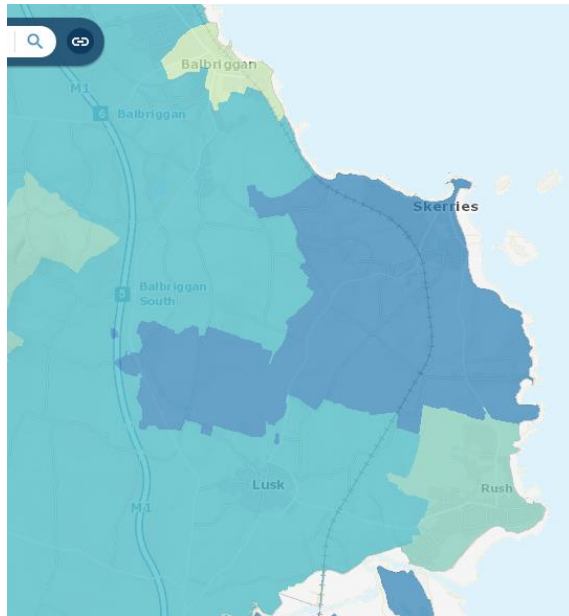
	Average of Age Dependency Ratio	Average of Lone Parents Ratio	Average of Proportion with third level education
Blanchardstown	32.1	19.6	44.0
Clondalkin Lucan	33.2	25.0	32.7
Dublin North	34.3	19.1	42.3
Dun Laoghaire	35.1	15.0	56.5
Rathdown Dundrum	32.0	14.9	60.6
Tallaght	35.3	22.1	36.7
Grand Total	34.1	19.4	44.4

Table 17 % Population by DDLETB sub area by heading various CSO 2016

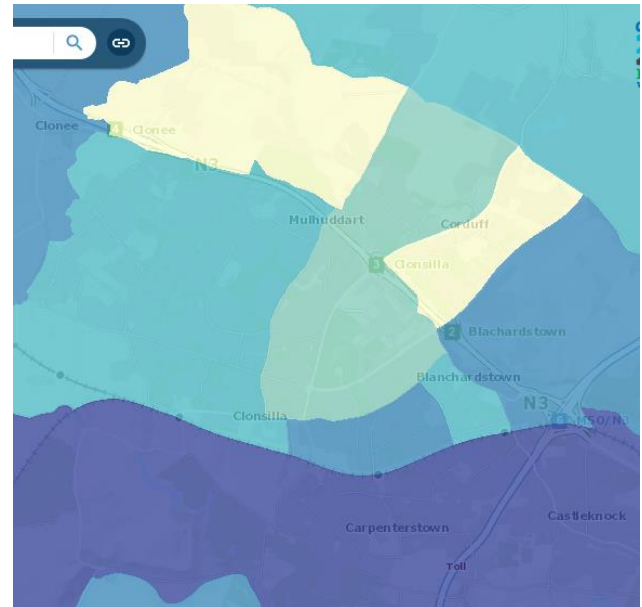
In the maps on the following pages, the deprivation level across the DDLETB is displayed by Electoral Division and colour coded, the darker the colour the more prosperous the Electoral Division.

The DDLETB sub areas of South Dublin, Clondalkin and Tallaght are clearly the most deprived areas within the DDLETB region by some way. However as we will see when we look at sub areas in more detail , while the poverty in Tallaght and Clondalkin is apparent there are significant pockets of equally deprived communities hidden by their more prosperous neighbours in the sub areas of Blancharstown, Dublin North and Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown

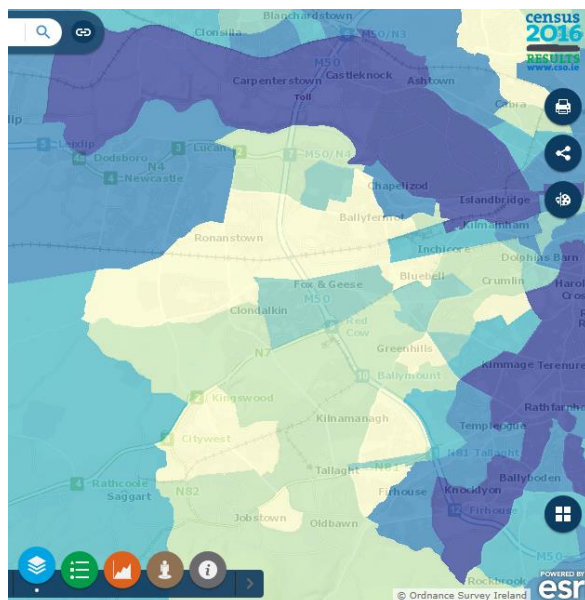
## Dublin North



## Blanchardstown



## Talaght, Clondalkin and Lucan



Dun Laoghaire Rathdown

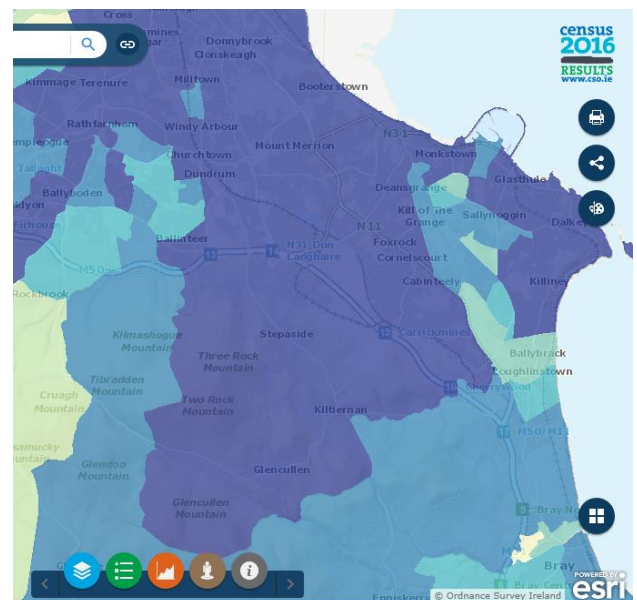


Figure 19 Deprivation Level by ED by AREA 2016

## Cultural background

	White Irish	Irish Traveller	Other White	Black or Black Irish	Asian or Asian Irish	Other ethnic	Ethnic Not stated	Ethnic Total ethnic
<b>Blanchardstown</b>	67016	558	18901	6169	6822	3237	4861	107564
<b>Clondalkin Lucan</b>	77132	1055	11731	4624	6224	2318	3203	106287
<b>Dublin North</b>	139037	705	23368	5085	4622	3158	5507	181482
<b>Dun Laoghaire</b>	89977	234	10556	710	3690	2072	2427	109666
<b>Rathdown Dundrum</b>	91477	275	9644	776	3977	2313	1620	110082
<b>Tallaght</b>	134786	1099	13943	4537	5084	2940	4442	166831
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	599425	3926	88143	21901	30419	16038	22060	781912

Table 18 Ethnic Background of Population by DDLETB Sub Area

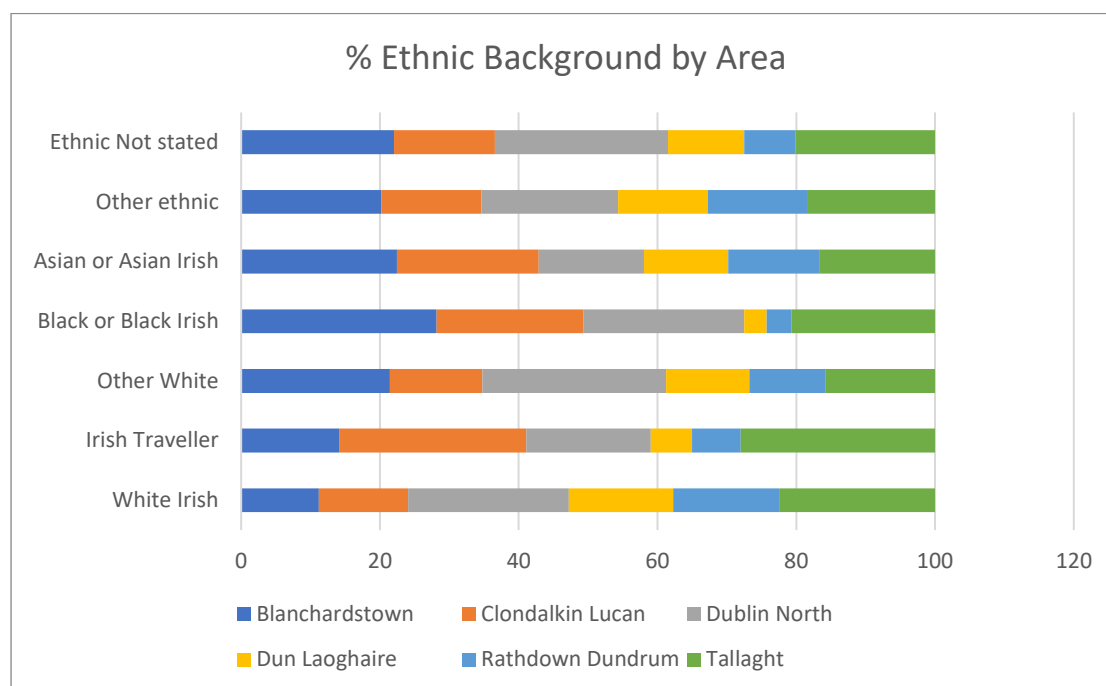


Figure 20 % Ethnic Background by AREA

Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown are the two least ethnically diverse communities among the DDLETB sub areas. Clondalkin /Lucan and Tallaght is home to over 50% of Irish Travellers from the DDLETB area

## Unemployment among young people

Unemployment levels for under 25 years usually run at twice the levels of unemployment for older groups and the most recent figures show an unemployment rate in Ireland of 6.2% and youth unemployment at 14.6%.

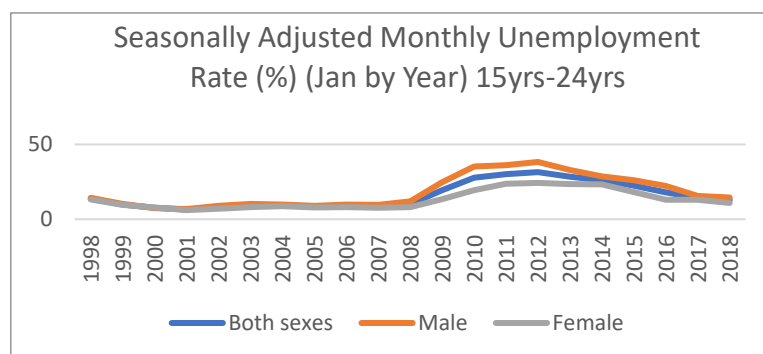


Figure 21 Seasonally adjusted Unemployment Rate by year 15-24yrs

There is some argument about how to accurately calculate the correct number of young people who are unemployed. The conventional method of calculating the unemployment **rate** is to take the numbers 'unemployed' as a proportion of the 'labour force'. The problem with using this method is that it does not take account of those who are in the educational system or on full-time training courses. During a recession, a higher the proportion of young people stay on in school or in training, thereby reducing the labour force resulting in a higher unemployment rate. By using the whole cohort as the denominator, the unemployment **ratio** avoids this pitfall and therefore provides a clearer picture of the level of actual youth unemployment.

The difference between Rate and Ratio is dramatic, the 2011 youth unemployment **Rate** was 38.7% whereas the **ratio** was 14.2. However, by removing young people who are in education and training from the calculation excludes the significant number of young people who are both working and studying/training in second and third level.

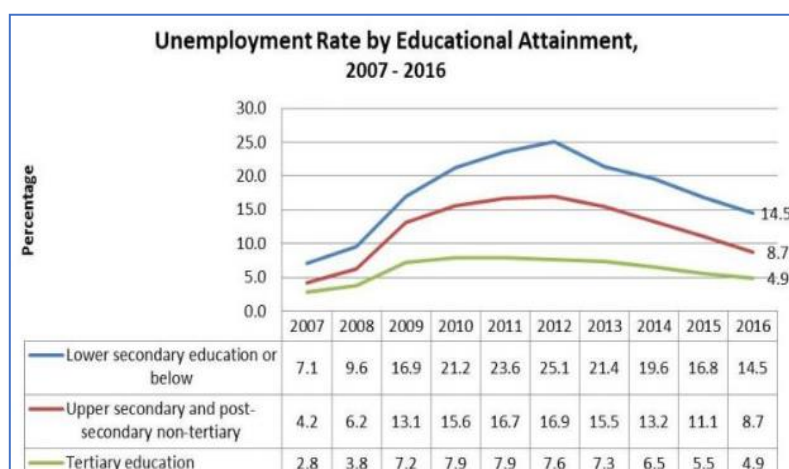


Figure 22 Eurostat 2017

However what is undisputed is that the earlier young people leave education the more likely that they are to be unemployed than their peers who remain in education. Early school leavers are three time more likely to be unemployed than those who complete third level education.

Education completion is a point we will return to later in the profile.

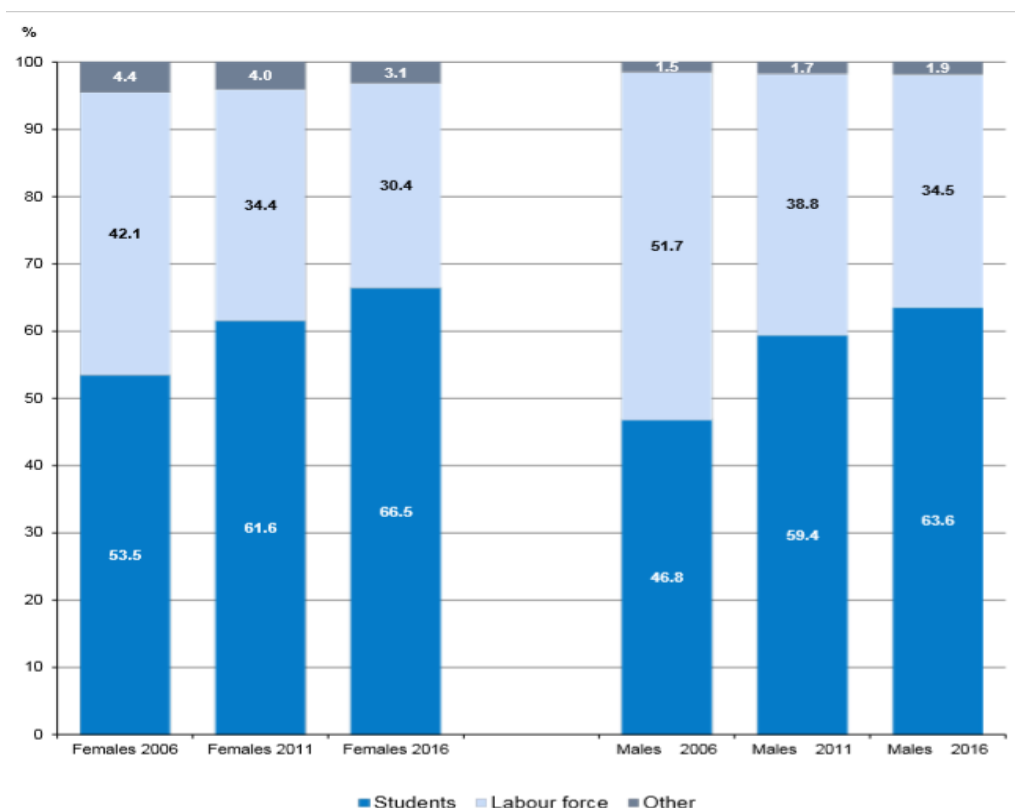


Figure 23 National Principal Economic Status 15-24 yrs 2006-2016 CSO

Census 2016 saw an increase in the number of students aged 15 years and over since Census 2011 up from 408,838 to 427,128, a rise of 4.5 per cent or 18,290.

Male students accounted for 53.9 per cent of this increase bringing their share of the student population to 49.4 per cent, up from 49.2 per cent in 2011.

During the previous inter-censal period of 2006 to 2011, the growth in the numbers of students was stronger, increasing by 59,242 or 16.9 per cent over the five years. Males accounted for 61.7 per cent of the increase.

The tight employment market during the recession is one contributing factor to this increase as well as the school retention programmes in operation.

Males	At work -	Looking for first regular job	Unemployed having lost or given up previous job	Sum of Student	Looking after home/ family	Retired	Unable to work due to permanent sickness or disability -	Other	Total - Males
Blanchardstown	26019	428	3072	4525	400	3312	1128	62	38946
Clondalkin	24633	436	3475	4698	447	3959	1494	87	39229
Dublin North	44362	547	3877	7539	701	8886	1972	110	67994
Dun Laoghaire	25611	247	1991	6114	320	7043	947	94	42367
Rathdown	26196	264	1853	6798	337	7640	993	84	44165
Tallaght	37286	660	5367	7135	609	9558	2273	129	63017
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	<b>184107</b>	<b>2582</b>	<b>19635</b>	<b>36809</b>	<b>2814</b>	<b>40398</b>	<b>8807</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>295718</b>

Table 19 Socio Economic Status MALES CSO 2016

Males %	At work -	Looking for first regular job	Unemployed having lost or given up previous job	Sum of Student	Looking after home/ family	Retired	Unable to work due to permanent sickness or disability -	Other	Total - Males
Blanchardstown	67	1	8	12	1	9	3	0	100
Clondalkin Lucan	63	1	9	12	1	10	4	0	100
Dublin North	65	1	6	11	1	13	3	0	100
Dun Laoghaire	60	1	5	14	1	17	2	0	100
Rathdown Dundrum	59	1	4	15	1	17	2	0	100
Tallaght	59	1	9	11	1	15	4	0	100
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>

Females	At work	Looking for first regular job -	Unemployed having lost or given up previous job	Student	Looking after home/ family	Retired	Unable to work due to permanent sickness or disability -	Other -	Total - Females
Blanchardstown	22991	401	2967	4470	5633	3347	1514	120	41443
Clondalkin Lucan	21871	394	3005	4686	5988	3877	1914	165	41900
Dublin North	39198	470	3560	7437	10709	8548	2423	237	72582
Dun Laoghaire	23498	207	1611	6328	7057	8119	1183	158	48161
Rathdown	23474	229	1512	7152	6466	8330	1053	157	48373
Tallaght	33967	524	4299	6868	9885	9412	2706	227	67888
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	<b>164999</b>	<b>2225</b>	<b>16954</b>	<b>36941</b>	<b>45738</b>	<b>41633</b>	<b>10793</b>	<b>1064</b>	<b>320347</b>

Table 20 Socioeconomic status FEMALES CSO2016

Females %	At work	Looking for first regular job -	Unemployed having lost or given up previous job	Student	Looking after home/family	Retired	Unable to work due to permanent sickness or disability -	Other -	Total - Females
Blanchardstown	55	1	7	11	14	8	4	0	100
Clondalkin Lucan	52	1	7	11	14	9	5	0	100
Dublin North	54	1	5	10	15	12	3	0	100
Dun Laoghaire	49	0	3	13	15	17	2	0	100
Rathdown Dundrum	49	0	3	15	13	17	2	0	100
Tallaght	50	1	6	10	15	14	4	0	100
DDLETB Total	52	1	5	12	14	13	3	0	100

52% of total females population in employment as opposed to 62% of males

## Living circumstances Families

FAMILIES	Total Families	Total one parent family (mother) with children (No. of families)	Total one parent family (father) with children (No. of families)
Blanchardstown	27594	4380	575
Clondalkin Lucan	28022	5403	749
Dublin North	48919	7184	1029
Dun Laoghaire	28648	3904	557
Rathdown Dundrum	29015	3519	614
Tallaght	45194	8205	1082
DDLETB Total	207392	32595	4606

Table 21 Single Parent Families by DDLETB Sub areas

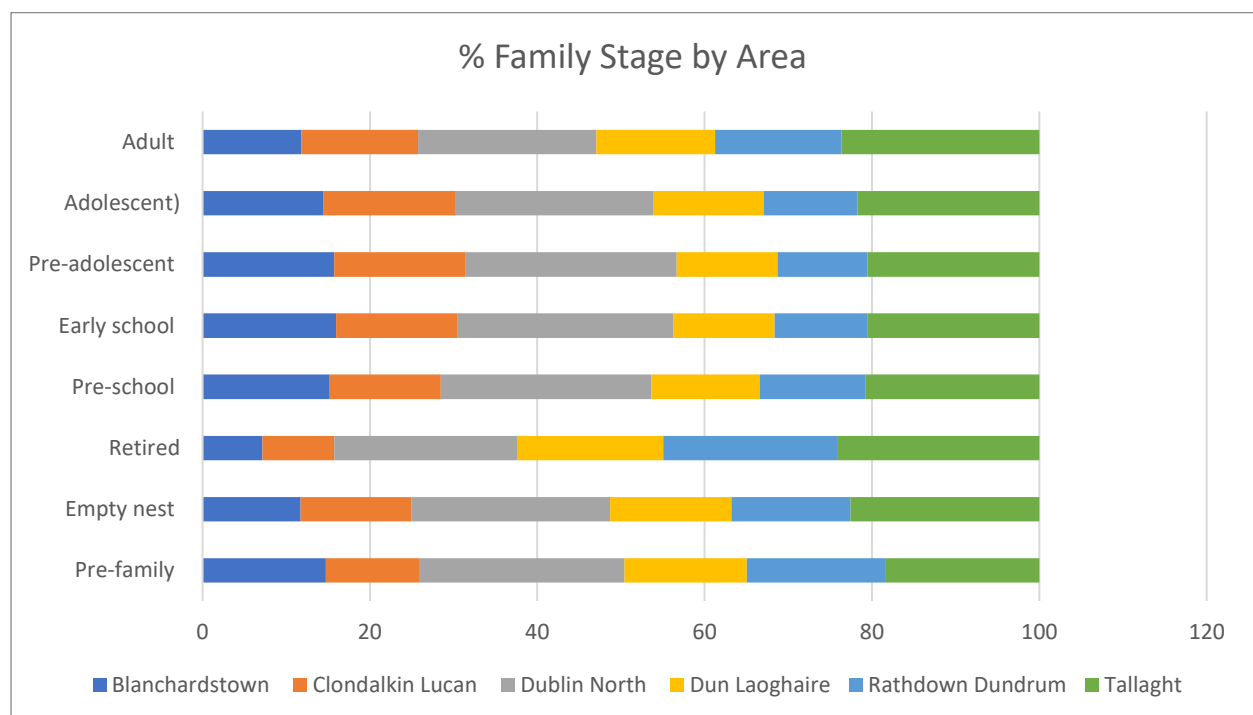
Families	without children	with 1 child	with 2 children -	with 3 children	with 4 children	with 5 or more children-	Total families
Blanchardstown	6432	7814	8094	3672	1175	407	27594
Clondalkin Lucan	6262	8305	8279	3644	1096	436	28022
Dublin North	13434	13591	13627	6191	1630	446	48919
Dun Laoghaire	8954	7703	7182	3652	929	228	28648
Rathdown	9975	7837	6867	3318	808	210	29015
Tallaght	12459	13173	11712	5526	1680	644	45194
DDLETB Total	57516	58423	55761	26003	7318	2371	207392

Table 22 Family size by DDLETB sub area

## Family Stage

No. of families	Pre-family	Empty nest	Retired	Pre-school	Early school	Pre-adolescent	Adolescent)	Adult	Total
Blanchardstown	2979	2018	1435	3524	4277	3754	3402	6205	27594
Clondalkin Lucan	2253	2286	1723	3079	3883	3745	3717	7336	28022
Dublin North	4966	4087	4381	5842	6900	6014	5543	11186	48919
Dun Laoghaire	2951	2493	3510	2992	3244	2877	3108	7473	28648
Rathdown Dundrum	3346	2453	4176	2929	2976	2562	2635	7938	29015
Tallaght	3724	3887	4848	4826	5484	4902	5107	12416	45194
DDLETB Total	20219	17224	20073	23192	26764	23854	23512	52554	207392

Table 23 Family Stage by DDLETB Sub Area

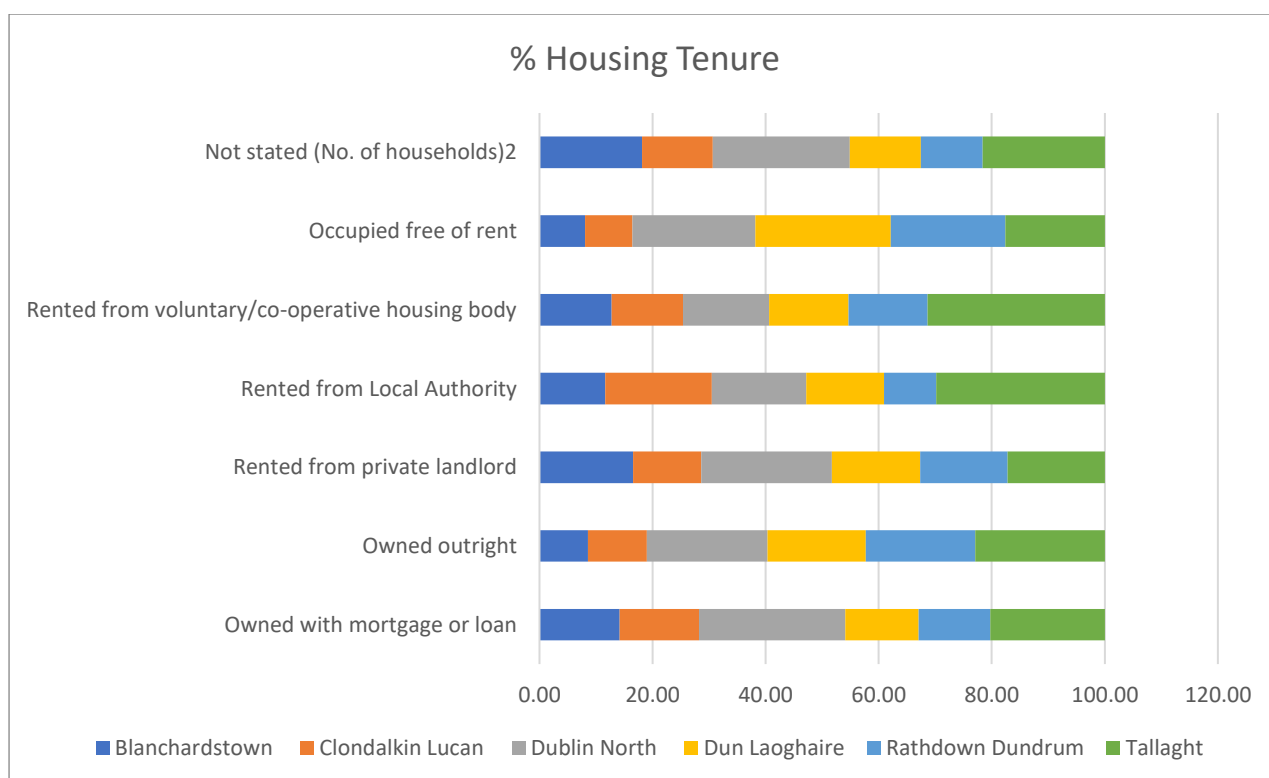


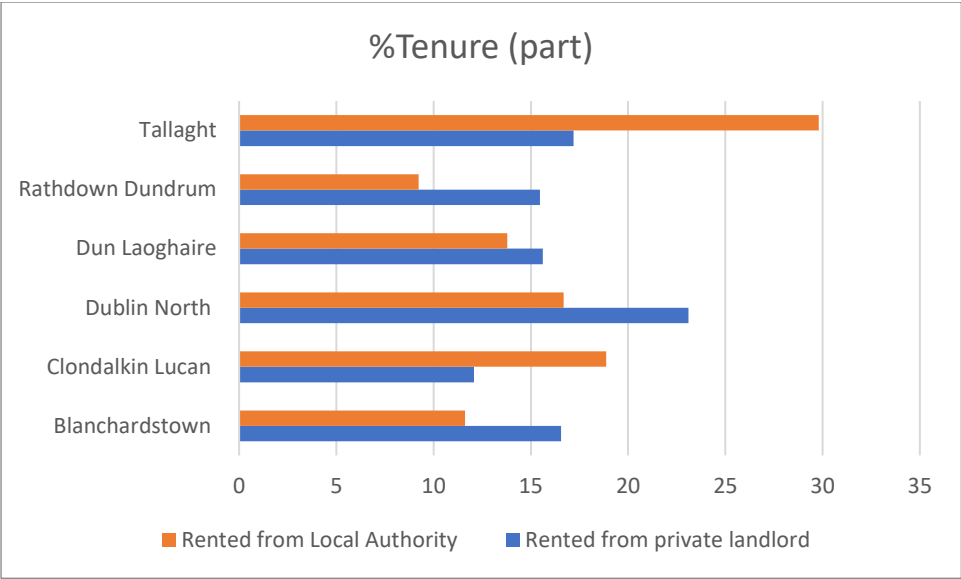
The sub area of greatest youth numbers over the coming years will be Dublin North with the greatest proportion of pre family, pre-school and early. Tallaght is next in terms of the numeric demand.



No. of households	Owned with mortgage or loan	Owned outright	Rented from private landlord	Rented from Local Authority	Rented from voluntary/co-operative housing body	Occupied free of rent	Not stated (No. of households)	Total tenure
Blanchardstown	13982	7164	8539	2328	346	208	1478	34045
Clondalkin Lucan	13885	8754	6230	3779	344	216	1020	34228
Dublin North	25516	17887	11917	3341	414	561	1975	61611
Dun Laoghaire	12793	14579	8054	2762	380	618	1025	40211
Rathdown Dundrum	12534	16189	7983	1850	380	523	891	40350
Tallaght	19999	19214	8874	5970	852	454	1760	57123
DDLETB Total	98709	83787	51597	20030	2716	2580	8149	267568

Table 24 Household Tenure by DDLETB Sub Area





This final section in the socio demographic profile of the DDLETB looks specifically at the extent of the deprivation with the sub areas using the SAP data. The SAP data focuses on clusters of between 170 and 250 units and identifies levels of poverty that are often overlooked in the larger Electoral Division.

Each SAP area with a negative 2016 score is listed.

## Dublin South

Dublin South is made up of two DDLETB areas Tallaght and Clondalkin /Lucan,

Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
246925	265205	278767	-0.37	-0.09	0.27

The population of Dublin South has increased by some 13% (31842) between the 2006 and the 2016 Census.

The overall Deprivation score for the area has shifted from a slightly negative score to a marginal positive one of .27 above the national norm.

The area is the second largest authority area in the country with some 46 Electoral Divisions made up of 905 Small Areas

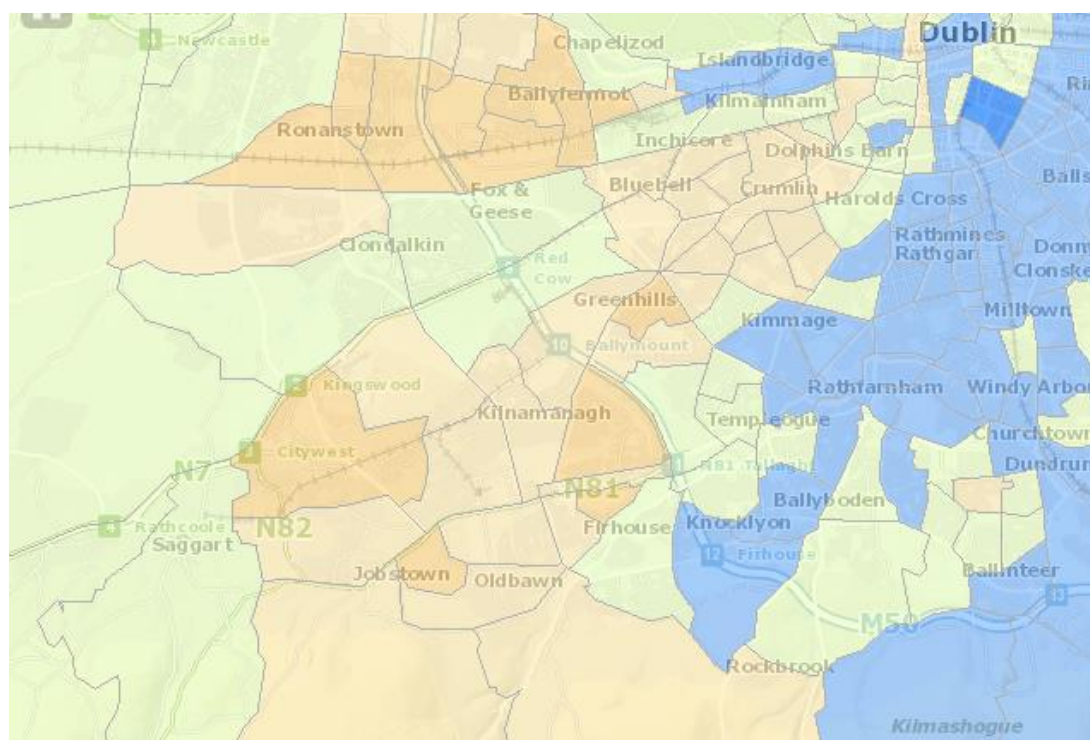


Figure 24 Deprivation Scale Dublin South by ED 2016



Palmerston Village	3625	-3.77	-4.59	-2.53
Palmerston West	7521	-5.40	-5.32	-5.83
Rathcoole	5009	2.24	2.33	4.10
Rathfarnham Village	3099	12.68	14.40	13.82
Rathfarnham-Ballyroan	2612	4.68	8.31	8.12
Rathfarnham-Butterfield	3288	8.07	8.29	11.27
Rathfarnham-Hermitage	4602	13.94	15.10	13.33
Rathfarnham-St. Enda'S	3877	7.43	8.14	8.85
Saggart	4640	5.41	3.85	8.40
Tallaght-Avonbeg	1538	-16.40	-17.34	-17.56
Tallaght-Belgard	1692	-2.62	-2.93	-4.08
Tallaght-Fettercairn	8380	-16.88	-14.03	-12.60
Tallaght-Glenview	1934	-4.78	-0.70	-1.18
Tallaght-Jobstown	17824	-6.06	-6.88	-6.90
Tallaght-Killinarden	3958	-19.51	-19.14	-19.54
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	4386	-2.08	-4.11	-2.90
Tallaght-Kiltipper	8478	-4.63	-5.77	-5.88
Tallaght-Kingswood	3996	-1.38	-1.58	-1.09
Tallaght-Millbrook	3386	-5.64	-10.69	-9.05
Tallaght-Oldbawn	4579	-2.74	-3.81	-3.45
Tallaght-Springfield	11012	-6.25	-4.90	-2.72
Tallaght-Tymon	4956	-8.69	-10.78	-11.30
Templeogue Village	2074	11.01	12.27	10.79
Templeogue-Cypress	2714	9.38	9.60	7.33
Templeogue-Kimmage Manor	4856	10.56	14.31	13.92
Templeogue-Limekiln	3449	-2.71	-2.82	-2.37
Templeogue-Orwell	2056	7.36	8.06	4.89
Templeogue-Osprey	2246	8.21	6.86	4.90
Terenure-Cherryfield	2151	-4.35	-4.64	-1.99
Terenure-Greentrees	2872	-2.31	0.10	1.63
Terenure-St. James	2568	-8.87	-13.33	-11.85
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>278767</b>	<b>-0.37</b>	<b>-0.09</b>	<b>0.27</b>

Table 25 Dublin South EDs

Dublin South is made up of 48 EDs and 21 are positive and 27 are negative, ranging in scores from a negative -19.51 in Tallaght Killinarden to a positive 13.94 in Rathfarnham Hermitage

## Tallaght

Tallaght is largest sub area in the Dublin South Local Authority and also experienced a 13% (13822) in population growth between the 2006 and 2016 Census

Tallaght some 17 Electoral Divisions made up of 343 Small Areas of which 205 have a negative score and 138 have a positive score. The high scores range from 26.39 to low scores – 24.44.

<b>Total Population 2006</b>	<b>Total Population 2011</b>	<b>Total Population 2016</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2006</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2011</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2016</b>
<b>93354</b>	101612	107176	-3.13	-3.25	-2.98

The Deprivation Score has been pretty constant through the Celtic Tiger and Recession period at a negative score of almost -3.

59% of total population in Tallaght live in SAP areas that have a negative score.

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level, by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas.

## Clondalkin Lucan

Clondalkin Lucan comprises of 6 Electoral Divisions made up of 146 Small Areas 34 small areas have a positive score of these positive scores 8 are less than 1 and the scores range from +14 to – 31.96. 43 SAPs have a negative score in double figures

The Clondalkin Lucan sub area has experienced a 6 % growth since 2006 and is half the population size of Tallaght with twice the level of Deprivation with over 76% of the population living in small areas with negative scores

<b>Total Population 2006</b>	<b>Total Population 2011</b>	<b>Total Population 2016</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2006</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2011</b>	<b>Deprivation Score 2016</b>
<b>42371</b>	43187	44844	-7.22	-6.89	-6.45

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level, by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas.



## Dun Laoghaire Rathdown

Total Population			Deprivation Score		
2006	2011	2016	2006	2011	2016
<b>193643</b>	206261	218239	8.04	10.63	9.98

Dun Laoghaire Rathdown has 69 Electoral Divisions made up of 759 Small Areas and has experienced a population growth of some 24596 or 12.7%

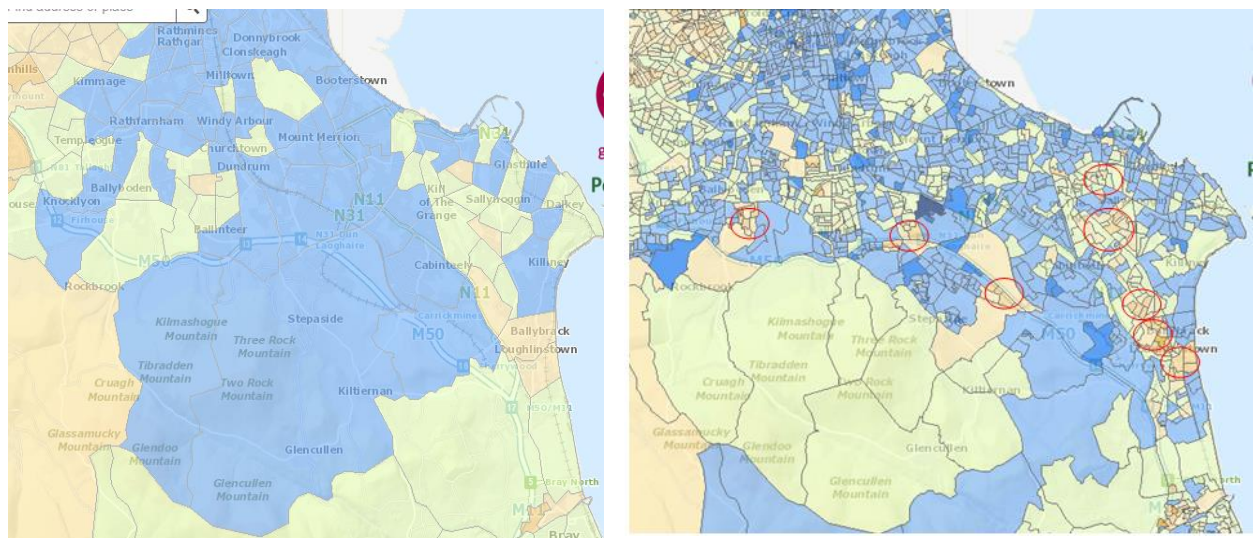


Figure 26 Deprivation Scale by EDs and SAP Dun Laoghaire Rathdown 2016

## Dun Laoghaire

Dun Laoghaire comprises of 16 Electoral Divisions made up of 208 Small Areas has grown in population by 8100 or 15% since 2006

Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
<b>53878</b>	58265	61978	3.69	6.70	6.70

ED Name	Total Population	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
Ballybrack	2962	0.68	0.52	0.02
Blackrock-Monkstown	3239	12.32	15.93	13.95
Cabinteely-Kilbogget	2686	-4.50	-3.72	-3.18
Cabinteely-Loughlinstown	4280	18.28	17.39	15.95
Dun Laoghaire-East Central	2489	7.98	14.26	14.23
Dun Laoghaire-Glasthule	2807	5.72	10.36	8.20
Dun Laoghaire-Glenageary	1929	7.91	10.74	10.59
Dun Laoghaire-Sallynugin East	2860	2.10	2.58	1.64
Dun Laoghaire-Sallynugin South	1441	-3.37	-2.85	-1.05
Dun Laoghaire-Sallynugin West	2886	-5.79	-2.52	6.40
Dun Laoghaire-West Central	2690	0.65	7.19	8.80
Dundrum-Balally	8035	4.71	11.08	12.81
Killiney-North	3330	10.60	12.91	10.76
Killiney-South	6386	-3.07	-1.59	-2.37
Shankill-Rathmichael	5623	5.99	8.87	6.19
Shankill-Rathsallagh	3268	-2.45	-2.19	-3.01
Shankill-Shanganagh	5488	6.70	7.93	7.95
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>62399</b>	<b>3.73</b>	<b>6.77</b>	<b>6.75</b>

5 EDs have a negative score and an additional 2 ED are marginally positive with a score of less than 1 point. These two ED's Ballybrack and Dun Laoghaire Central contain six SA with negative scores that range from -6 to -14 %

24% of the population of Dun Laoghaire (15000) live in deprived communities. The average Deprivation score for Dun Laoghaire is +6.7

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level , by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas .

## Rathdown

Rathdown comprises of 8 Electoral Divisions made up of 154 Small Areas and has grown by in population by 8293 or 20%



Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
39803	44298	48096	7.09	9.41	9.59

ED Name	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
Ballinteer-Meadowbroads	1639	7.34	7.96	7.73
Ballinteer-Meadowmount	1848	-4.78	-1.91	-1.25
Churchtown-Nutgrove	3165	-4.39	-1.06	0.47
Clonskeagh-Windy Arbour	2736	6.88	11.34	11.55
Dundrum-Sandyford	7688	13.32	14.77	12.58
Dundrum-Taney	2491	4.23	8.25	8.36
Glencullen	19773	11.84	12.93	13.49
Shankill-Rathsallagh	3268	-2.45	-2.19	-3.01
Shankill-Shanganagh	5488	6.70	7.93	7.95
<b>TOTAL</b>	48096	7.08	9.41	9.59

Over 18% of the population Rathdown live in communities with negative Deprivation scores

Proportion with	Primary Education Only 2016	3rd Level education 2016
Ballinteer-Meadowbroads	7.67	51.87
Ballinteer-Meadowmount	13.57	33.81
Churchtown-Nutgrove	22.91	34.65
Clonskeagh-Windy Arbour	7.60	60.90
Dundrum-Sandyford	4.37	61.24
Dundrum-Taney	7.80	54.84
Glencullen	4.34	59.64
Shankill-Rathsallagh	16.60	35.14
Shankill-Shanganagh	7.47	46.09

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level, by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas.

## Fingal

Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
239855	273991	295799	4.84	5.17	5.31

Fingal has experienced the largest population growth in the DDLETB area of 23% or 55944 people.

Fingal (part) comprises of 41 Electoral Divisions made up of 980 Small Areas

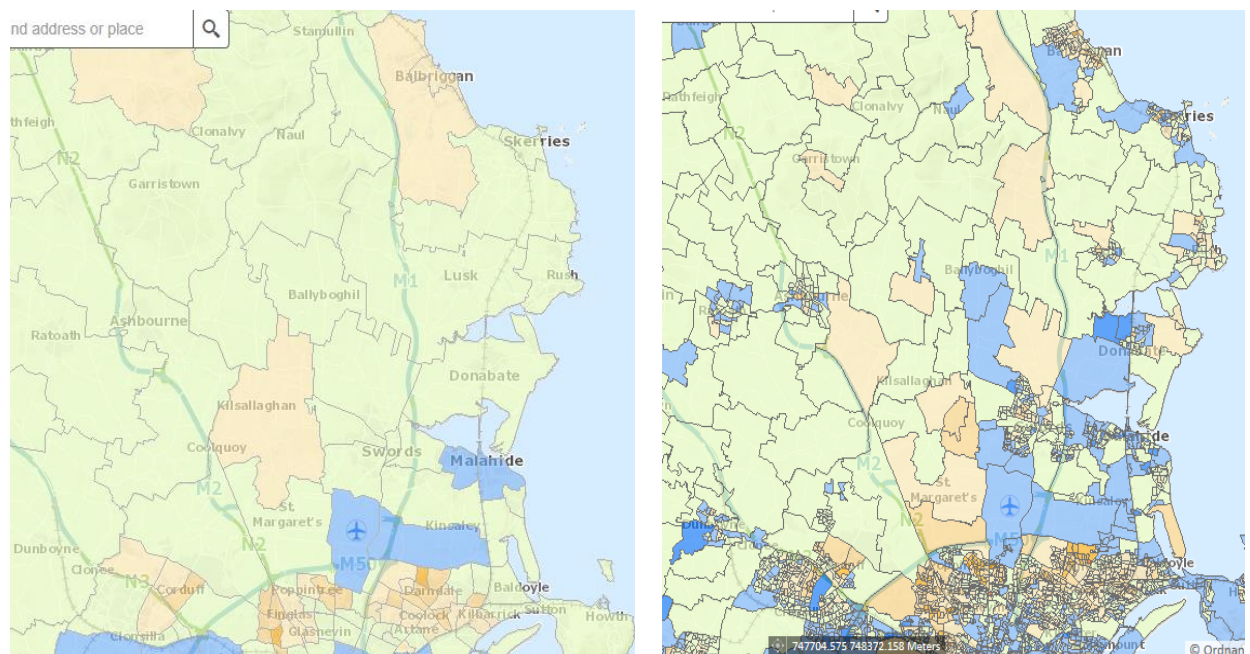


Figure 27 Fingal by ED Deprivation Scale and by SAP2016

## Blanchardstown

Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016

89812	99674	108459	3.64	4.07	4.30
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Blanchardstown comprises of 10 Electoral Divisions made up of 336 Small Areas

17% growth in population over the 10-year period and an increase in population of 18647

ED Name	Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
Blanchardstown-Abbotstown	6195	2.24	5.39	7.25
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	38894	3.66	2.65	3.63
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	11320	-4.92	-3.88	-2.79
Blanchardstown-Corduff	3871	-10.69	-10.94	-11.55
Blanchardstown-Delwood	5153	7.97	6.38	4.58
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	4123	-1.91	-3.63	-3.47
Blanchardstown-Roselawn	1688	4.09	2.61	1.53
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	3257	-19.62	-13.61	-6.67
Castleknock-Knockmaroon	19027	10.70	12.28	12.40
Castleknock-Park	5329	12.16	17.27	13.99
The Ward	9602	9.38	7.68	5.85
TOTAL	108459	3.64	4.07	4.30

The deprivation score ranges from + 13.99 to -11.55

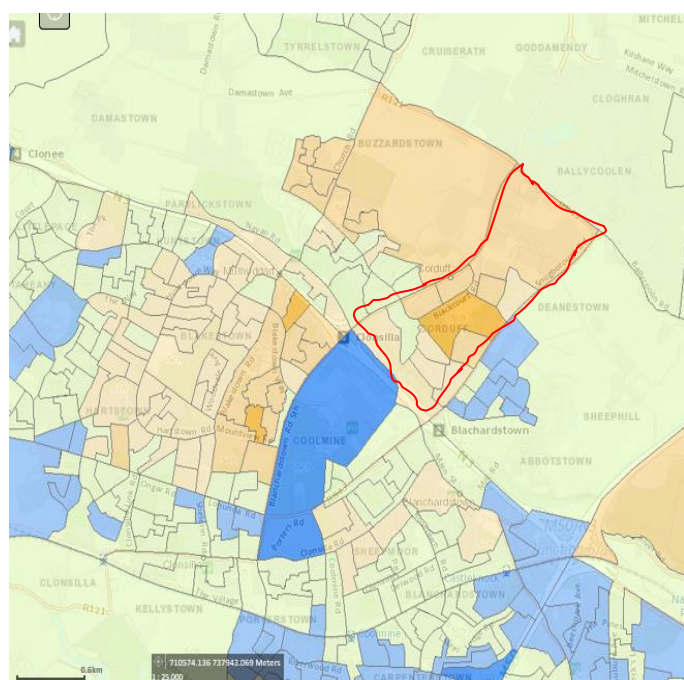
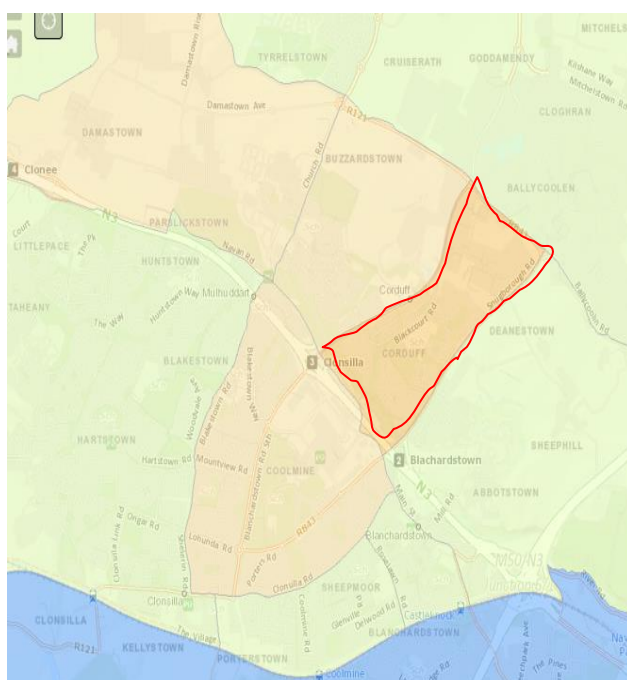


Figure 28 Blanchardstown by ED and SAPby Deprivation Scale 2016 Corduff Highlighted

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level, by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas.

## North County Dublin

Total Population 2006	Total Population 2011	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
96968	111352	118400	5.02	4.99	5.03

North County Dublin comprises of 12 Electoral Divisions made up of 381 Small Areas and has grown in population by some 21432 in the previous 10 years or 22% .

## Swords Baldoyle, Balriggan, Skerries Rush

ED Name	Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2006	Deprivation Score 2011	Deprivation Score 2016
Balbriggan Rural	16495	5.33	1.21	-0.45
Balbriggan Urban	8116	-3.87	-4.07	-3.44
Donabate	9399	6.38	8.27	8.93
Lusk	9623	6.66	4.92	4.71
Malahide East	7429	12.19	13.23	13.08
Malahide West	6149	9.38	10.95	10.99
Rush	9921	1.00	0.73	2.26
Skerries	8501	3.66	5.38	6.17
Swords Village	2674	0.28	2.85	3.29
Swords-Forrest	15153	6.15	7.92	8.18
Swords-Glasmore	7711	-0.18	-0.90	0.33
Swords-Lissenhall	10447	7.20	6.84	5.89
Swords-Seatown	6782	9.79	10.00	9.53
TOTAL	118400	5.02	5.00	5.03

Two of the EDs in North County Dublin area have negative deprivation scores and one ED is marginal the remainder are positive but only two ED exceed the plus 10 score and these are both in Malahide. Five of the thirteen EDs have become more deprived in relative terms over the last 10 years and the level of improvement in other areas has been marginal in most cases.

When we look at the small area data we see that 102 of the 307 SA that make up North County are negative profiles meaning that 27% of the population of Dublin North live in deprived communities, some marginally deprived but others with significant levels of deprivation.

Detailed breakdown of the SA Negative scores by population, by Lone Parents, by Primary Education, by Third Level, by unemployment level Male and Female and by LA Rented accommodation are available in the Appendix 1 under each of the sub areas.

## Education

There were 57863 registered second level students in the three local authorities that correspond with the DDLETB in 2016 and they attended 101 schools.

Secondary schools	55
Vocational schools	27
Community and Comprehensives	19
Total	101

Source CSO/DES On line interactive database

School retention to Leaving Certificate in Ireland is one of the highest in Europe at 90.23% and we have looked at the progression of second level students to third level, and what is notable is the variation in progression, progression appears to be determined by school type and socio economic profile of the area in which the school is located.

The extraordinary success of the Irish second level education system is reflected in the 2017 Leaving Certificate retention level of 91.2% compared to the 82.3% who entered second level in 1992.

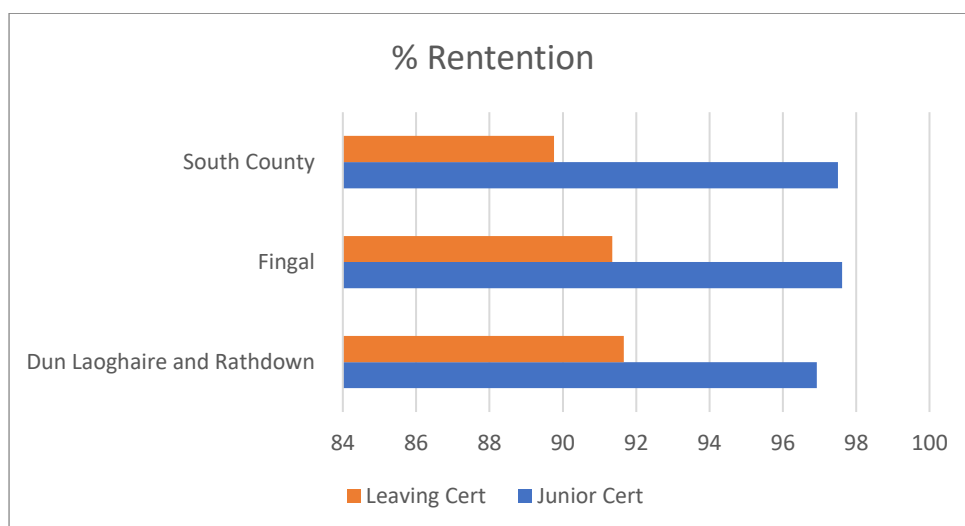


Figure 29 5 Retention by Local Authority Area Source CSO DES

When we look at the retention levels by school type, there is marked difference between Secondary School and others, with a 4% difference between them and Vocational schools. Almost 50% of pupils in DDLETB area are educated in secondary schools, 27% in Vocational schools and the remaining 23% are shared among community and comprehensive schools.

	Secondary	Vocational Schools	Community & Comprehensive	Total
<b>Totals</b>	28,461	15,618	13,786	57,865
<b>LC Retention</b>	92.7	88.33	90.57	91.21

Table 26 Leaving Certificate Retention by school type, Local Authority and %LC Retention 2017

The progression from second level to third level is reflected in the increasing number of the population with third level qualifications, among the three local authority area Dun Laoghaire Rathdown out performs the other two areas significantly but none the less Fingal and South Dublin show an increase in the number of people with third level qualification between 2006 and 2016.

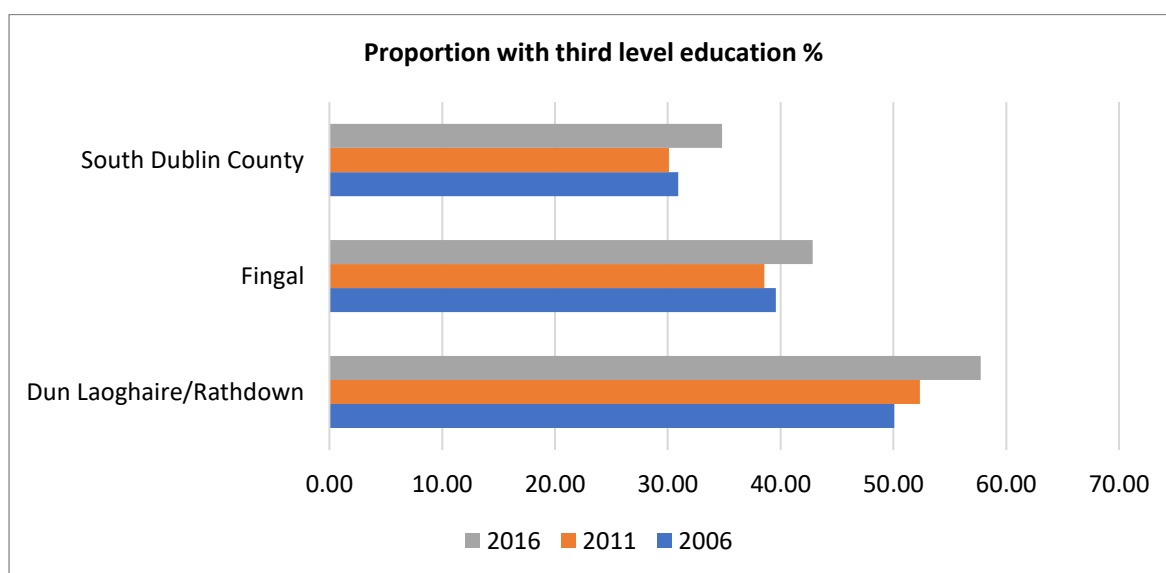


Figure 30 Proportion of population with 3rd Level Education by Local Authority Area

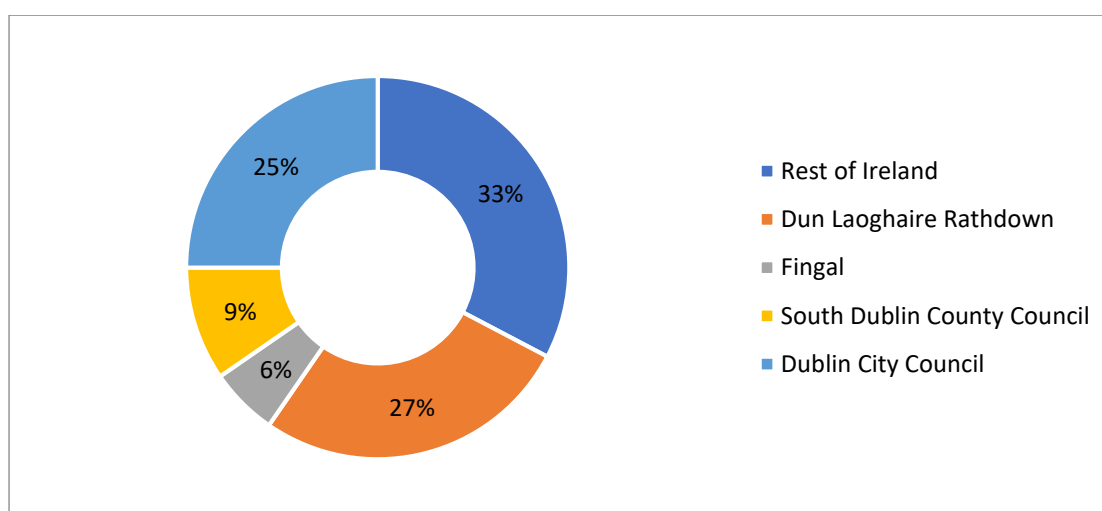


Figure 31 Private Secondary Schools Ireland 2018 DES

42% of all fee paying private secondary schools in Ireland are located in the DDLETB area and 27% of these are located in the Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown local authority area.

The overall progression of second level students from selected schools<sup>1</sup> into third level has an average progression rate of 79% across the DDLETB. Dun Laoghaire Rathdown top the list with 96% progression and Dublin South has a progression of 67% and Fingal is between both with 75% .

		Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
Dublin South	Dublin 16 Tallaght -Rathfarnham	554	447	81
	DUBLIN20 Clondalkin-Palmerston	245	211	86
	DUBLIN22- Clondalkin	467	292	55
	DUBLIN24 Tallaght	669	336	50
	Lucan	585	427	73
	Rathcoole	106	80	75
Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown	Co Dublin-Dun Laoghaire	1637	1603	98
	DUBLIN14 -Rathdown	378	352	93
Fingal	Dublin North	1490	1085	73
	DUBLIN15 -Blanchardstown	976	735	75
		6131	4833	79

Dublin South contains more affluent areas such as Rathfarnham and Palmerston, which is reflected in their progression rate of 80% along with Clondalkin and Tallaght with progression rates over 50%. When we look at the particular scores of schools located in socio economically deprived communities we will see not only disproportionate inequity in progression but also see serious questions raised about the value of school completion figures where these numbers do not necessarily reflect the reality for a significant number of young people.

<sup>1</sup> Selected schools, the schools listed here are from the Irish Times Feeder Schools to third level institutions including universities and institutes of technology in 2016 .



According to DES figure in any given year up to 10% of the second level school population can be termed early school leavers.

	Secondary	Vocational Schools (ETB)	Community and Comprehensive	Total
<b>DDLETB</b>	26383	13795	12486	52665
<b>ESLs</b>	2,078	1,823	1,300	5,200
<b>ESL %</b>	8	13	10	10

*Table 27 School type, local authority and ESLs*

There is a variation between school type with Vocational schools (ETBs) having an ESL rate of some 13% compared to secondary schools at 8%.

Distribution of DEIS second level school	%
<b>Dublin South</b>	67
<b>Fingal</b>	19
<b>Dun Laoghaire And Rathdown</b>	14

36% of second level schools in Dublin South are designated as DEIS<sup>2</sup> schools, schools serving seriously disadvantaged children in severely disadvantaged communities. In Dublin South this means that large areas of Tallaght and Clondalkin are not only currently disadvantaged but have been since the communities were build in the 1970's. In Fingal the disadvantage is less evident in terms of educational response but there are areas in Blanchardstown, Swords and Balbriggan where there are DEIS schools serving equally disadvantaged children.

	Total	DEIS	Non DEIS	%
<b>Dublin South</b>	39	14	25	36
<b>Fingal</b>	27	4	23	15
<b>Dun Laoghaire And Rathdown</b>	26	3	23	12

<sup>2</sup> DEIS was launched in 2005 as part of the Department of Education and Skills social inclusion strategy Delivering Equality of Opportunity in Schools (**DEIS**) to help children and young people who are at risk of or who are experiencing educational disadvantage.

## Dublin South

Official School Name	DEIS (Y/N)	Total Girls	Total Boys	Total Pupils
Coláiste Eoin	N		495	495
Moyle Park College	N		726	726
Coláiste Bríde	N	971		971
Notre Dame Secondary School	N	64		64
St Laurence College	Y	147	139	286
St Josephs College	N	876		876
Coláiste Phádraig CBS	N		590	590
The Kings Hospital	N	319	408	727
St Columba's College	N	133	174	307
Loreto High School	N	628		628
Coláiste Éanna	N		626	626
St Pauls Secondary School	Y	496		496
Gaelcholáiste an Phiarsaigh	N	73	78	151
Stepaside Educate Together	N	38	50	88
Coláiste de hÍde	Y	164	132	296
Deansrath Community College	Y	137	157	294
Collinstown Park Community College	Y	263	311	574
St. Kevin's Community College	Y	161	184	345
Lucan Community College	N	394	507	901
Coláiste Chilliaín	N	188	204	392
Greenhills College	Y		170	170
Firhouse Community College	N	329	459	788
Mount Seskin Community College	Y	146	164	310
Coláiste Cois Life	N	401	370	771
ADAMSTOWN COMMUNITY COLLEGE	N	440	512	952
Kishoge Community College	N	241	261	502
Kingswood Community College	N	88	92	180
Griffioen Community College	N	1	15	16
Holy Family Community School	N	449	507	956
Phobailscoil Iosolde	Y	322	415	737
Ballinteer Community School	Y	182	238	420
St Marks Community School	Y	430	411	841
Tallaght Community School	Y	354	441	795
Old Bawn Community School	N	463	451	914
Killinarden Community School	Y	230	240	470
St Aidan's Community School	Y	205	263	468
St. Tiernan's Community School	Y	189	167	356
St. Colmcille's Community School	N	362	352	714

36% of second level schools in South Dublin are designated DEIS schools.

## Tallaght

DUBLIN24	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
ColáisteDeHide,BrChaisleáinThighMotháin,Tamhlacht,BaileAthaCliath24	46	29	63
StMark'sCommunitySchool,CookstownRoad,Tallaght	102	57	56
FirhouseCommunityCollege,FirhouseRoad	108	60	56
OldBawnCommunitySchool,OldBawn,Tallaght	159	83	52
TallaghtCommunitySchool,Balrothery,Tallaght	104	54	52
MountSeskinCommunityCollege,Jobstown,Tallaght	41	19	46
StAidan'sCommunitySchool,Brookfield,Tallaght	49	17	35
KillinardenCommunitySchool,Killinarden,Tallaght	60	17	28
	<b>669</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>50</b>

DUBLIN16	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
StColmcillesCommunitySchool,ScholarstownRd,Knocklyon	106	112	106
*RockbrookParkSchool,EdmondstownRoad,Rathfarnham	21	21	100
SanctaMariaCollege,BallyroanCrescent,Rathfarnham	69	60	87
*WesleyCollege,Ballinteer	166	138	83
ColáisteEannanamBraithre,BaileRuain,RathFearnain,AthCliath16	87	72	83
BallinteerCommunitySchool,BroadfordRoad,Ballinteer	62	27	44
St.Tiernan'sCommunitySchool,Parkvale,Balally	43	17	40
	<b>554</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>81</b>

## Clondalkin Lucan

The population by age living in Clondalkin and Lucan

Age 2016	15 year old	16 Years old	17 Years Old
	1266	2133	2368

1052 sat the leaving certificate in 2017 in the schools listed below

DUBLIN22	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
ColáisteBride,CluainDolcain,BaileAthaCliath22	141	108	55
ColáisteChillian,BotharNangor,CluainDolcain,BaileAthaCliath22	67	49	73
MoyleParkCollege,Clondalkin	105	76	72
DeansrathCommunityCollege,WestbourneRise,Clondalkin	45	19	42
St.Kevin'sComm.College,FonthillRoad,Clondalkin	40	15	38
CollinstownParkComm.College,Rowlagh,Clondalkin	69	25	36
	467	292	55

Lucan	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
LucanCommunityCollege,EskeDrive,Lucan	125	108	86
St.Joseph'sCollege,Lucan	135	107	79
ColáistePdraigCBS,Roselawn,Lucan	107	74	69
ColáisteCoisLife,GleannanGhrifin,Leamhcan	84	57	68
AdamstownCommunityCollege,StationRoad,Adamstown,Lucan	134	81	60
	585	427	73

## Dun Laoghaire Rathdown

Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown Registered DES School Name	DEIS (Y/N)	Total Girls	Total Boys	Total Pupils
Blackrock College	N		1,021	1,021
Dominican College	N	441		441
Rockford Manor Secondary School	N	314		314
Rathdown School	N	301		301
Clonkeen College	N		540	540
Loreto Abbey Secondary School	N	622		622
Mount Anville Secondary School	N	675		675
Christian Brothers College	N		472	472
Loreto College Foxrock	N	552		552
Holy Child Secondary School	N	347		347
St Joseph Of Cluny Secondary School	N	309		309
St Benildus College	N		795	795
St Pauls College	N		578	578
Manor House School	N	753		753
Da La Salle College	N		357	357
Rockbrook Park School	N		167	167
Sancta Maria College	N	497		497
St Raphaela's Secondary School	N	545		545

St Andrews College	N	500	496	996
Jesus and Mary College	N	327		327
Rosemont School	N	150		150
John Scottus Secondary School	N	57	70	127
Newpark Comprehensive School	N	402	461	863
Cabinteely Community School	Y	206	289	495
Holy Child Community School	Y	104	139	243
St Laurence College Loughlinstown	Y	147	139	286

26 schools 3 schools

## Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown

CO.DUBLIN	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
*RathdownSchool,Glenageary	36	51	142
*HolyChildSchool,MilitaryRoad,Killiney	49	67	137
*StAndrew'sCollege,BoosterstownAve,Blackrock	124	155	125
*StJosephofClunySec.School,BellevuePark,BallincleaRd,DunLaoghaire	53	62	117
ColáisteEoin,BótharStighLorgan,BaileanBhóthair,AnCharraigDhubh	81	91	112
*ChristianBrothersCollege,MonkstownPark,DunLaoghaire	81	88	109
*BlackrockCollege,Blackrock	200	217	109
Coláistelosagain,BrStighLorgan,BaileanBhothair,AnCharraigDhubh	80	83	104
ClonkeenCollege,ClonkeenRoad,Blackrock	85	85	100
*LoretoAbbey,Dalkey	101	96	95
St.BenildusCollege,UpperKilmacudRoad,Stillorgan,Blackrock	125	125	100
*JohnScottusSecondarySchool,OldConna,FerndaleRoad,Rathmichael	16	15	94
OatlandsCollege,MountMerrion,AnCharraigDhubh	82	72	88
StRaphaela'sSecSchool,St.Raphaela'sRoad,Stillorgan,Blackrock	73	62	85
PresentationConvent,RockfordManor,AnCharraigDhubh	37	29	78
DominicanCollege,CrossAvenue,,Blackrock	64	45	78
NewparkSchool,NewtownparkAvenue,Blackrock	119	95	80
HolyChildCommunitySchool,PearseSt.,Sallynoggin	31	10	32
*RosemontParkSchool,EnniskerryRoad,Sandyford	13	18	138
*LoretoSecondarySchool,SpringfieldPark,Foxrock	81	91	112
CommunitySchool,Cabinteely	60	30	50
St.LaurenceCollege,Loughlinstown	46	16	35
	1637	1603	98

Co Dublin are returning an average of 98% progression to 3<sup>rd</sup> level this figure is distorted by the high number of schools returning numbers in excess of a 100%, three schools score significantly below their peers in the area

DUBLIN14	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
*LoretoHighSchool,Beaufort,GrangeRoad,Rathfarnham	109	115	106
*MountAnville,Goatstown	100	102	102
*DeutscheSchule,St.Kilian's,RoebuckRoad,Clonskeagh	47	43	91
JesusandMaryCollege,OurLady'sGrove,Goatstown	47	40	85
*NotreDameSchool,UpperChurchtownRoad	20	16	80
DeLaSalleCollege,Churchtown,Rathfarnham	55	36	65
	378	352	93

## Fingal

<b>Fingal DES 2018 List of Secondary Schools</b>	<b>Address 1</b>	<b>DEIS (Y/N)</b>	<b>Total Girls</b>	<b>Total Boys</b>	<b>Total Pupils</b>
<b>Loreto Secondary School</b>	Balbriggan	N	1,276		1,276
<b>St Marys Secondary School</b>	Baldoyle	N	312		312
<b>Coláiste Íosagáin</b>	Bóthar Stigh Lorgan	N	494		494
<b>Castleknock College</b>	Castleknock	N		643	643
<b>Mount Sackville Secondary School</b>	Chapelizod	N	680		680
<b>Coláiste Choilm</b>	Dublin Road	N		553	553
<b>Coláiste Ghlór na Mara</b>	Bóthar na hÁille	N	90	90	180
<b>Le Cheile Secondary School</b>	Hollystown Road	N	220	238	458
<b>Hansfield Education Together Secondary</b>	Hansfield	N	181	217	398
<b>Bremore Educate Together Secondary</b>	Naul Road	N	46	100	146
<b>Edmund Rice College</b>	Old School of Horology	N	6	14	20
<b>Balbriggan Community College</b>	Pine Ridge	Y	133	331	464
<b>Colaiste Ghleann na hAbhann</b>	Riversdale Community	Y	135	159	294
<b>St Finians Community College</b>	Swords	Y	306	304	610
<b>Fingal Community College</b>	Seatown Road	N	361	385	746
<b>Skerries Community College</b>	Skerries	N	408	520	928
<b>Colaiste Pobail Setanta</b>	Phibblestown Community	N	555	534	1,089
<b>Donabate Community College</b>	Donabate Community	N	362	424	786
<b>Ardgillan Community College</b>	Castlelands	N	294	565	859
<b>Luttrellstown Community College</b>	Luttrellstown Community	N	373	441	814
<b>Lusk Community College</b>	Raheny Lane	N	280	331	611
<b>Scoil Phobail Chuil Mhin</b>	Cluain Saileach	N	478	590	1,068
<b>Blakestown Community School</b>	Blanchardstown	Y	245	233	478
<b>Portmarnock Community School</b>	Carrickhill Road	N	404	495	899
<b>Malahide Community School</b>	Broomfield	N	612	618	1,230
<b>Hartstown Community School</b>	Clonsilla	N	538	595	1,133
<b>Pobalscoil Neasáin</b>	Baldoyle	N	260	469	729

27 4

1 in Balbriggan, 1 in swords and 2 in Blanchardstown

## Blanchardstown

Blanchardstown DUBLIN15	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
CastleknockCommunityCollege,CarpenterstownRoad,Castleknock	171	172	101
*St.Vincent'sCastleknockCollege,Castleknock	98	86	88
LuttrellstownCommunityCollege,PorterstownRoad,Clonsilla	77	60	78
ColáistePobailSetanta,Phibblestown,Clonee	127	97	76
HartstownCommunitySchool,Clonsilla	189	135	71
CoolmineCommunitySchool,Clonsilla	182	121	66
BlakestownCommunitySchool,Blakestown,Blanchardstown	82	46	56
RiversdaleCommunityCollege,BlanchardstownRdNth,Blanchardstown	50	18	36
	976	735	75

Over all in Blanchardstown, there is a 75% progression the poorest progression is 38%

## North County Dublin

Dublin North	Sat LC	Progression to 3rd Level	%
StJoseph'sSecondarySchool,Rush	99	62	63
BalbrigganCommunityCollege,PineRidge,ChapelSt.,Balbriggan	73	45	62
DonabateCommunityCollege,PortraneRoad,Donabate	127	75	59
LoretoSecondarySchool,Balbriggan	202	202	100
ArdgillanCommunityCollege,Castlelands,Balbriggan	104	53	51
SkerriesCommunityCollege,Skerries	173	121	70
StFiniansCommunityCollege,Castlefarm,JugbackLane,Swords	100	38	38
FingalCommunityCollege,SeatownRoad,Swords	108	61	56
ColáisteChoilm,DublinRoad,Swords	81	68	84
LoretoCollege,Swords	111	89	80
PortmarnockCommunitySchool,CarrickhillRoad,Portmarnock	132	97	73
PobailScoilÍosa,Malahide	180	174	97
	1490	1085	73

Swords have four schools two community school with at 38% and 56% progression rate to third level and two secondary school with an 80 and 84% progression.

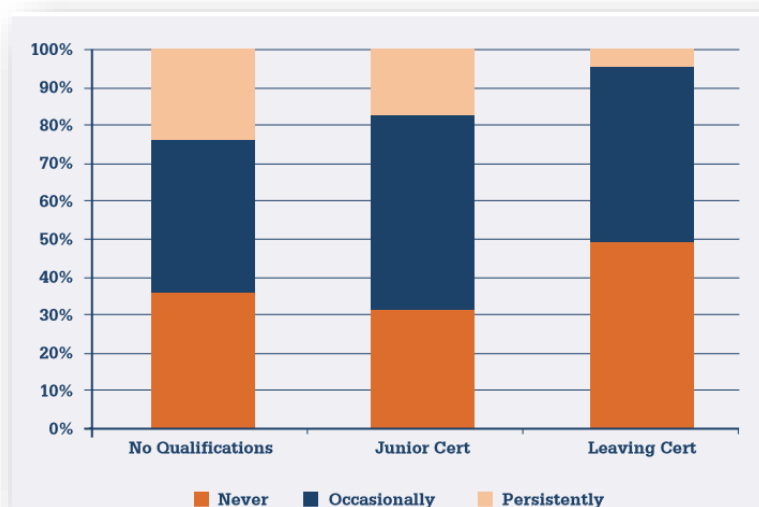
Balbriggan has the two community colleges coming in at 51% and 62% while the secondary school is solid 100%



## School Attendance, Suspensions and Expulsions

The figure for Early School Leavers seems to be very conservative, particularly in the light of the level of school absenteeism that runs at a level of 16% of students in lower second level cycle who are absent for at least 20 days.

The graph below illustrates the extent of absenteeism among second level students at all levels of secondary education and does beg the question when has a young person left full time education and become an early school leaver.



Prevalence of Skipping School During Last Year at School (2007)

Source DES Early School Leavers 2008

Growing Up in Ireland's (GUI)

The Growing up Ireland continues to be rich source of information on our young people and their views attitudes and behaviour, the latest wave is 17-18 year olds and, examines, health, risky behaviours, views on education and satisfaction with life among other items.

The module on educational and early work experience of young people has a table on "liking and disliking school", at the three waves, 17/18 years, 13 year olds and 9 years olds.

Not surprisingly the majority (67%) of young people consistently liked school from primary right through to Leaving Certificate however the proportion disliking school increased with age.

A total of 6% of 9 year olds disliked school, this increased to 11% of 13 year olds and 24% of young people aged 17-18 years. One of interesting points to note is that 18% of the 17-18 years who stated they disliked school at 17-18 reported that they liked school as 9 and 13 year olds.

It raises a number of questions, why do 1 in 5 children "turn off" school during their final cycle?

How does it impact on their performance in school and their progression?

Have these young people effectively “left” school?

**Table 1: 17/18-year-olds classified according to their pattern of liking/disliking school at 9, 13 and 17/18 years of age**

Liked school at...			Percentage young people
9 years	13 years	17/18 years	
Yes	Yes	Yes	67%
Yes	Yes	No	18%
Yes	No	No	4%
No	Yes	Yes	3%
No	No	No	0.5%
Other patterns of like/dislike			8%

**Source:** Growing Up in Ireland’s (GUI) older Child Cohort, 17/18 years of age 2016.

It is estimated that, on average, about 59,900 students miss school each day, consisting of approximately 32,600 primary and 27,300 post-primary students.

Based on population numbers this represents approximately 68,000 primary school students, and 51,400 post-primary students missing 20 days or more during the school year.

3.9% (13,383) of post-primary students were suspended in 2015/16. This represents a small increase from 3.8% in 2014/15 but still below the figures of 4.1% in 2013/14 and 4.5% in 2012/13. Just 0.3 % (1,438) of primary pupils were suspended in 2015/16, a slight increase on the previous year (1,264, 0.2%).

The DDLETB Youth And Sport Services programmes target young people who experience educational disadvantage. This includes early school-leavers and young people who are at risk of not completing their schooling.

Young people from disadvantaged areas continue to have poorer educational outcomes than other young people. The gap in attendance and conduct between those in DEIS schools and those in non-DEIS schools has also widened recently. On the other hand, however, the gap in Leaving Certificate retention rates between students in DEIS and non-DEIS schools has narrowed in recent years, showing a greater improvement for those in DEIS schools.

Reports on school attendance and conduct are published annually by TUSLA there are four variables in the reports. These are

- the total number of days lost through student absence in the entire school year;
- the number of students who were absent for 20 days or more in the school year;
- the total number of students expelled in respect of whom all appeal processes have been exhausted; and
- the total number of students who were suspended.

These variables are disaggregated by school level and by DEIS and non-DEIS schools.

The comparison of students in DEIS and non-DEIS schools are of particular interest here given the focus of the programmes on young people in disadvantaged areas.

DEIS schools have reported higher non-attendance, absence, suspension and expulsion rates than non-DEIS schools, and the gap between DEIS and non-DEIS schools has increased between 2006/07 and 2010/11. In addition, the proportion of student days lost through absence and the proportion of students who were absent for 20 days or more increased in DEIS and non-DEIS schools (although only slightly in non-DEIS schools) between 2006/07 and 2010/11. There was a slight increase in the expulsion and suspension rates for DEIS schools and a slight decrease for non-DEIS schools over the period. The gap for non-attendance increased from 2.72 to 3.94 percentage points. The gap for 20-day absences increased from 11.32 to 13.79 percentage points. The gap in the expulsion rates increased from 0.05 to 0.08 percentage points. The gap in the proportion of suspensions increased from 5.9 to 6.89 percentage points for DEIS and non-DEIS schools. While the non-attendance, expulsion and suspension rates for young people in DEIS schools have increased in recent years, the proportion of children completing the Leaving Certificate has been increasing steadily in both DEIS and non-DEIS schools. Figure 5.2 shows the trend in Leaving Certificate retention rates for DEIS and non-DEIS schools, which measures the proportion of children that started second-level who completed their Leaving Certificate 5 or 6 years later.

The proportion of children enrolled in secondary school in 2006 who completed their Leaving Certificate in 2011 or 2012 was 90.3%, which represents an increase of 9 percentage points from a rate of 81.3% in 2001. The retention rates for children both in DEIS and non-DEIS schools has increased over time. While the retention rate for pupils in non-DEIS schools has increased from 85% for children enrolled in 2001 to almost 93% for children enrolled in 2006, the rate for pupils in DEIS schools has increased from 68% to 80% over the same period. There remains a gap in retention rates between DEIS and non-DEIS schools, although the gap has narrowed from 16.8 percentage points for children enrolled in 2006 compared to 12.6 percentage points for those enrolled in 2001.

Unfortunately neither the DES nor TUSLA break down attendance figures or levels of absenteeism to enable any precise analysis of local attendance issues. The DES give numbers by county or DEIS designation; DEIS Urban Rural and Non DEIS. Tusla gives attendance by county, primary and secondary level and by school type.

For this piece of research, data available in the public domain is used to “guesstimate” the number of young people hitting the 20 day school absences in the DDLETB area. (Absences does not include lates, partial days or suspensions) .

The level of school absences is only calculated for young people under the age of 16 or effectively up to the junior cycle, schools are not required to make attendance returns for young people over 16 years.

Assumptions were therefore made in calculating the figures below. Figure 29 from Tusla Attendance Report 2015-16 is used to obtain the percentage of young people missing 20 days by school type.

<i>Type of school</i>	<i>Mean %</i>	<i>2014/15 N schools</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Mean %</i>	<i>2015/16 N schools</i>	<i>SD</i>
<i>Student/days lost</i>						
Secondary	7.1	368	2.58	7.2	365	2.58
Comm. / Comp.	8.4	94	2.94	8.7	93	3.00
Vocational	9.4	233	3.99	9.6	226	3.81
<i>Total</i>	8.0	695	3.33	8.2	684	3.28
<i>20-day absences</i>						
Secondary	14.1	367	9.05	13.1	371	9.52
Comm. / Comp.	19.3	94	11.36	17.7	94	10.81
Vocational	21.5	234	12.87	20.2	230	12.10
<i>Total</i>	17.3	695	11.31	16.1	695	11.10

Figure 32 Source School Attendance Data Primary and Post Primary 2015-16

The above “% of 20 day absences” by school type is applied to all second level students in each of the local authority areas that correspond to the DDLETB area.

The figures used are those accounted for by the school type, secondary, vocational, and community/comprehensive institutions supported by DES.

<b>Local Authority</b>	<b>Grand Total<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>Absent for more than 20days</b>
<b>Dun Laoghaire Rathdown</b>	14,689	2365
<b>Fingal County Council</b>	21,558	3471
<b>South Dublin County Council</b>	21,616	3480
<b>DDLETB Total</b>	57,863	9316

Table 28 Number of Second level pupils by LA area

<sup>3</sup> Number of second level students registered in secondary/vocational and community/comprehensive schools these numbers include PLC numbers which accounts for about 10%

DDLETB	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
South Dublin	3571	3837	3,480
Fingal	3153	3459	3,471
Dun Laoghaire-Rathdown	2703	2778	2,365

Estimated number of students who are ABSENT for a minimum of 20 days.

The figure below present the numbers of young people missing a minimum of 20 days by school type and year across the DDLETB Area

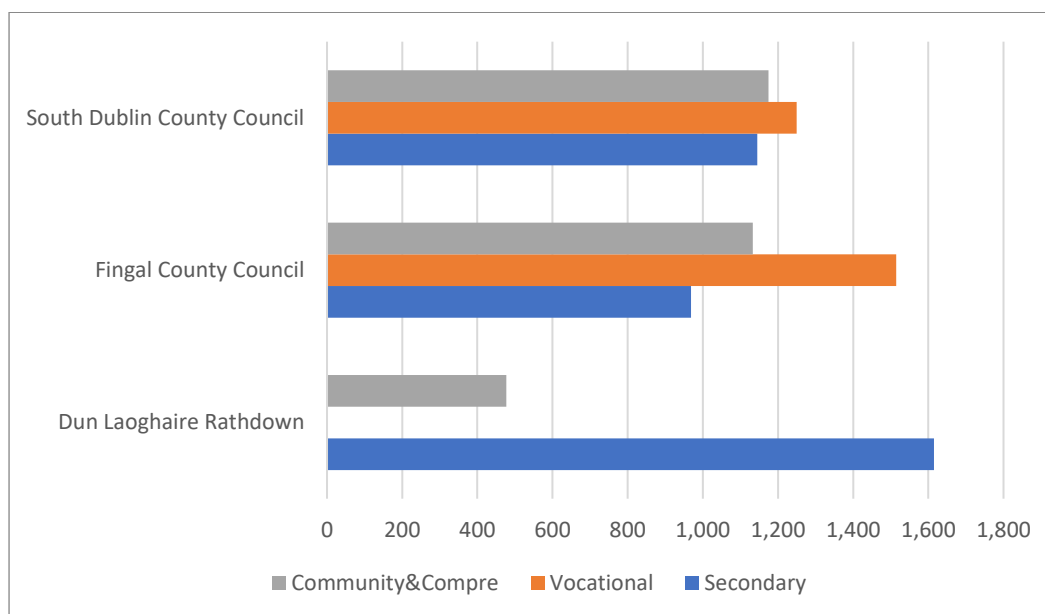


Figure 33 Students missing more than 20 days 2015-16 DDLETB Area

The figures presented do not include days lost to suspension, reduced hours, lates or partial days and therefore these figures should be treated as a very conservative estimate of the extent of early school leaving in the DDLETB area.

The figures show a slight decrease in the number of absences across the three regions between 2014 2015 and 2016 returns.

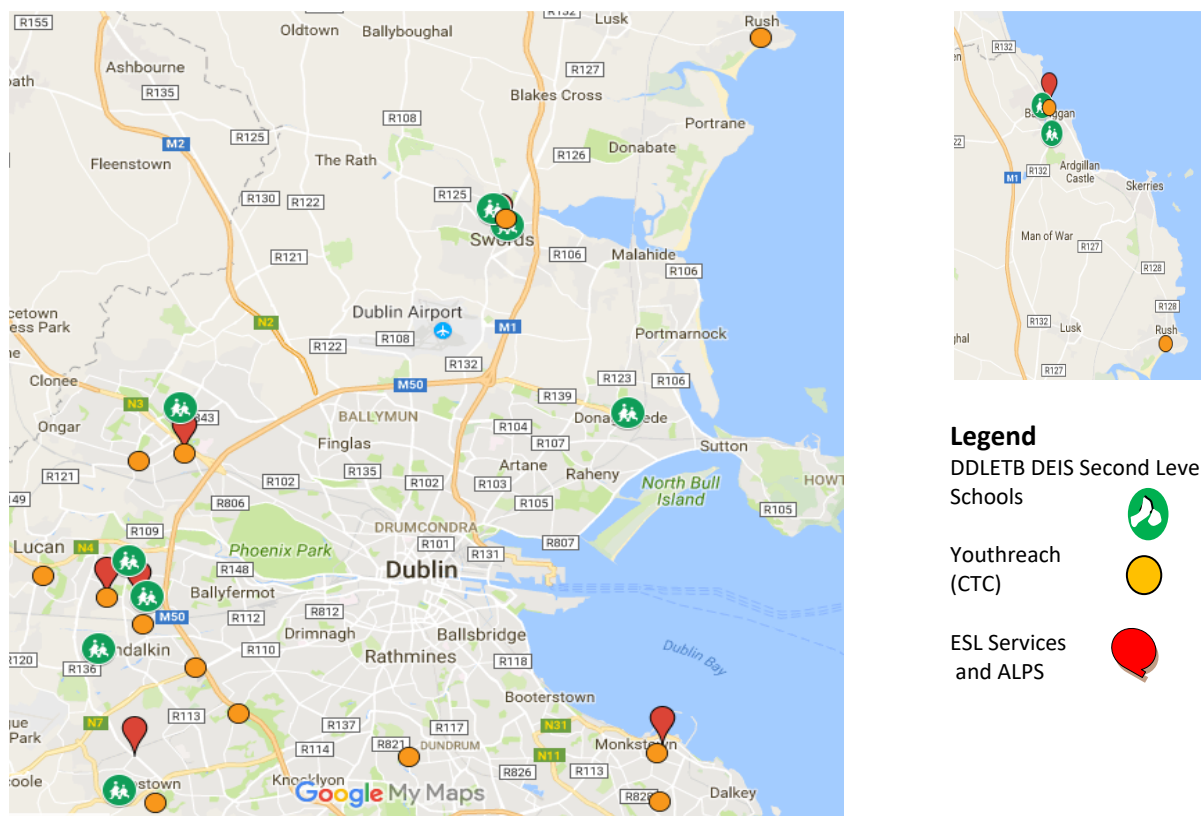


Figure 34 DDLETB Services to ESLS

## Youthreach

Youthreach programmes cater for 15-20 year old early school leavers, with little or no qualifications and for priority target groups as set down by the Department of Education and Skills, from time to time. The course subjects are learner-centred and experimental with a strong emphasis on achievement and on developing the capacities of the participants. The programmes seek to promote the participants sense of self-worth and identity as well as a pride in their abilities and work.

## Sports & Recreation Centres

Firhouse Sports Complex  
Palmerstown Community School Sports Complex  
Collinstown Park Sports Complex  
Killinarden Community School Sports Complex  
Phibblestown Community Centre

## Section 4 DDLETB Youth Service Provision Overview

DDLETB Youth and Sports Development has subdivided the 3 local authority areas into 6 sub areas.

Originally, the old County Dublin VEC managed youth services in areas identified as ones with greatest need, Blanchardstown, Clondalkin and Tallaght hence there is an historical concentration of services in these areas, whereas North County Dublin has relatively underdeveloped services.

When County Dublin VEC and Dun Laoghaire VECs amalgamated in 2013 as well as increasing the service area significantly brought with it a range of long established youth services.

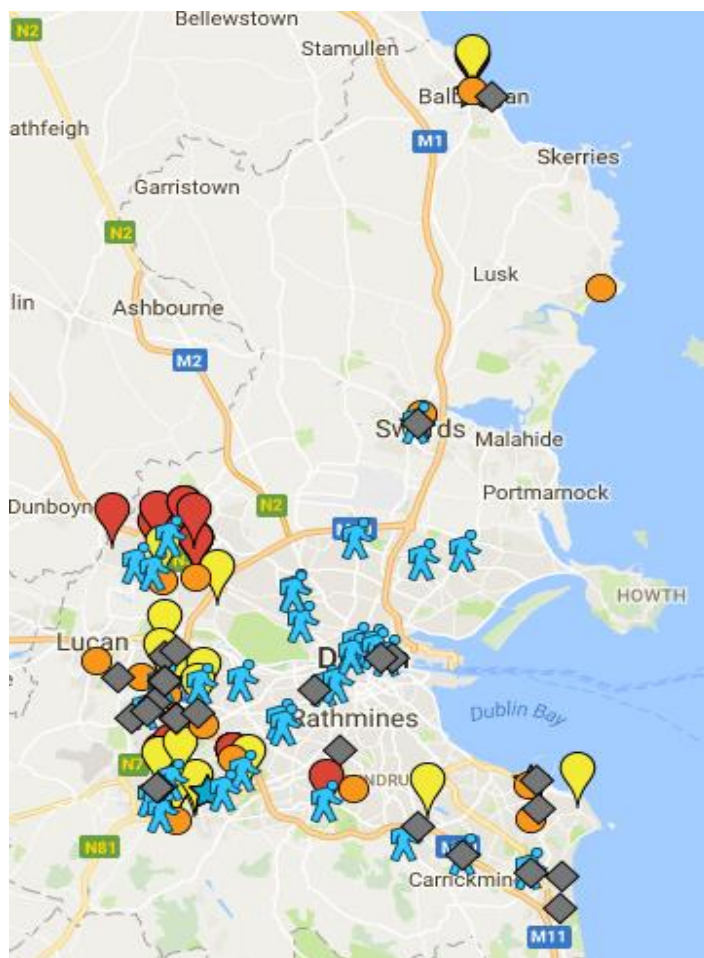


Figure 35 Service Area with provision 2017



DDLETB Youth and Sport Development Services is one of the largest youth services in the country. It provides a wide range of supports that enable the delivery of educational, recreational and developmental programmes, projects and services to disadvantaged young people through partnerships with voluntary groups, voluntary youth organisations and other national service providers. As well as financial supports, Sport Development Service provides co-ordination, advice, training and information.

DDLETB STAFF	Staff Numbers
Development Officer for Youth & Sport	1
Regional Youth Officer	3
Youth Sport Officer	3
Staff Officer /Admin	1

Services: Local Youth Club Grant Scheme



## Services Funding Streams and Purpose

### Voluntary Grants Scheme

This Scheme provides funding for the support of youth work activities at a local level. These grants are made available to youth clubs and groups through Dublin & Dún Laoghaire ETB.

The Scheme was revised in 2008 to respond to the realities and practicalities experienced by local voluntary youth groups in the provision of activities to young people. It is intended that the Scheme, will be more inclusive, have greater reach and will both support and promote volunteerism as well as club activity at local level. Operating under strict Registration conditions

Services: YPFSS



The Young People's Facilities and Services Funding (YPFSF) was established in 1998 as part of the Government's overall strategy to tackle drug misuse and to assist in the development of preventative strategies/initiatives in a targeted manner through the development of youth facilities, (including sport and recreational facilities) and services in disadvantaged areas where a significant drug problem exists or has the potential to develop. The objective of the Fund is to attract "at risk" young people in disadvantaged areas into these facilities and activities and divert them away from the dangers of substance abuse. The target group for the Fund are 10-21 year olds who are marginalised through a combination of risk factors relating to family background, environmental circumstances, educational disadvantage, involvement in crime and/or drugs, etc.

Funding allocated under the YPFSF has provided support to in the region of 500 facility and services projects. The initiatives being supported include;

- the building, renovating or fitting out of community centres, youth facilities and sports clubs so as to provide suitable accommodation for programmes and services geared for the most "at risk" young people in an area,
- funding a number of purpose-built youth centres which provide a focal point for youth activities in an area and youth,
- outreach and sports development workers have been appointed to work on the ground with the target group offering developmental activities, sporting and educational programmes for young people who have traditionally found themselves outside the scope of mainstream youth work.

#### Youth Information Centres

The Youth Affairs Unit provided resources for the development of a network of Youth Information Centres a number of which were located in the County Dublin VEC and the DLR VEC

Youth Information Centres provide young people with easy access to information on rights, opportunities, benefits, health, welfare and other matters. This service also helps those looking for advice and help concerning emigration and mobility within Europe. This Scheme is administered by the Vocational Education Committees on behalf of the Youth Affairs Unit of the Department of Children and Youth Affairs.

#### Special Projects for Youth (SPY)

These grant-aided youth work initiatives aim to facilitate the personal and social development of participants to realise their potential. In addition, they present opportunities for young people to undertake actions corresponding to their own aspirations and to assume responsibilities within their local communities.

The SPY project also engages and works with parents, schools, and other local agencies and volunteers to enhance the quality of the youth service. The overall aims are to support young people to reach their full

potential through personal development and raising awareness on issues that affect young people's lives. SPY also provides support & information and a safe space for young people to meet and be themselves.

A scheme of grants is made available in respect of special out-of-school projects for disadvantaged young people. Priority is given to projects in the spheres of special youth work initiatives, young homeless people, young substance abusers and young travellers. Grants are allocated to organisations and groups for specific projects which seek to address the needs of young people who are disadvantaged, due to a combination of all or some of the following factors:

The grant-aided youth work initiatives aim to facilitate the personal and social development of participants to realise their potential and in particular to equip them with the knowledge, skills and attitudes necessary for their appropriate integration in society. In addition, they present opportunities for young people to undertake actions corresponding to their own aspirations and to assume responsibilities within their local communities.

The SPY focuses on tackling unemployment, increasing educational attainment and combating crime among young people, while the LDTF 1997 and the YPFSF 1998 focus on reducing drug use among young people.

Services: SPY

The Special Projects for Youth (SPY) were introduced in the mid-1980s, targeting the needs of young people who are disadvantaged due to a combination of all or some of the following needs:

- high youth population;
- youth unemployment;
- dependence on social welfare/unemployment assistance;
- social isolation;
- drug/substance abuse;
- homelessness (including temporary homelessness);
- problems of juvenile crime, vandalism and truancy;
- inadequate take-up of ordinary educational opportunities.

Services: LDTF

The Local Drugs Task Force (LDTF) programme was set up in 1997 and sought to encourage young people not to engage in drug-taking.

The Young People's Facilities and Services Fund (YPFSF) Round 1 & 2 was established in 1998 to assist in the development of preventative strategies/initiatives in a targeted manner through the development of youth facilities in areas where a significant drug problem exists or has the potential to develop.

The programme aims to attract 'at risk' young people and 'divert them away from the dangers of substance abuse'. The target group is 10-21 year-olds who are marginalised through a combination of risk factors relating;

- to family background,

- environmental circumstances,
- educational disadvantage and
- involvement in crime and/or drugs.

The 119 projects in operation in the DDLETB are funded from a variety of programmes in operation for some 30 years. The SPY was established in the mid-1980s to increase the life chances of young people from disadvantaged areas.

<b>Funding Line</b>	<b>Funding Scheme</b>	<b>No Of Projects</b>
<b>Dept. of Education &amp; Skills</b>	Mainstreamed Drugs Task Force	3
	Social Inclusion	1
<b>Dept. of Health, Drugs Policy Unit</b>	Emerging Needs	2
	Interim Drugs Task Force	9
	Regional Drugs Task Force	4
<b>Dept. of Children &amp; Youth Affairs</b>	Special Projects for Youth	19
	Youth Information Centres	2
	YPFSFR I	26
	YPFSFR II	41
	Mainstreamed Drugs Task Force	9
	Revised Youth Funding Scheme	2
<b>Child &amp; Family Agency</b>	Tusla	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>119</b>

*Table 29 DDLETB projects by funding line*

<b>DDLETB Sub Area</b>	<b>No: Projects</b>
<b>Blanchardstown</b>	16
<b>Clondalkin/Lucan</b>	26
<b>Dun Laoghaire</b>	35
<b>Kildare, West Wicklow and South Dublin</b>	1
<b>North County Dublin</b>	11
<b>Rathdown-Dundrum</b>	8
<b>Tallaght</b>	22
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>119</b>

*Table 30 DDLETB Funded Projects by Area*

The programmes are delivered by and large through voluntary youth work organisations. The Irish youth work sector is organisationally and thematically diverse, with a significant infrastructure comprising of voluntary sector and community-based organisations that provide services in the non-formal or out-of-school time domain.

The provision includes full-time staff-led youth organisations and youth services, volunteer-led youth activities, arts, recreational and culture-based initiatives, uniformed and faith-based provision and a range of national programmes in the areas of health promotion, child protection and youth exchanges, which support the youth sector in the provision of services for young people.

The work of local youth projects is assisted and supported by Youth Officers employed by Education and Training Boards (former Vocational Education Committees). These Youth Officers have a dual role in the implementation of the National Quality Standards Framework for youth work in local youth projects, both in supporting youth work projects during the process as well as carrying out an external assessment function in relation to progress being made in improving their practice and service provision.

<b>Delivery Agent</b>
<b>Crosscare</b>
<b>Foroige</b>
<b>Dublin &amp; Dun Laoghaire ETB</b>
<b>Dun Laoghaire Rathdown County Council</b>
<b>South Dublin County Council</b>
<b>Fingal County Council</b>
<b>Football Association of Ireland</b>
<b>Independent Projects</b>
Ballyogan Early School Leavers
Blanchardstown Harm Reduction Drugs Education Worker
Brookfield Youth & Community Centre
Carline Centre of Learning x 3
CARP
Child & Family Programme
Clondalkin Drug Prevention Projects
Clondalkin Travellers Development Group
Cuala Sports & Integration Project
Drug Prevention (DLCTC)
Family Support Project Barnardos
Football Association Of Ireland
Killinarden Community Centre
Killinarden Drug Primary Prevention Groups
Knockmitten Youth & Community Centre
PAKT West Dublin YMCA
PMCA Parents Making Children Aware
Prevention through Education DLRDATF
Remember Us
Slanu Project
South County Dublin Partnership
Southside Community Training Network
Southside Travellers Action Group x 2
St Aengus Community Action Group
St Marks Youth Centre

*Table 31 Projects by Delivery Agent*

The largest service providers in the DDLETB are Foroige and CROSSCARE, these organisation service specific geographical areas the in the DDLETB an over the years in which they delivered they have developed a range of specialism while maintain a strong volunteer ethos.

<b>DDLETB Funded Staff</b>	
<b>Position</b>	<b>Total</b>
Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	11
Caretaker	1
Management Staff	25
Other Staff - caretaker etc	20
Senior Youth Officer	1
Senior Youth Work Staff	19
Social Worker	2
Youth Work Staff	108
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>187</b>

*Table 32 DDLETB Youth Service Staff 2017*

The services and Programmes that operate in the DDLETB plan to have up to 40,000 of young people in structured programmes that are categorised under the National Outcomes fort Children Framework.

Over two thirds of the programmes are aimed at Children Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development and being active and healthy.

<b>NOCI</b>	<b>Participants Planned</b>
<b>Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development</b>	20083
<b>Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being</b>	12845
<b>Connected, respected and contributing to their world</b>	2569
<b>Economic security and opportunities</b>	1299
<b>Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional</b>	3763
<b>Select</b>	50
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>40609</b>

*Table 33 Planned participants by National Outcome for Children 2017*

The target group being addressed is “all” young people in a community, given that most communities in which projects operate are communities in needs no explanation however about a quarter of all programme in the community are targeted at children in need or severe need.

Target Group	Participants Planned
'all' young people in the service catchment area described	26451
young people 'in need' in the service catchment area described	7547
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection in the service catchment area described	1158
young people with 'severe difficulties' in the service catchment area described	374
Other (please specify)	3523
Select	1556
Grand Total	40609

Table 34 Target Group DDELTB Youth Services

Programme Needs	Participants
Select	205
• Support all young people to engage in physical activity, and emphasise its connection to, and impact on, mental health	11331
• Recognise and validate young people's achievement in non-formal and informal learning	5032
• Improve accessibility, flexibility and inclusiveness to educational opportunity, to enable lifelong learning and development, while maintaining a focus on the development of the whole young person	13991
• Provide safe spaces and places for young people to socialise and develop	2546
• Keep young people safe and protected at home, at school and in the community	1162
• Support young people with regard to relationships and sexuality, and provide access to timely and appropriate information	455
• Involve young people in planning and decision making, including at local level, to address the democratic deficit	1240
	6
• Promote the political engagement of young people	440
• Place more emphasis on career guidance and information provision	1192
• Address issues of transition from second-level to third-level education, including career guidance	1107
• Support transitions through the education system and from education to work	43
• Improve access to, and consistency in delivery of, mental health services for young people, regardless	691
• Ensure sustainable communities	1054
• Support young people at critical transition points, such as the move from care/justice system to independent living	24
• Improve employment measures	64
• Improve accessibility, flexibility and inclusiveness to educational opportunity, to enable lifelong learning and development, while maintaining a focus on the development of the whole young person.	26
Grand Total	40609

Table 35 Participants by Programme Need 2017

Over 40000 places are available on 720 programmes planned across the DDLETB Youth Service in 2017.

Almost 1850 volunteer are expected to support 187 full time staff to deliver these programmes.

Young people from DEIS schools continue to experience higher levels of nonattendance, suspensions and expulsions at school and the gap between students in DEIS and non-DEIS schools is widening.

Young people in DEIS schools also have lower Leaving Certificate retention rates, although the gap between students in DEIS and non-DEIS schools has narrowed.

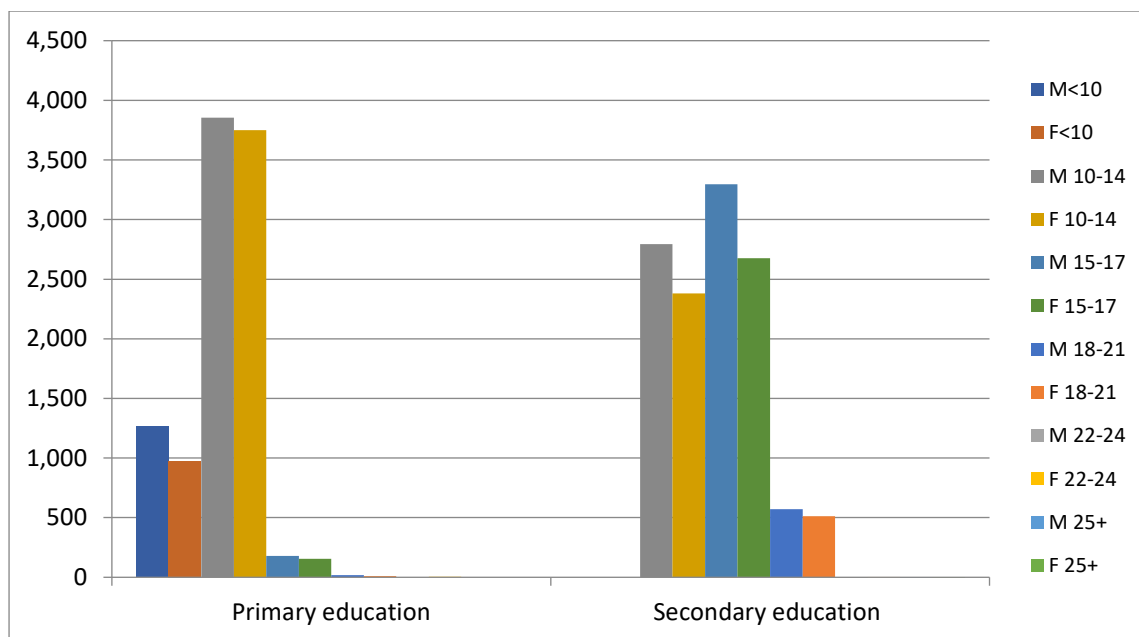
Young people with lower levels of education have experienced proportionately higher unemployment levels and are more likely to not be in education employment or training (NEET) and young people whose parents are in a semi-skilled or unskilled profession are more likely to have engaged in illicit drug use.

In addition, youth crime appears to be more concentrated on a smaller number of young people as the gap between number of referrals to the Garda Diversion Programme and the number of young people referred has widened.

The number of young people in Ireland has been mostly declining since the 1980s. However demographic analysis, predict a sharp bulge in the youth population over the coming years placing significant pressures on housing schools and service providers.

The DDLETB youth programmes target 'at risk' young people who are disadvantaged in different ways, thus the outcomes for young people from DEIS schools, from particular social backgrounds and with low levels of education are particularly significant as measures of disadvantage.

Young people from DEIS schools continue to experience higher levels of non-attendance, suspensions and expulsions at school and the gap between students in DEIS and non-DEIS schools is widening. Young people in DEIS schools also have lower Leaving Certificate retention rates, although the gap here has narrowed. Young people with lower levels of education have experienced proportionately higher unemployment and NEET levels. Young people whose parents are in a semi-skilled or unskilled profession are more likely to have engaged in illicit drug use. In addition, youth crime appears to be more concentrated on a smaller number of young people since the gap between number of referrals to the Garda Diversion Programme and the number of young people referred has widened. For these reasons, along with the projected increase in the overall youth population in the coming years (which will presumably include an increase in the number of young people in disadvantaged areas), there remains a valid rationale for the provision of youth programmes for young people who are disadvantaged.

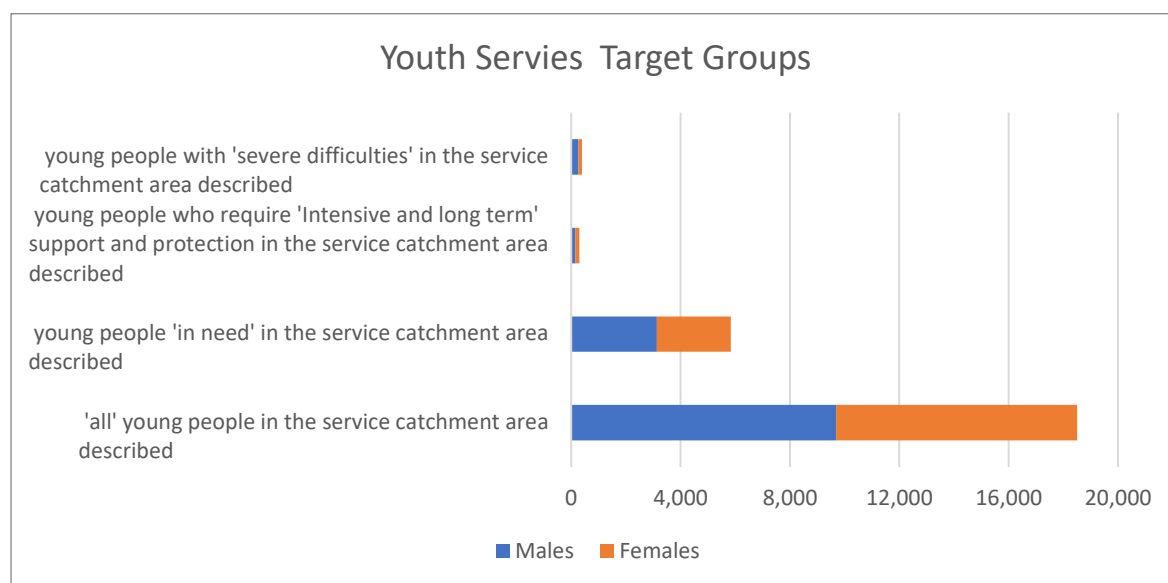


The age and gender make up of the young people targeted by youth services and programme activity are children and young people in transition, transition from primary to secondary school and within secondary school from junior cycle to senior cycle and from education.

The vast majority of service users are all young people from the catchment area, in the case of DDLETB most of the area are disadvantaged areas.



## Youth Service Target Groups



Target Group	M <10	F <10	M 10-14	F 10-14	M 15-17	F 15-17
'all' young people in the service catchment area described	1,158	830	5,351	4,936	2,667	2,369
young people 'in need' in the service catchment area described	7	22	1,048	890	985	644
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection in the service catchment area described	7	0	97	136	15	3
young people with 'severe difficulties' in the service catchment area described	0	0	98	22	141	103
Other (please specify)	137	163	413	385	374	465
Select	0	0	20	10	23	7
Grand Total	1,309	1,015	7,027	6,379	4,205	3,591

The table above focuses mainly of school age young people and the table below post second level.

Target Group	M 18-21	F 18-21	M 22-24	F 22-24	M 25+	F 25+
'all' young people in the service catchment area described	230	215	46	91	240	376
young people 'in need' in the service catchment area described	811	820	216	172	71	154
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection in the service catchment area described	11	3	7	10	8	4
young people with 'severe difficulties' in the service catchment area described	22	5	0	0	0	0

Other (please specify)	115	194	104	174	242	549
Select	0	0	0	0	0	5
Grand Total	1,189	1,237	373	447	561	1,088

Other

Region	Participants Planned	Volunteers Planned
Clondalkin/Lucan	10498	91
Dun Laoghaire	8037	217
North County Dublin	5456	176
Rathdown-Dundrum	594	2
Tallaght	8963	890
Blanchardstown	7061	472
Grand Total	40609	1848

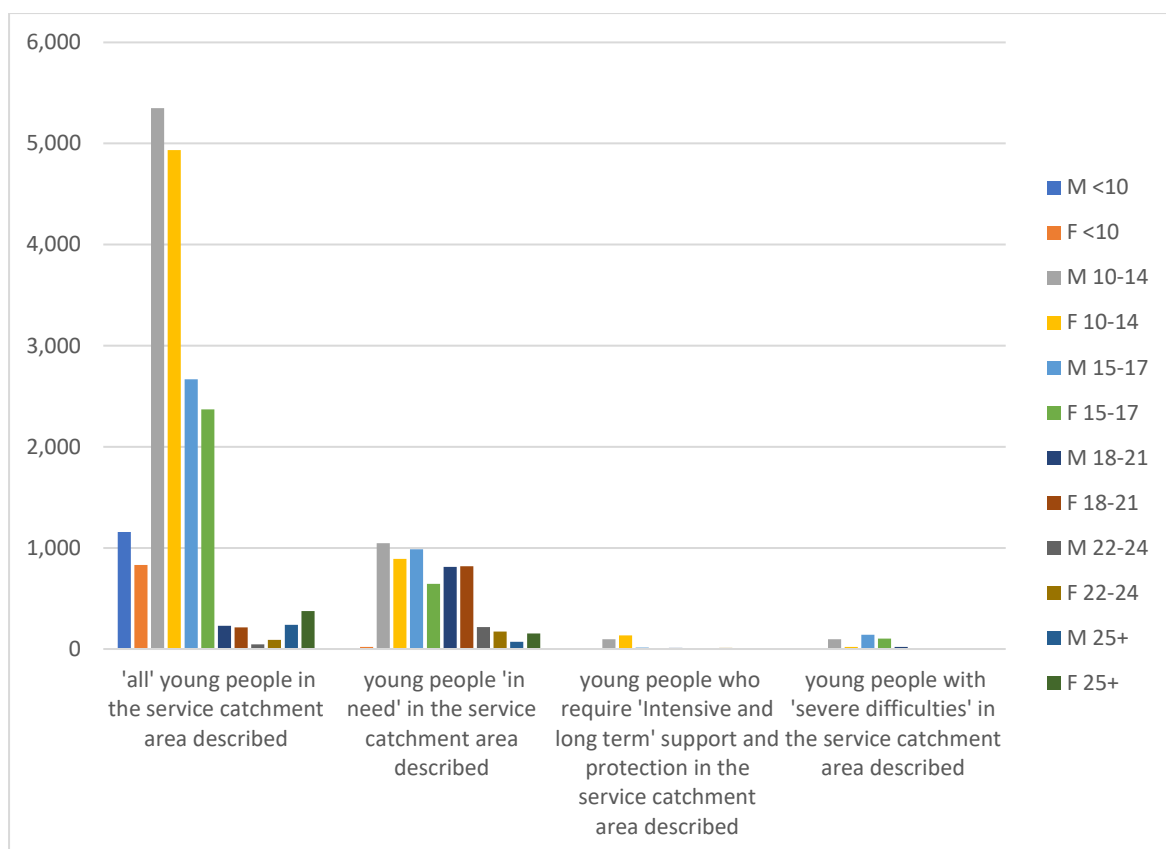
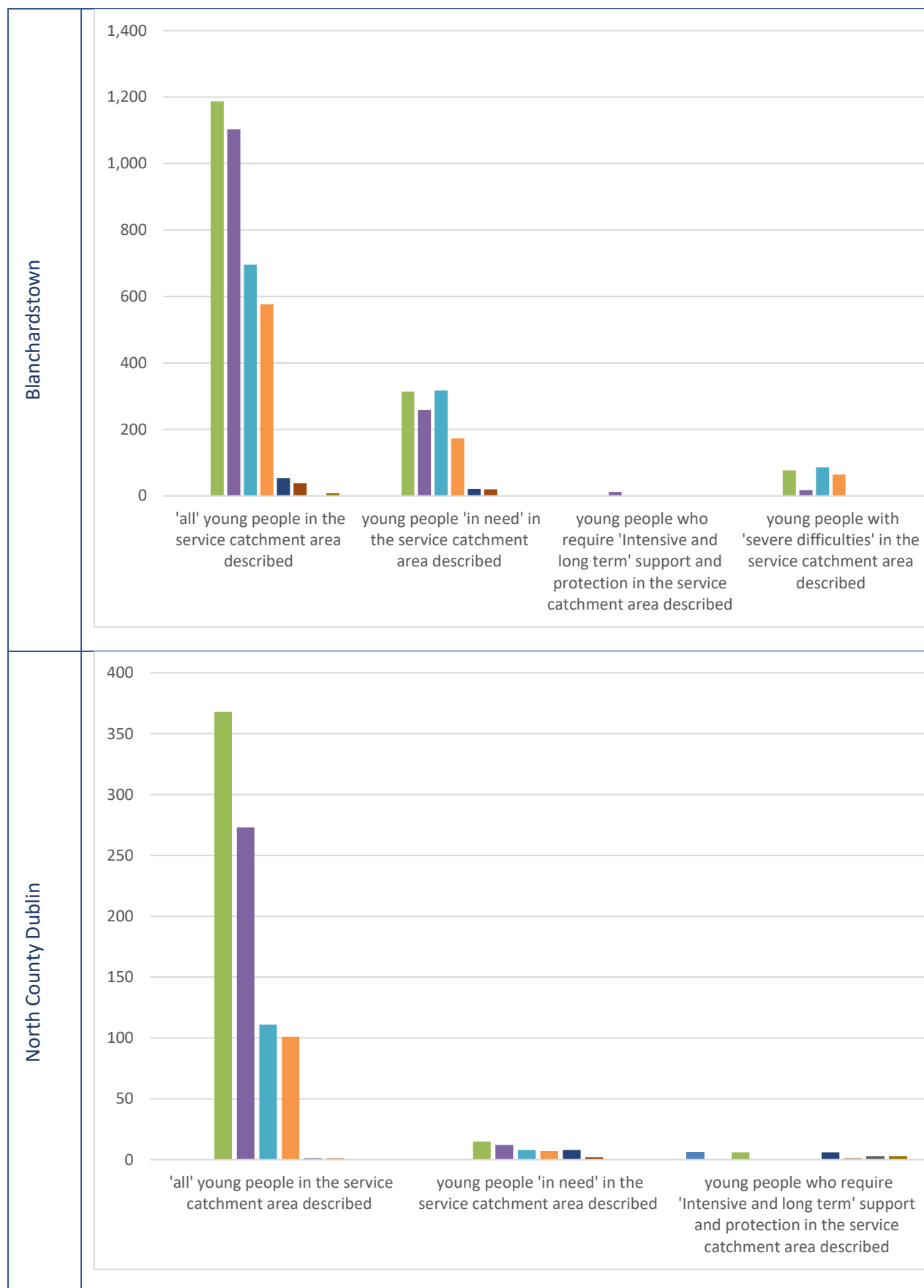
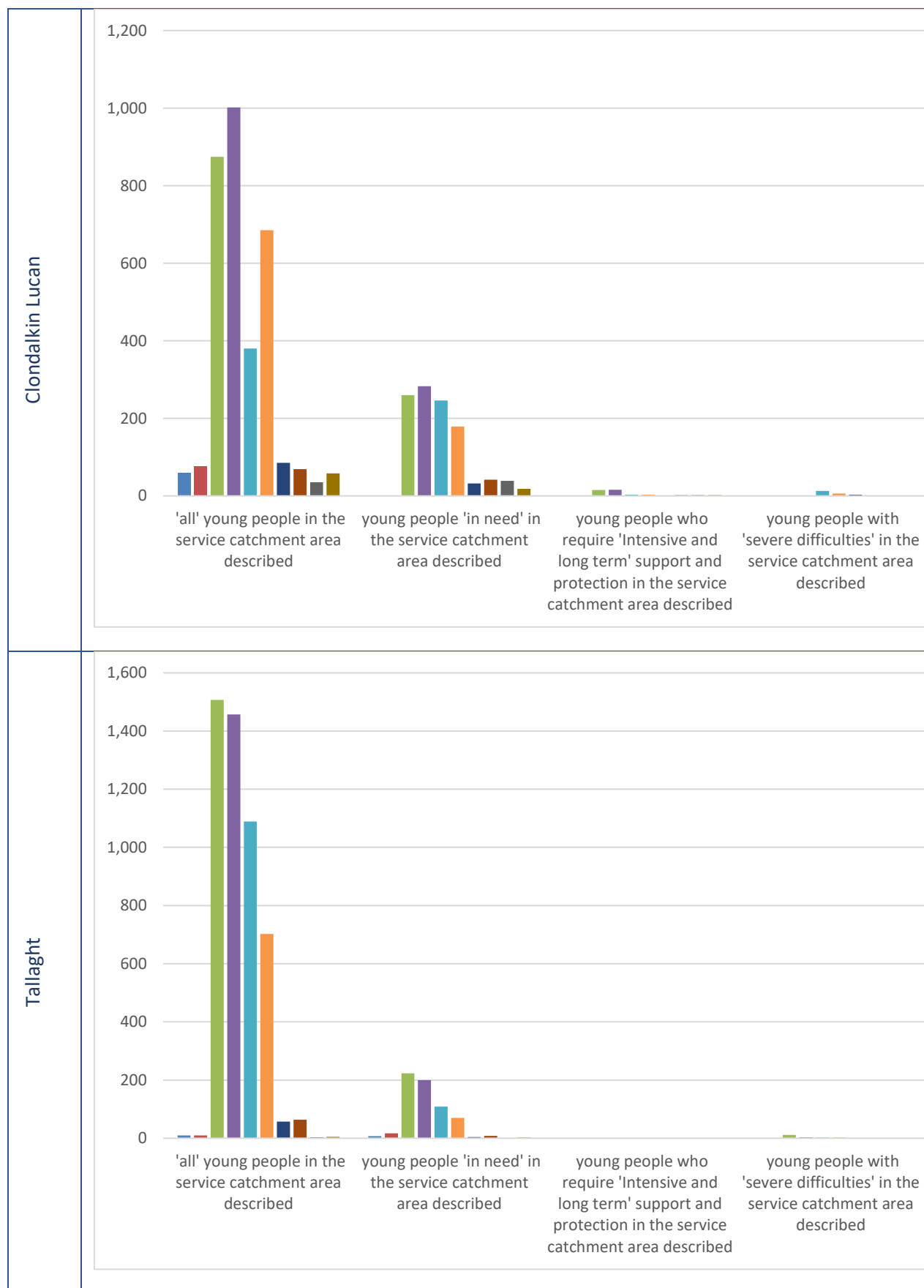


Figure 36 Young people by age, gender, need in DDLETB

By Region	Young people by age, gender, need	<div>M &lt;10</div> <div>F &lt;10</div> <div>M 10-14</div> <div>F 10-14</div> <div>M 15-17</div> <div>F 15-17</div>	<div>M 18-21</div> <div>F 18-21</div> <div>M 22-24</div> <div>F 22-24</div> <div>M 25+</div> <div>F 25+</div>
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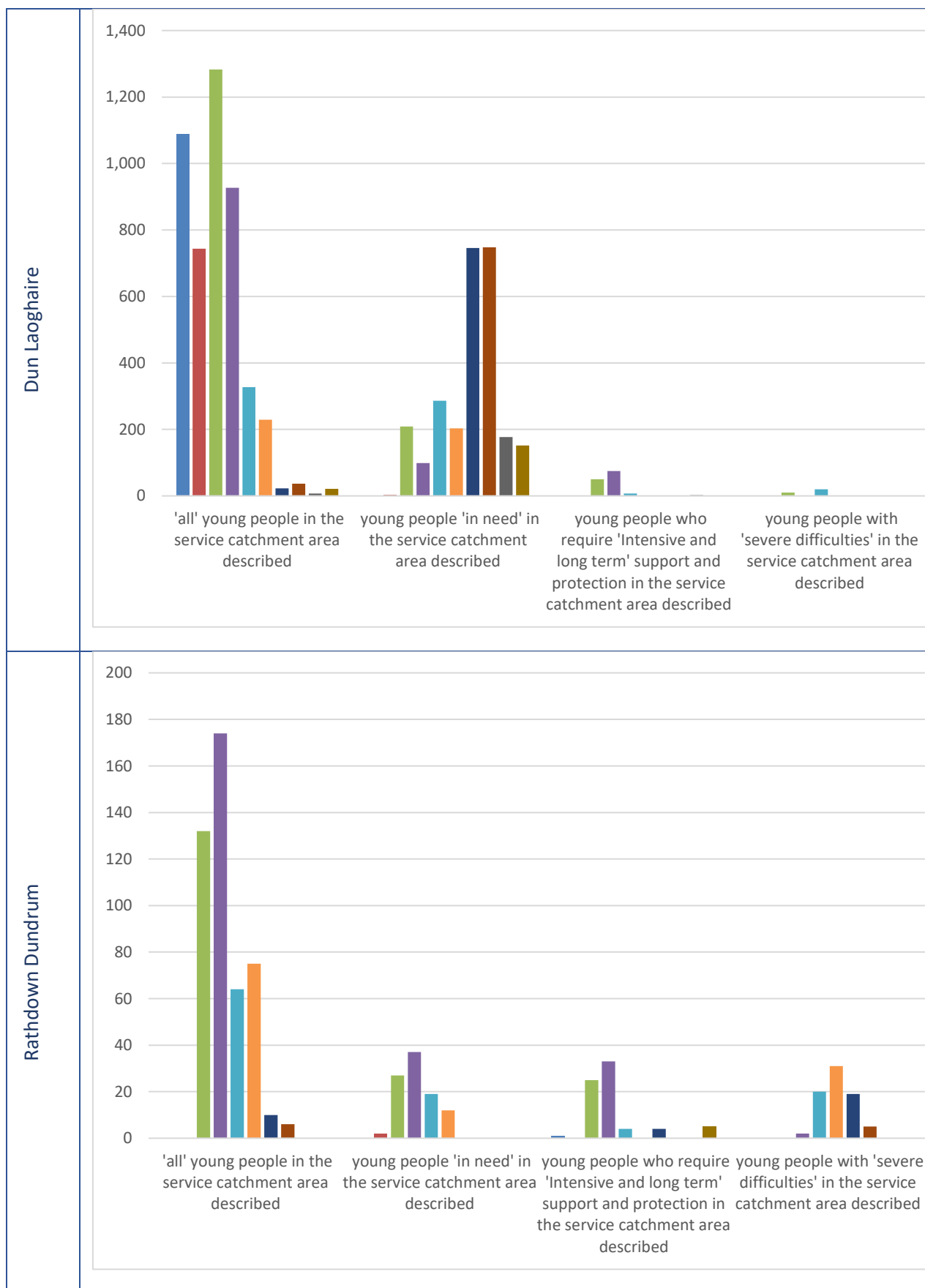


Table 36 Young people by age gender need and region

## Service Delivery

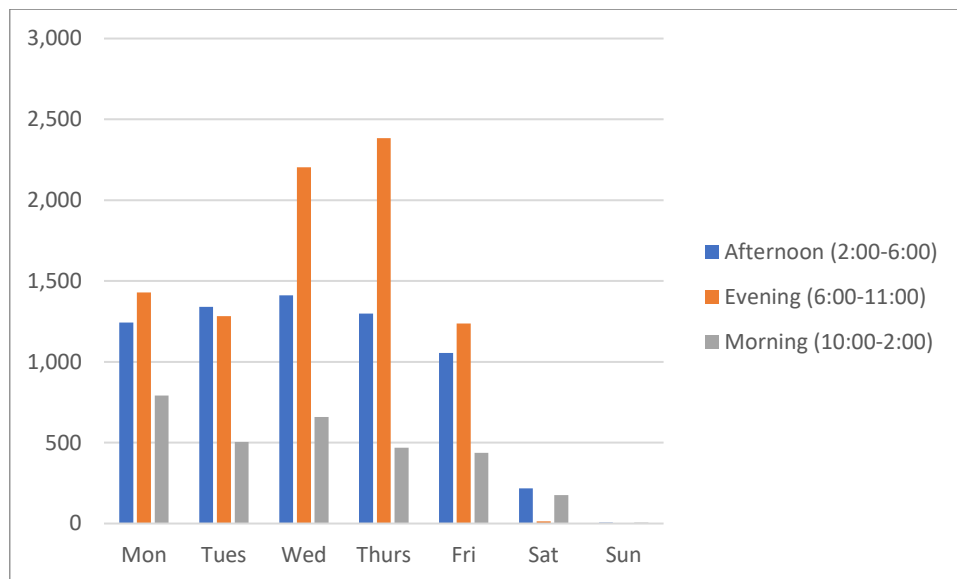
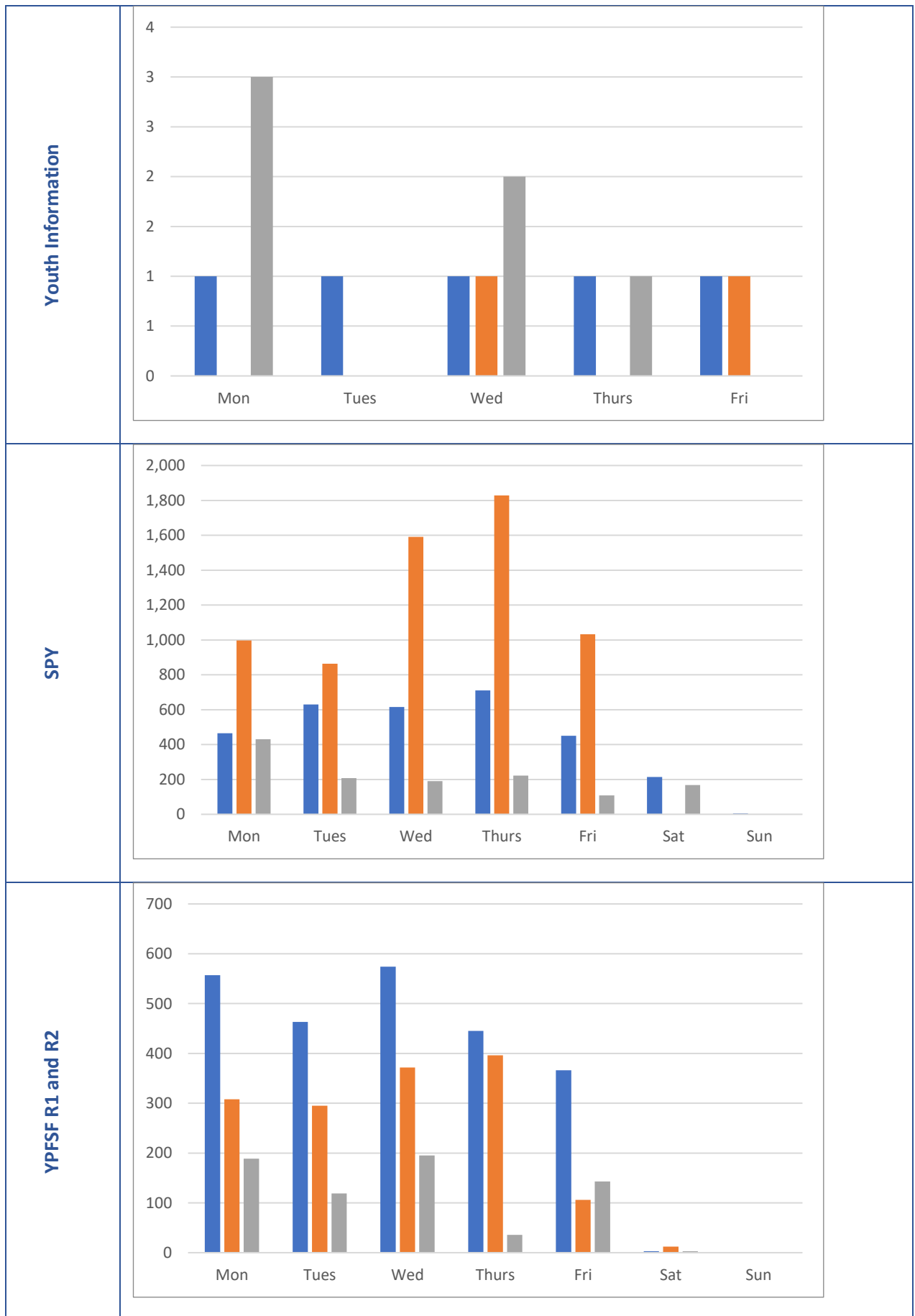


Figure 37 Services by day total area

Sessions	No of Session by day and time of day by fund
Legend	<div> <div>Afternoon (2:00-6:00)</div> <div>Evening (6:00-11:00)</div> <div>Morning (10:00-2:00)</div> </div>





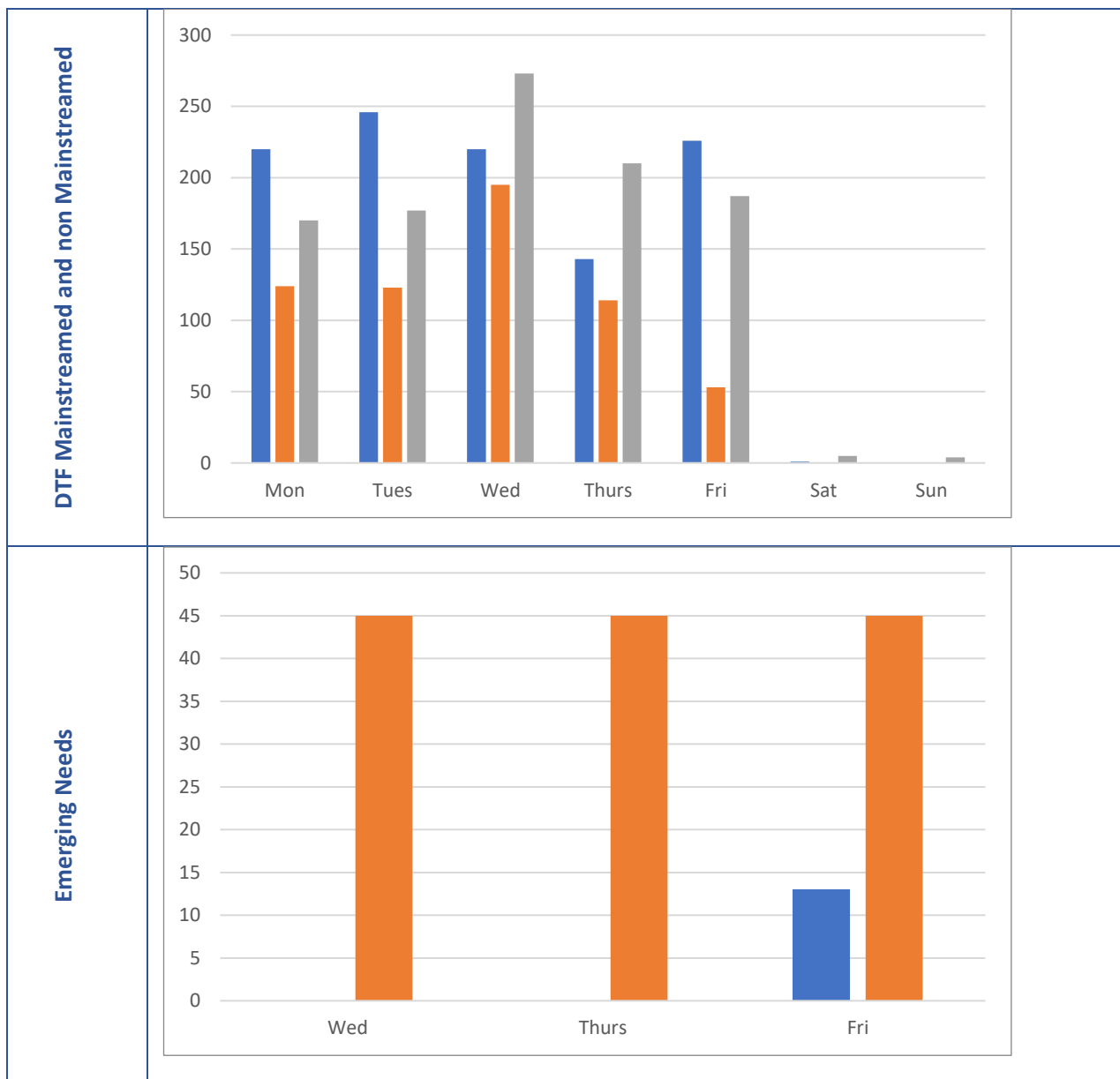
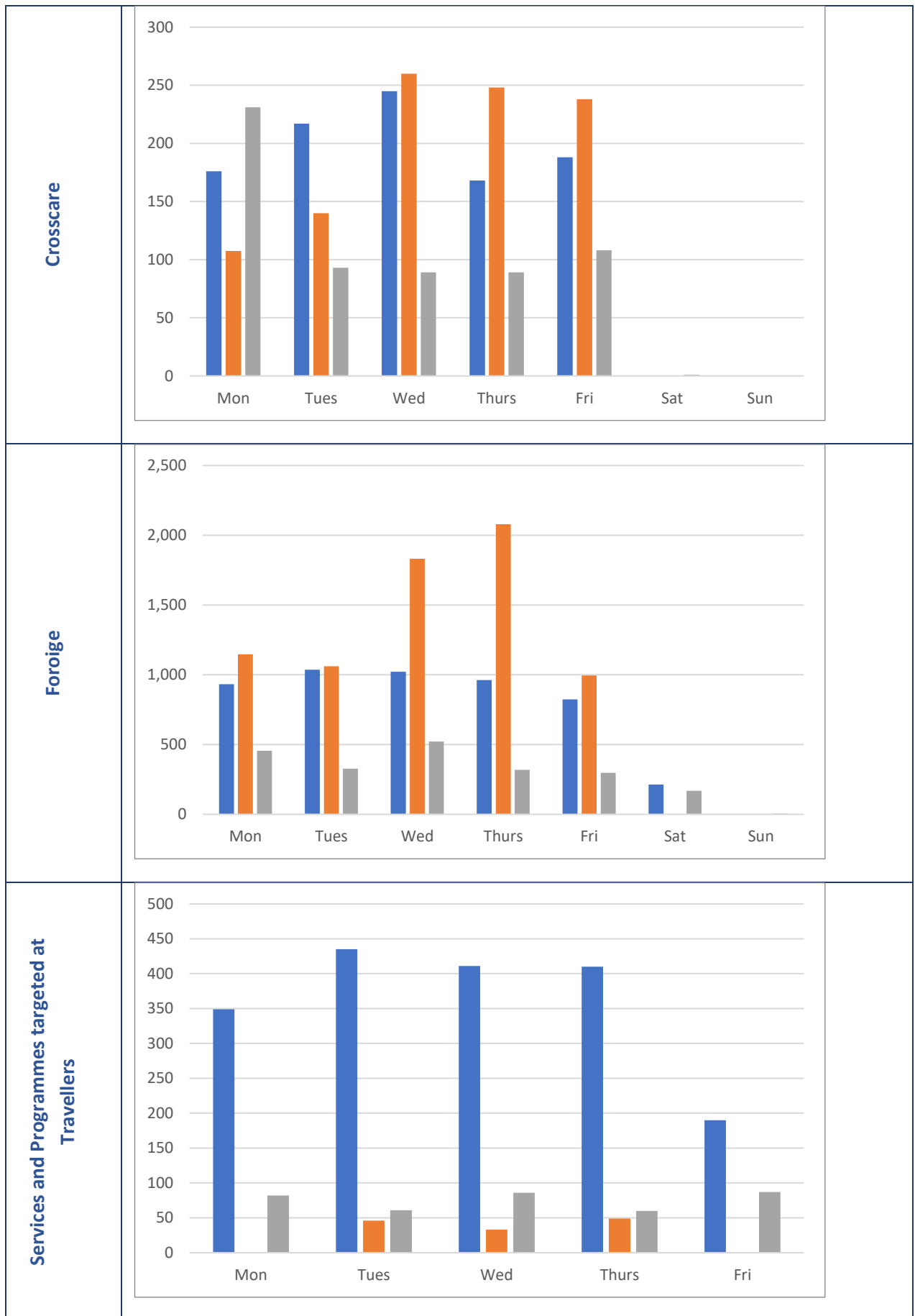


Figure 38 Services by time and Funding Line

Service Providers	Provision by numbers of sessions, by day and by time of day.
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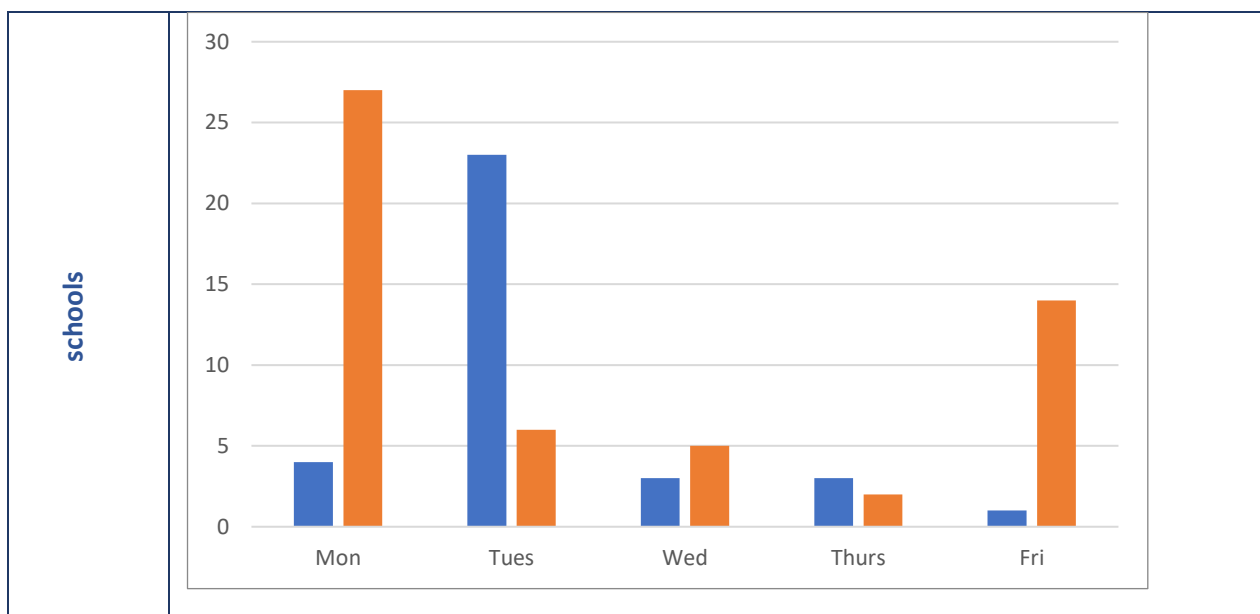
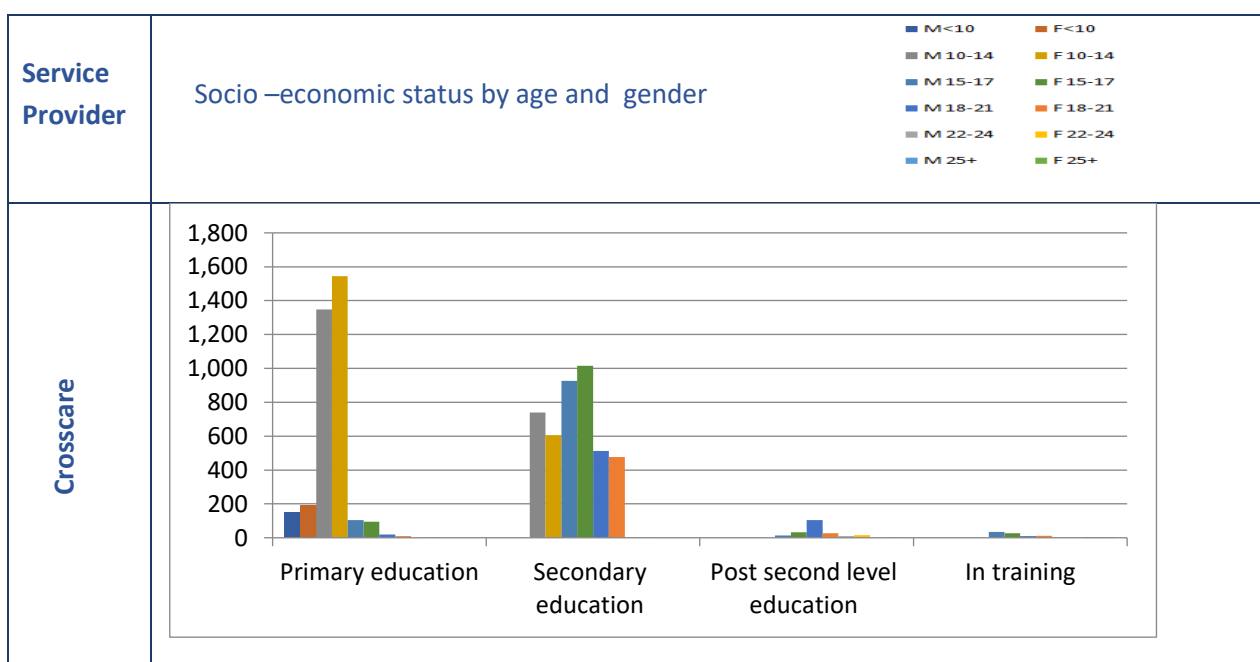


Table 37 Services by time day and service provider



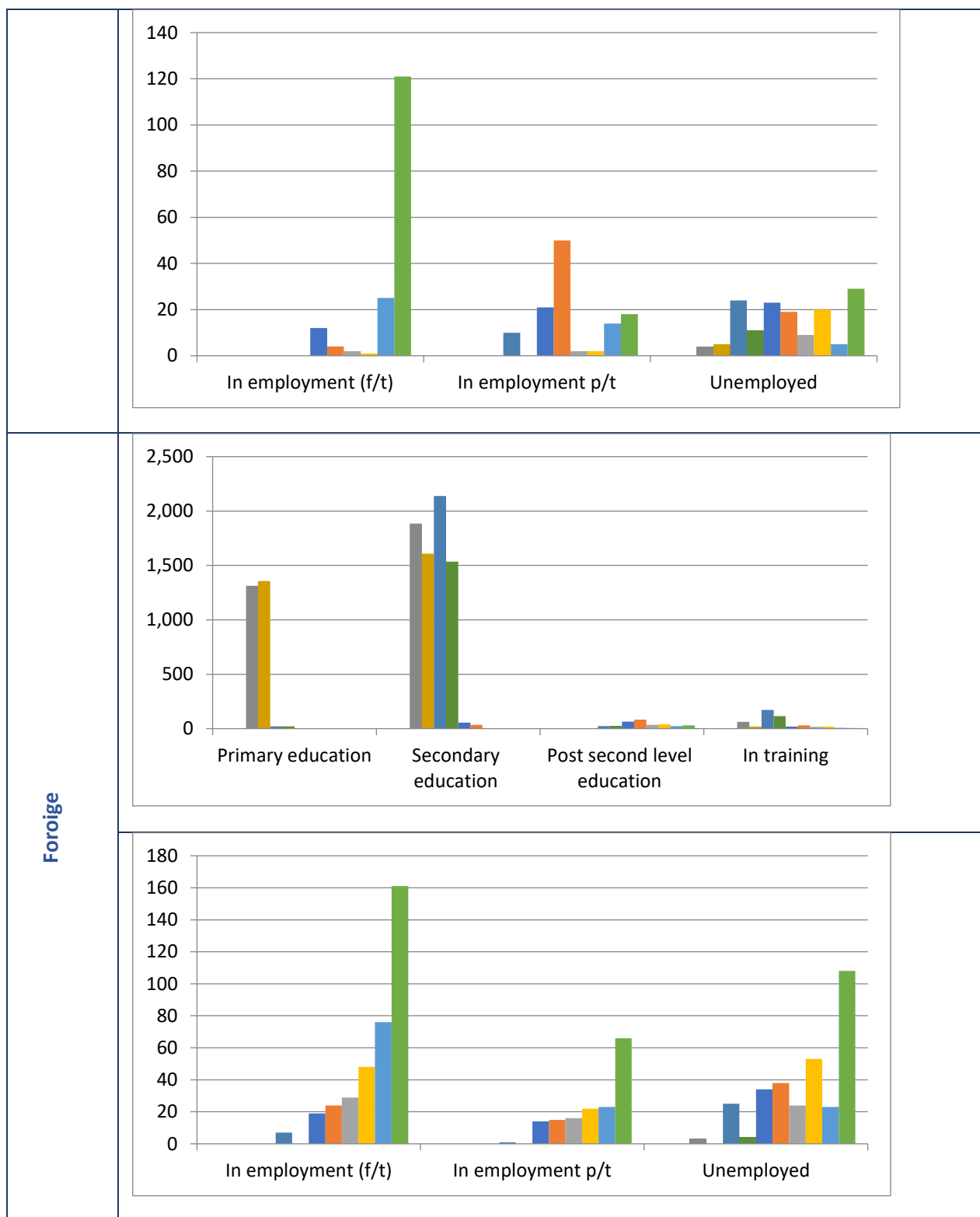


Table 38 Socio status by age, gender and service provider

## Youth Service Type of Activity

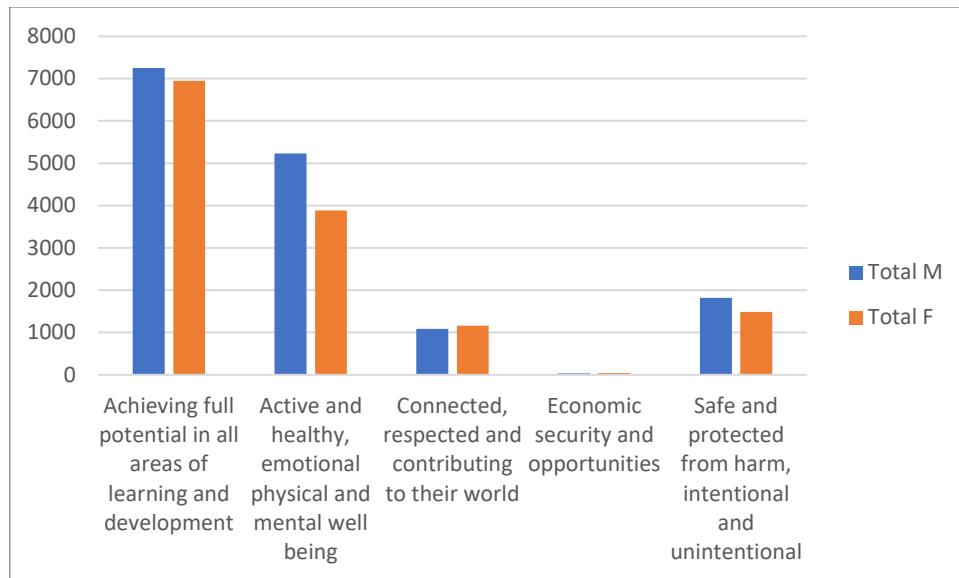
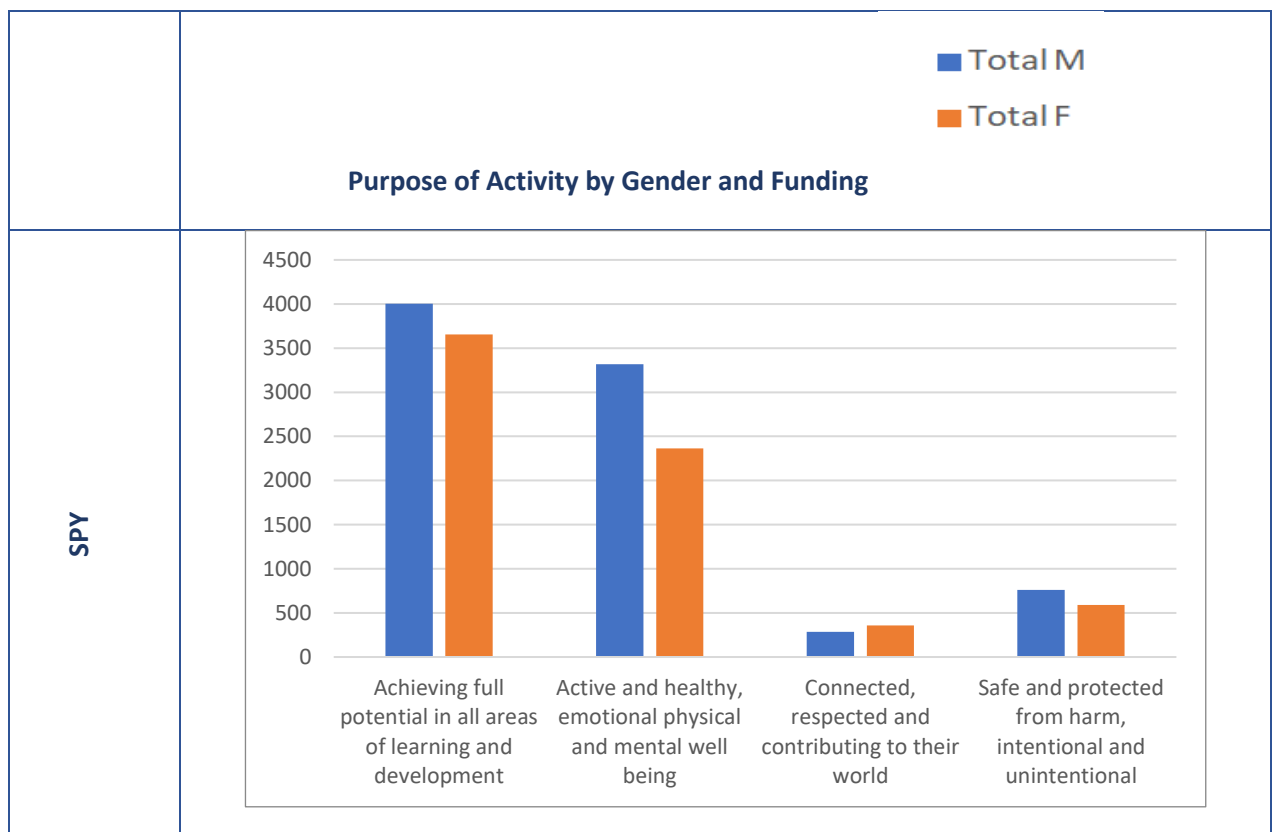


Figure 39 Purpose of activity by gender



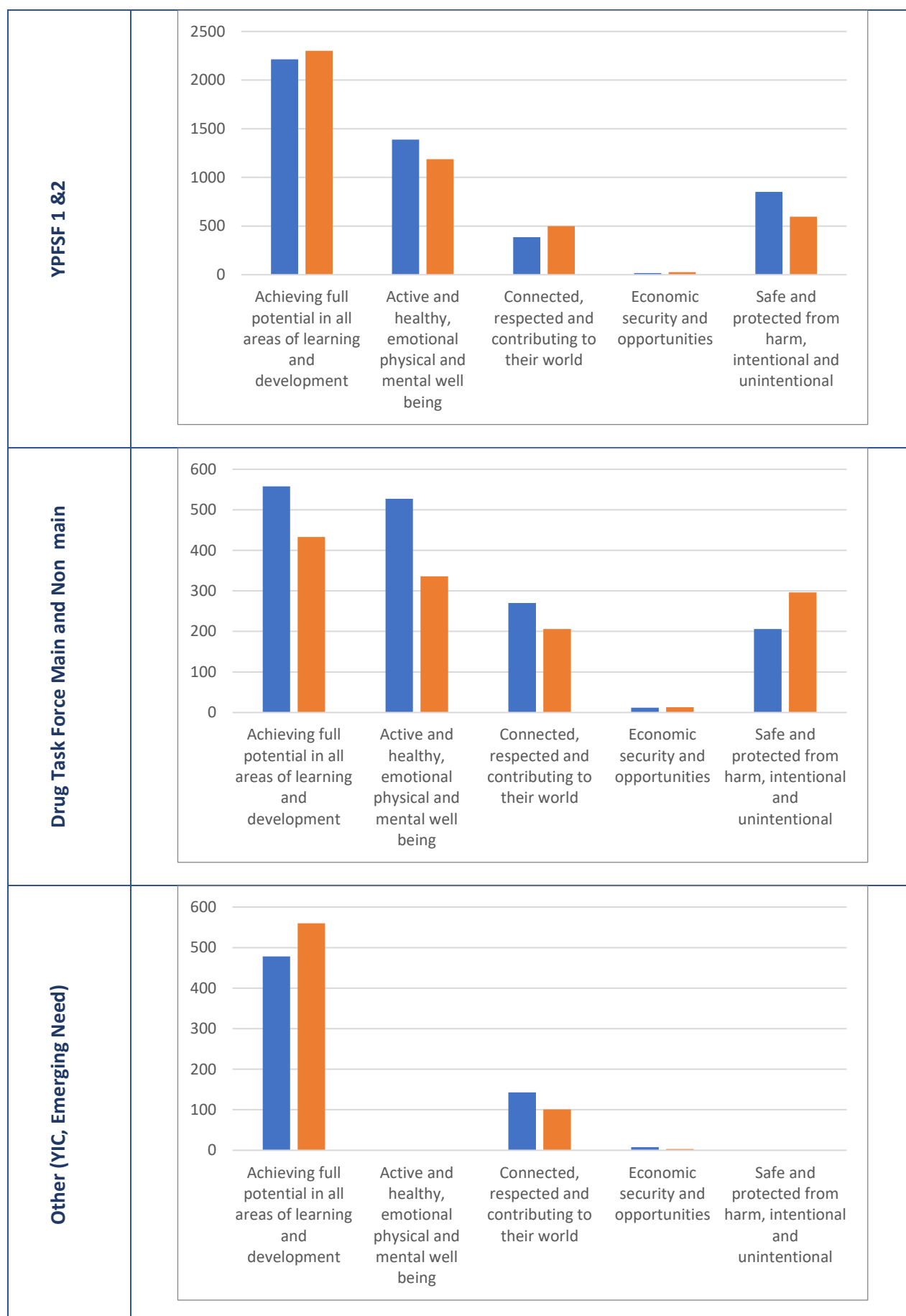


Table 39 Purpose of activity by gender and fund

## Programmes

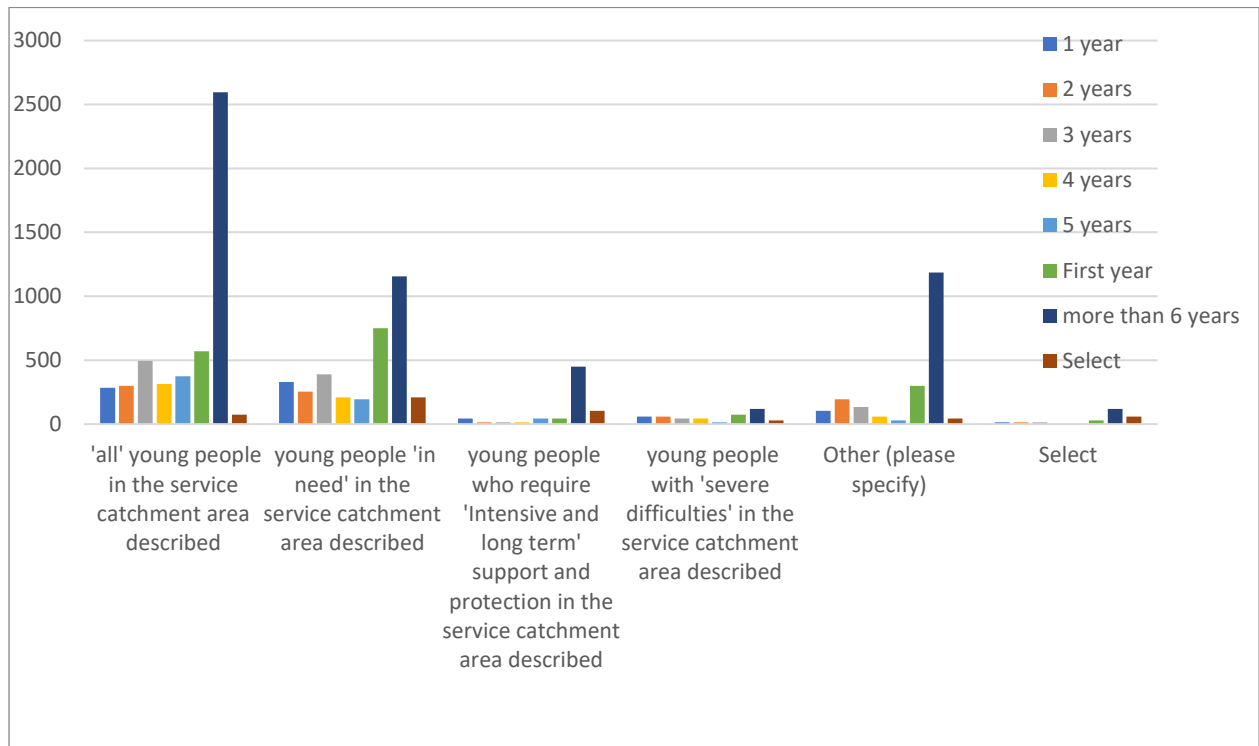
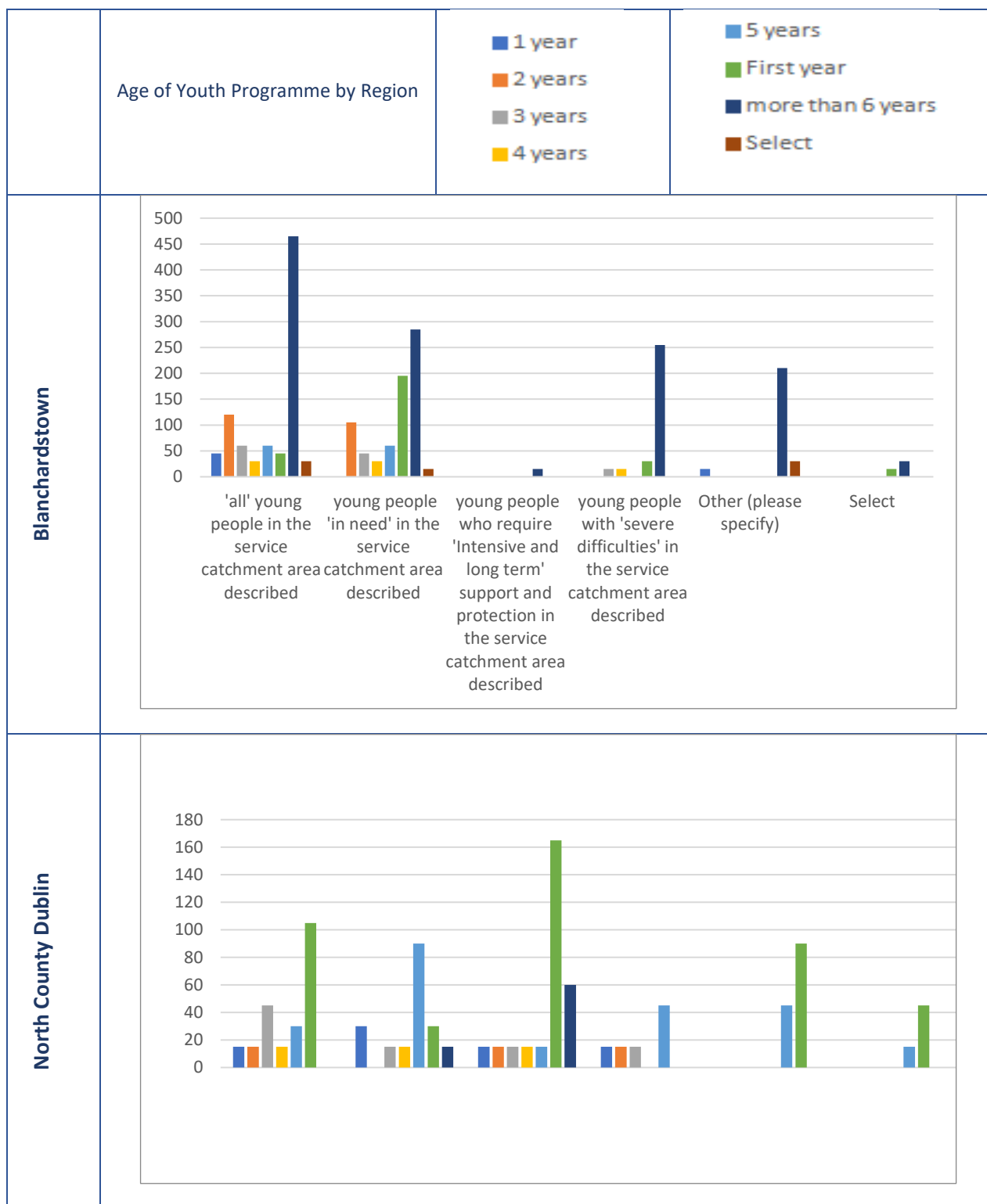


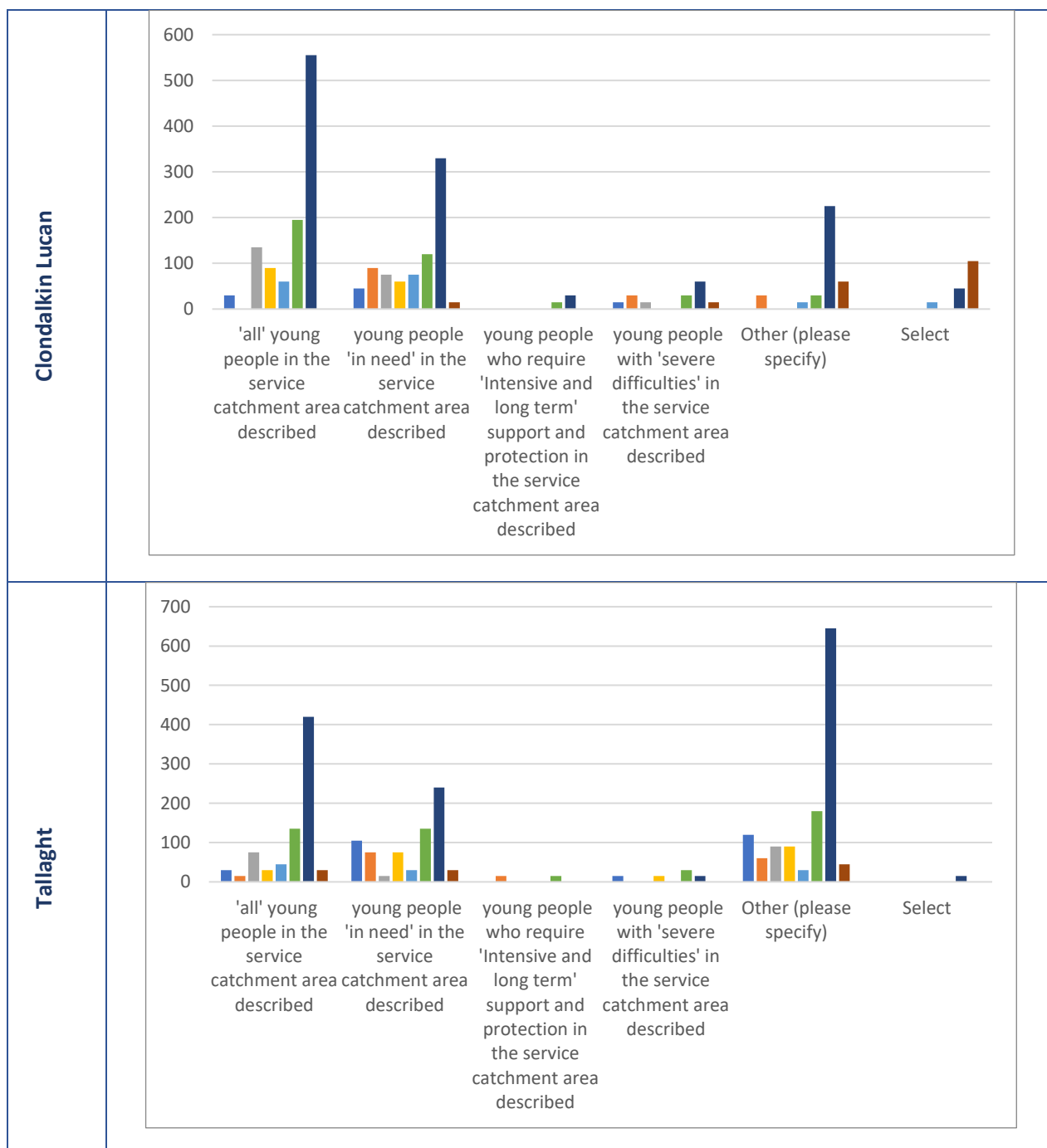
Figure 40 Age of Youth Service Programmes

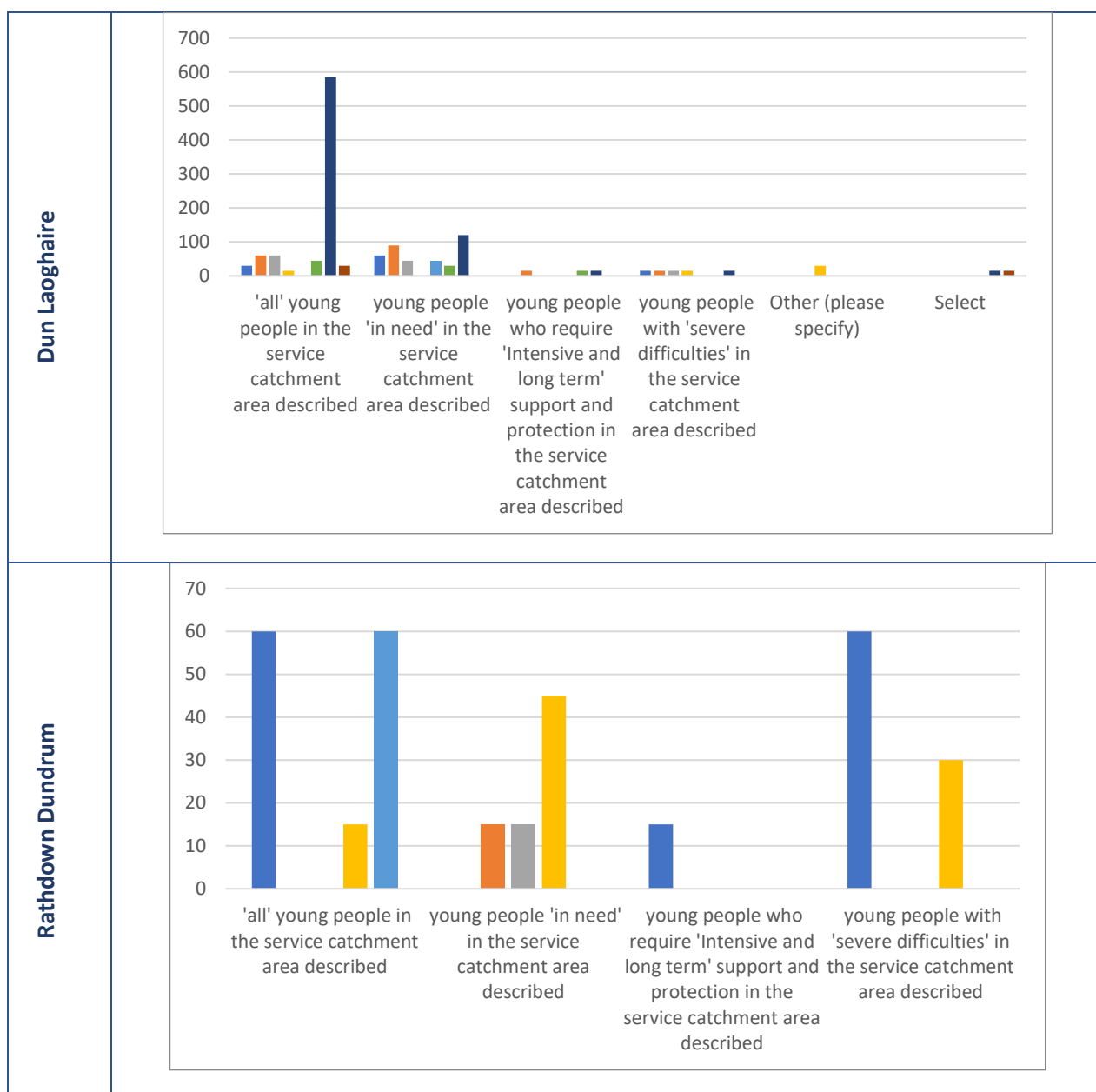
The programmes delivered in the DDLETB have durability, the vast majority of programmes have been in operation for 6 years or more.

Although all regions are innovating with a significant number of programmes in their year active in regions.







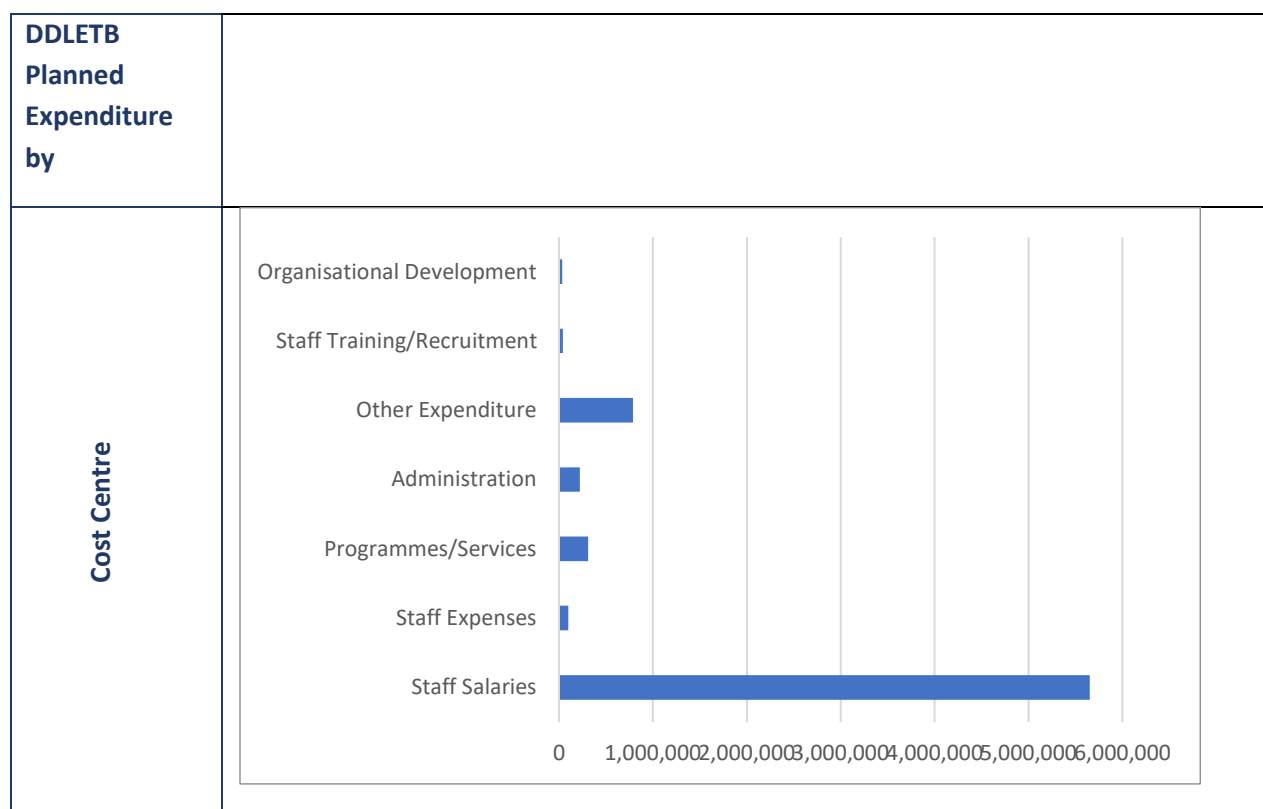


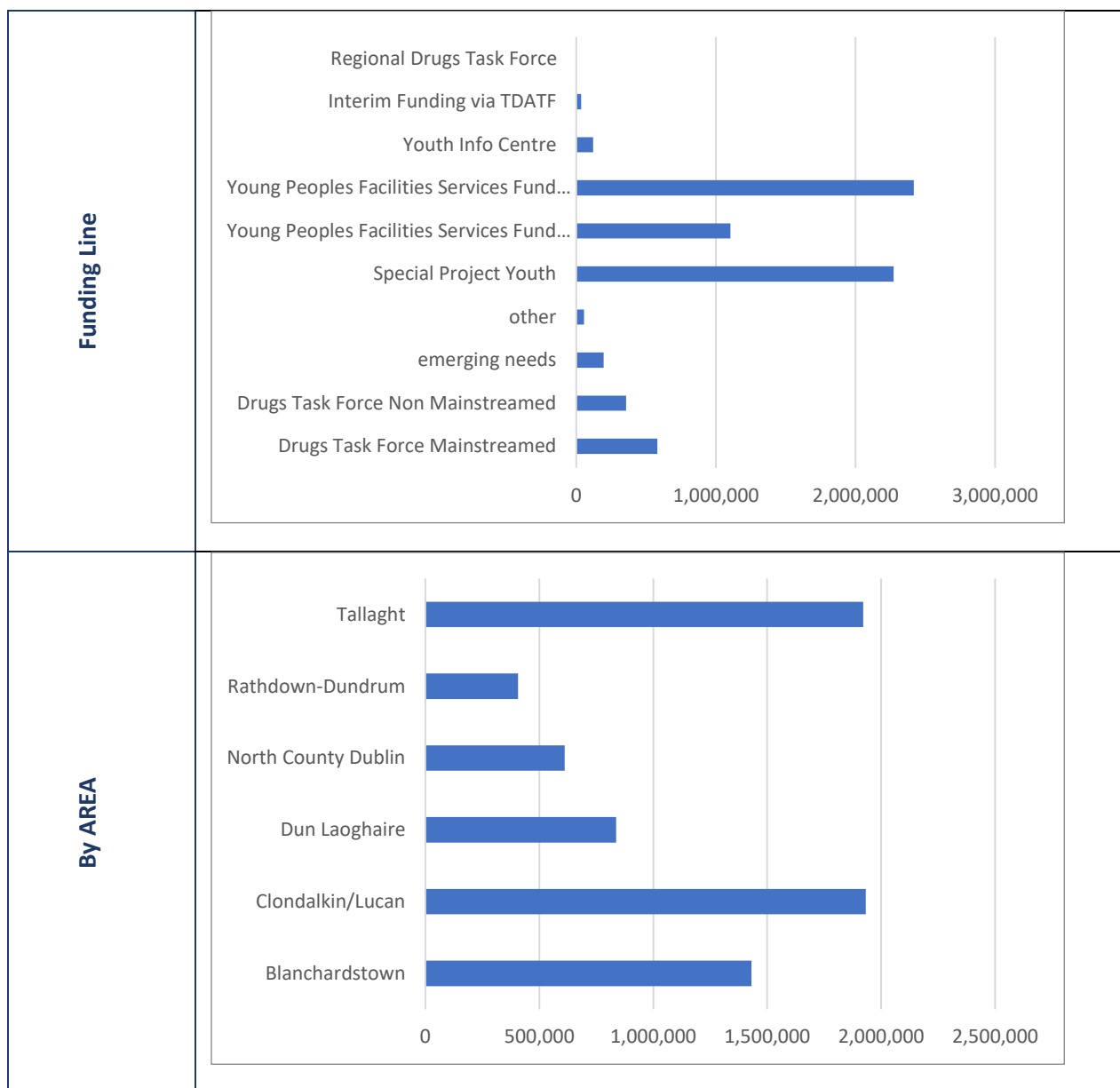
## Youth Services Expenditure

Funding Line	Staff Salaries	Staff Expenses	Programmes / Services	Admini	Other Expenditure	Staff Training/ Recruitment	Organisational Development	Grand Total
Drugs Task Force Mainstreamed	443,636	6,493	36,141	17,025	75,988	718	504	580,505
Drugs Task Force Non Mainstreamed	304,845	2,056	5,607	10,161	23,510	0	10,789	356,968

emerging needs	154,466	420	18,154	3,337	19,479	700	0	196,556
other	42,086	780	6,996	4,883	1,348	0	0	56,093
Special Project Youth	1,895,313	54,563	94,124	61,406	164,740	2,475	0	2,272,621
Young Peoples Facilities Services Fund Round I	914,854	14,057	66,134	37,168	68,314	2,546	0	1,103,073
Young Peoples Facilities Services Fund Round II	1,783,905	17,997	79,577	87,053	412,506	15,384	21,992	2,418,414
Youth Info Centre	113,286	1,320	2,660	502	3,439	0	0	121,206
Interim Funding via TDATF	0	0	163	0	17,195	17,904	0	35,262
Regional Drugs Task Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total	5,652,390	97,686	309,557	221,535	786,518	39,727	33,285	7,140,697

Table 40 Planned Expenditure by Fund



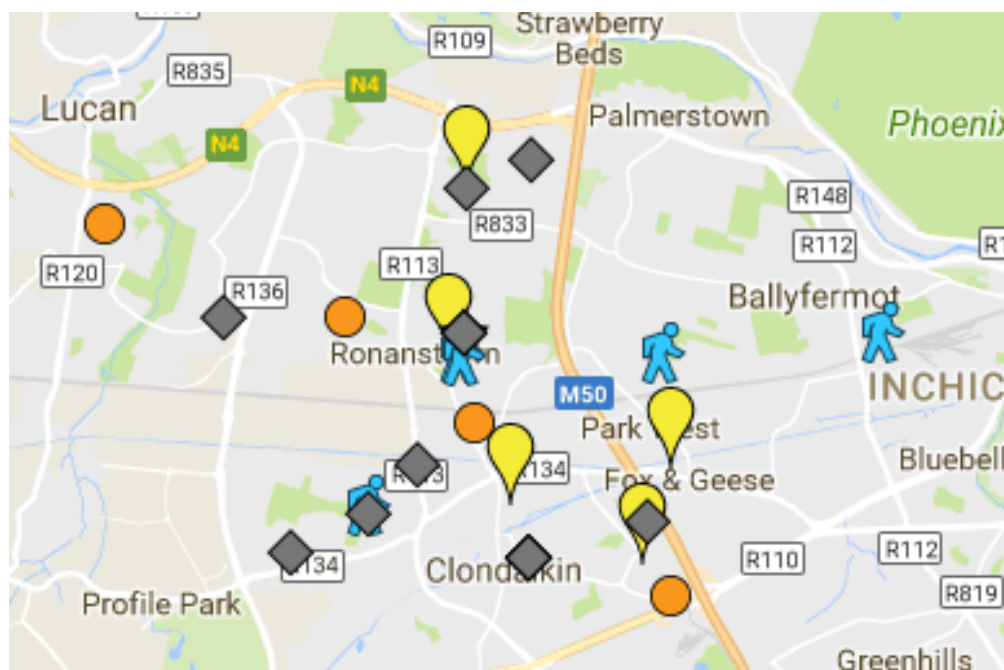


## DDLETB Youth Service Provision by Local Authority and Sub Area

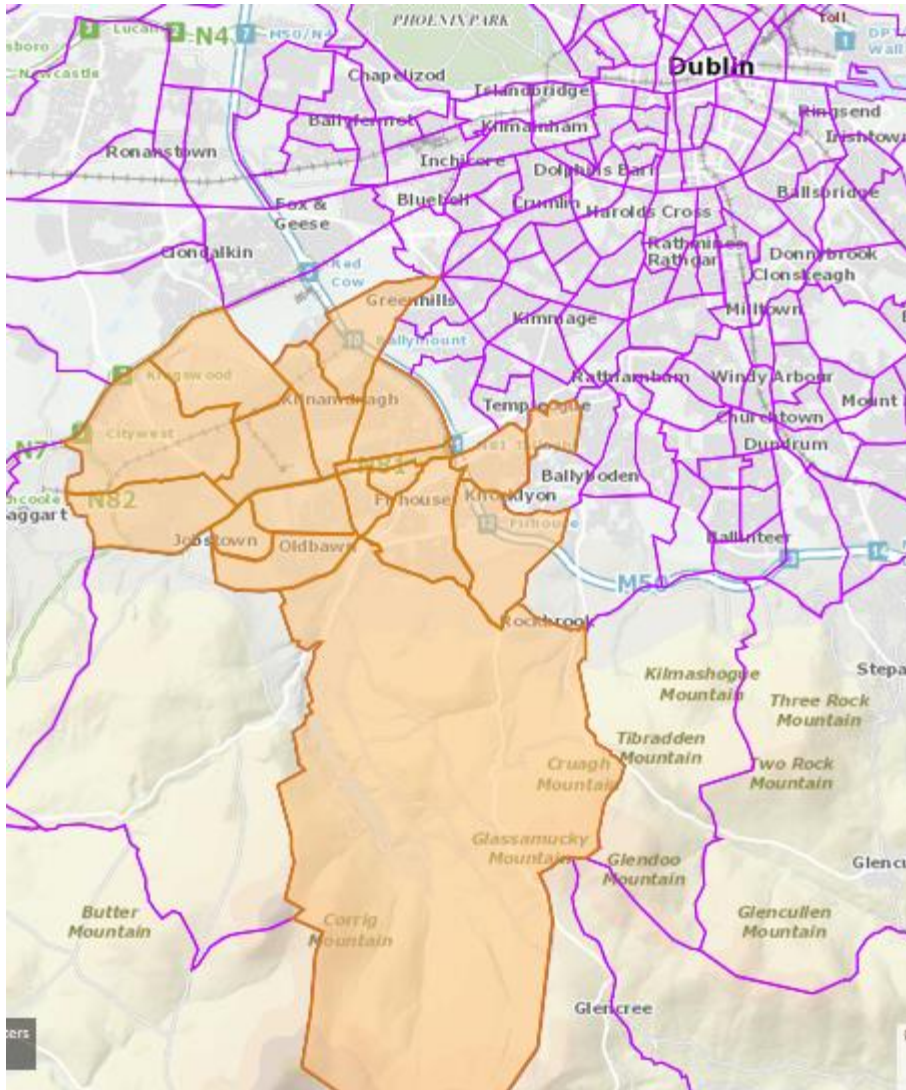
### Dublin South

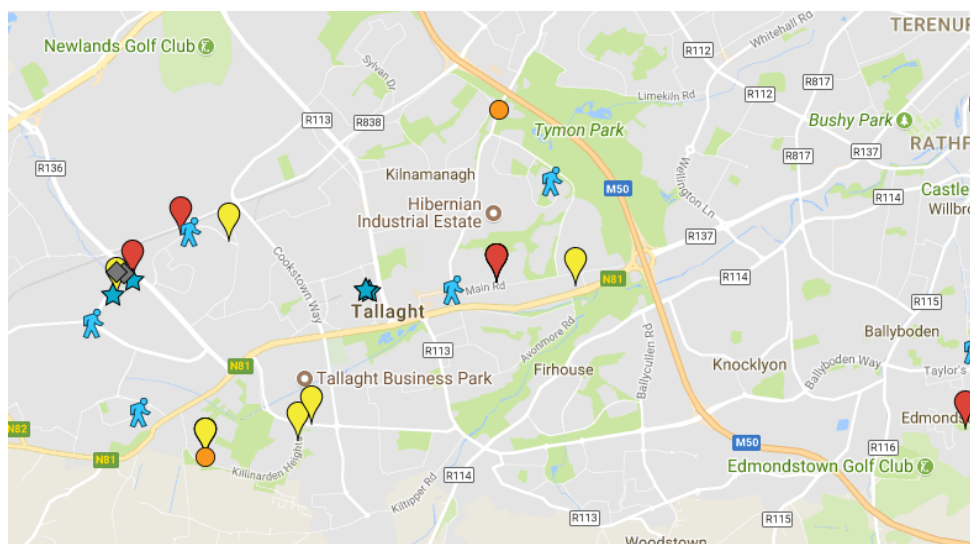
	DES	DTF M	Emerging needs	Interim	Other	RDTF	Round II	Round I	SPY	Youth Info Centre	Grand Total
<b>Development</b>				1				1			2
<b>ETB</b>					4		3				7
<b>Independent</b>	1	1	1	1			1	1			6
<b>Local Authority</b>							5				5
<b>National</b>		3	1	2		1	1	2	2		12
<b>Regional</b>				2			4	6	4	1	17
<b>Grand Total</b>	1	4	2	6	4	1	14	10	6	1	49

Table 41 Delivery Agent by DDLETB by Local Authority 2017



## Tallaght





Delivery Agent Tallaght	No Of Projects
CARP	1
DDLETB	2
DDLETB Youth Service	1
Foroige - Tallaght	1
KDPPG	1
SDCC	3
St Marks	1
West Dublin YMCA PAKT Project	1
YMCA Ireland	1
Tallaght Travellers Youth Service CROSSCARE	2
Area 24 Youth Health Café - Mountain Park Foroige	1
STAY St Aengus Neighbourhood Youth Project	1
Tallaght Youth Service Foroige	1
Whitechurch Youth Development Project (WYDP) Foroige	1
Peer Education Foroige	1
Brookfield Youth & Community Centre (At Risk in Brookfield) Foroige	1
WHITECHURCH YOUTH DEVELOPMENT PROJECT Foroige	1
St Aengus Community Action Group Ltd Foroige	1
Slánú	1
Grand Total	23

Table 42 Delivery Agent Tallaght 2017

NOCI	Participants	Volunteers
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	5713	747

Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	1524	80
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	310	4
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	1416	59
	8963	890

Table 43 Participants and Volunteers by NOCI Tallaght 2017

	Participants Planned	Volunteers Planned
1. Organisation Development	3200	450

ProjectID	Position	Total
Tal01	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL02	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL03	Youth Work Staff	2
TAL04	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL05	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL08	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL09	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL10	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	2
	Management Staff	3
	Senior Youth Work Staff	2
	Youth Work Staff	8
TAL12	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL13	Youth Work Staff	3
Tal14	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL15	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL16	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
TAL17	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	2
TAL18	Management Staff	1
Tal24	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Management Staff	1
TAL25	Management Staff	1
	Other Staff - caretaker etc	5
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>48</b>

Table 44 Tallaght Staffing by Project by Position 2017



ED Name	ProjectID	No of Programmes
Tallaght - Avonbeg	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	10
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
Belgard	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	2
Bohernabreena	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	8
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
Clondalkin Cappaghmore	TAL03 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	3
Tallaght-Firhouse	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	5
Firhouse Ballycullen	TAL03 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	1
	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	5
Firhouse Knocklyon	TAL03 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	3
	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	1
Firhouse Village	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	6
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
Tallaght-Glenview	TAL09 - STAY St Aengus Neighbourhood Youth Project	14
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	11
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
Tallaght - Jobstown	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	11
	TAL12 - Peer Education	1
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	6
	TAL14 - Brookfield Youth & Community Centre (At Risk in	13
Tallaght-Kingswood	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	11
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
Lucan Esker	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	4
Rathfarnham	TAL15 - WHITECHURCH YOUTH DEVELOPMENT PROJECT	14
Tallaght - Kiltipper	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	10
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
Tallaght Fettercairn	TAL03 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	4
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	7
	TAL14 - Brookfield Youth & Community Centre (At Risk in	13
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	7
Tallaght Killinarden	TAL03 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	1
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	14
	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	6
Tallaght Springfield	TAL04 - Area 24 Youth Health Café - Mountain Park	11
	TAL16 - Tallaght Travellers Youth Service	1
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	13
	TAL12 - Peer Education	12
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	20
Tallaght-Belgard	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	7
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
Tallaght - Kilnamanagh	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	3
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4

<b>Tallaght- Tymon</b>	TAL09 - STAY St Aengus Neighbourhood Youth Project	2
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	11
	TAL12 - Peer Education	1
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
<b>Tallaght-Millbrook</b>	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	4
	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	10
<b>Tallaght- Old Bawn</b>	TAL10 - Tallaght Youth Service	11
	TAL12 - Peer Education	1
	TAL13 - Tallaght Drug Education Initiative	5
<b>Big Picture,Square</b>	TAL09 - STAY St Aengus Neighbourhood Youth Project	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		364
	Other	10

Table 45 Tallaght EDs by Project Service and number of programmes TALLAGHT

	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people with 'severe difficulties' i	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	3870	579	15	1249		5713
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	1078	243	28	175	0	1524
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	116	53		141		310
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	632	154		560	70	1416
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>5696</b>	<b>1029</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>2125</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>8963</b>

Table 46 Target Young People by Outcome Tallaght

	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	First year	more than 6	Select	Grand
'all' young people	4	7	3	2	3	9	48	1	77
young people	7	7	7	1	6	9	20	6	63
young people with 'severe		2	1		1		1		5
Other (please specify)	6	7	6	4	1	14	41	1	80
Select		1					1		2
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>227</b>

Table 47 Age of Programme by Outcome Tallaght

## Clondalkin

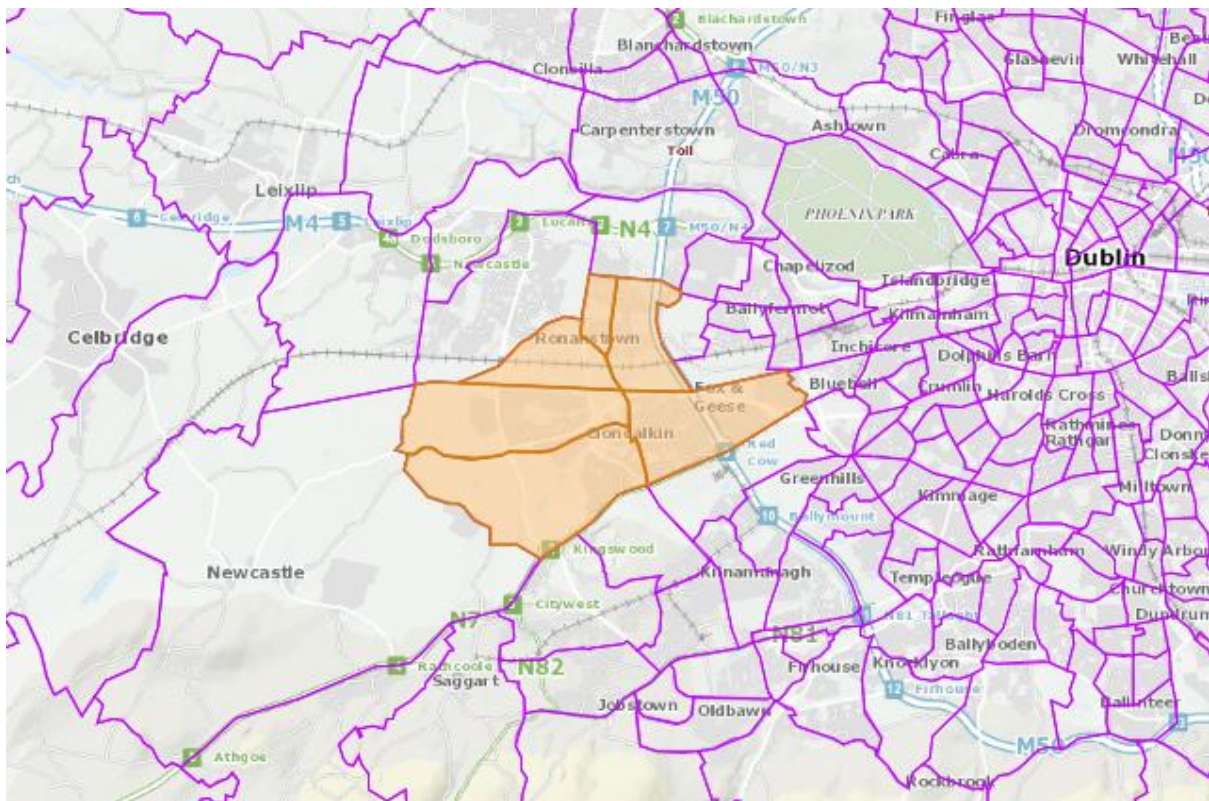


Figure 41 Clondalkin Lucan DDLETB Sub Area

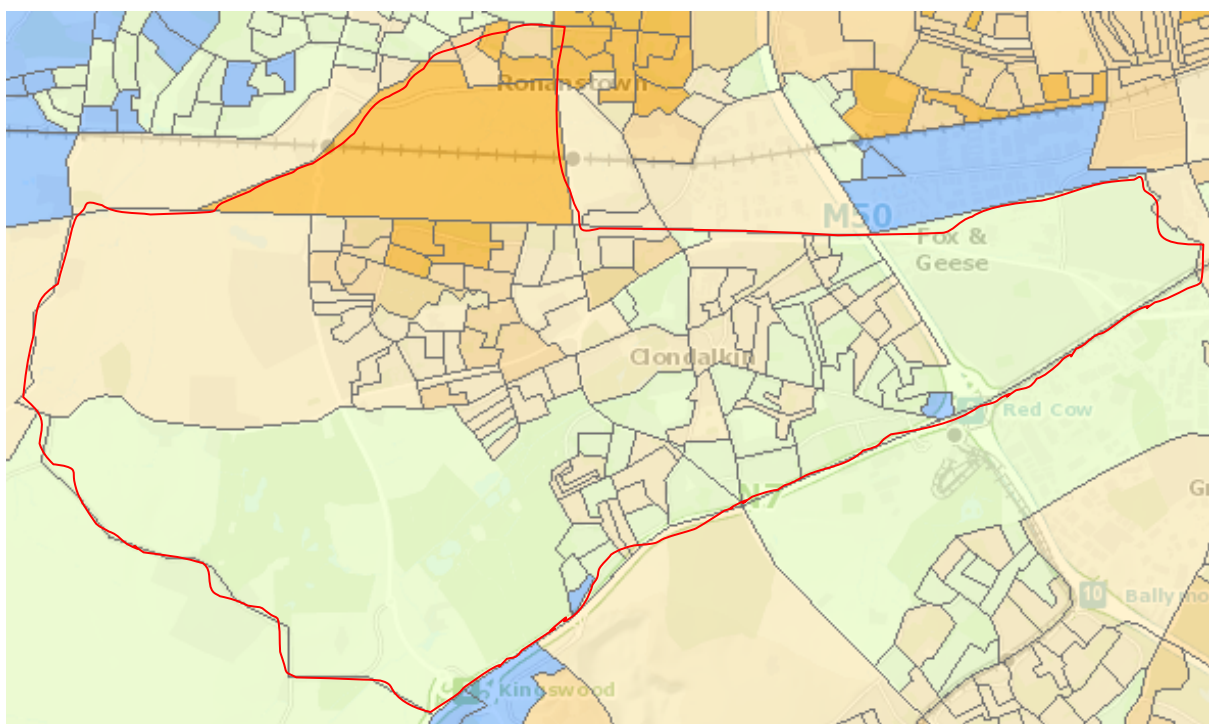
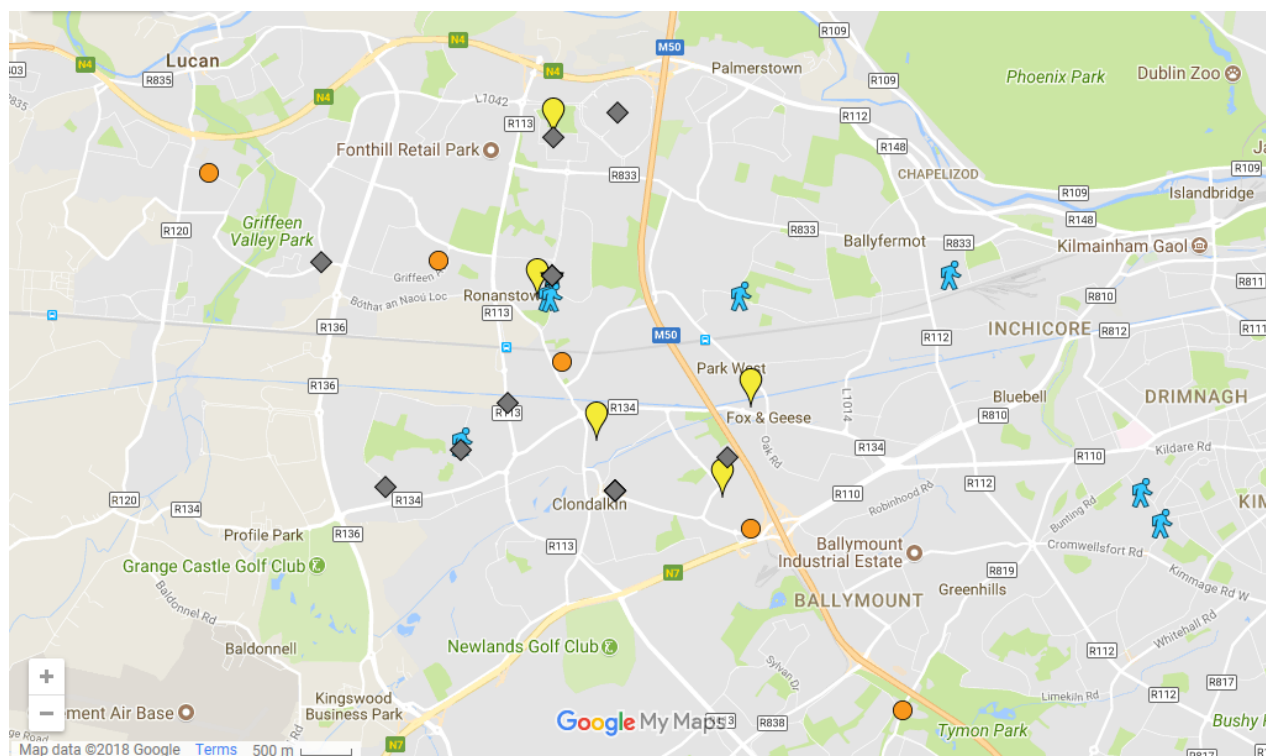


Figure 42 Clondalkin and Lucan SAP Deprivation MAP 2016



	DTFM	Interim	Other	Round II	Round I	SPY	Youth Info Centre	Total
<b>Development</b>		1			1			2
<b>ETB</b>			1	1				2
<b>Independent</b>	1	1		1				3
<b>Local Authority</b>				1				1
<b>Regional</b>		2		4	5	3	1	15
<b>Grand Total</b>	1	4	1	7	6	3	1	23

Table 48 DDLETB Sub Area Clondalkin and Lucan by Delivery Agent and Funding line

Delivery Agent	No of
Carline Learning Centre	1
Clondalkin Travellers Development Group	1
CPLN Area Partnership	1
Crosscare Teen Counselling Clondalkin	1
Knockmitten Youth Community Centre	1
Clondalkin youth service Bawnogue COSSCARE	1
Clondalkin Youth Service CROSSCARE	4
KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE CROSSCARE	1
Clondalkin Youth Information Centre	1
Co-Ordinator of Disadvantaged Youth Services CROSSCARE	1
Ronanstown Youth Service CROSSCARE	3
Lucan North Kildare Youth Service COSSCARE	1

Ronanstown Youth Service CROSSCARE	3
Quarryvale Community & Leisure Centre SDCC	1
	1
Youth Sports Officers DDLETB	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>23</b>

Table 49 DDLETB Sub Area Clondalkin and Lucan by delivery agent

Table 50 DDLETB Sub Area Clondalkin Lucan by Participants and Volunteers and NOCI

NOCI	Participants Planned	Volunteers
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	4779	24
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	3692	32
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	1050	14
Economic security and opportunities	40	0
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	937	21
	10498	91

ProjectID	Position	Total
CLL01	Youth Work Staff	3
CLL02	Youth Work Staff	2
CLL03	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
CLL04	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
CLL05	Youth Work Staff	1
CLL06	Youth Work Staff	5
CLL07	Management Staff	1

	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL08</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL09</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL10</b>	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>CLL11</b>	Management Staff	1
<b>CLL12</b>	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	3
<b>CLL13</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL14</b>	Youth Work Staff	3
<b>CLL15</b>	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Caretaker	1
	Management Staff	2
	Social Worker	2
	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>CLL16</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL17</b>	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>CLL18</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL19</b>	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Management Staff	1
	Other Staff - caretaker etc	1
<b>CLL20</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>CLL21</b>	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Management Staff	2
	Other Staff - caretaker etc	5
<b>Grand Total</b>		56

Table 51 Staffing by Project 2017 Clondalkin -Lucan

ED Name	ProjectID	Total
<b>Clondalkin</b>	CLL16 - Clondalkin Travellers Development Group	3
	CLL01 - Clondalkin Youth Service Bawnogue	12
	CLL02 - Clondalkin Youth Service - Deansrath	3
	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	23
<b>Clondalkin Cappaghmore</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	6
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	6
	CLL11 - Clondalkin Youth Service	6
	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	7
	CLL18 - Development Worker	4
<b>Clondalkin Dunawley</b>	CLL01 - Clondalkin Youth Service Bawnogue	12
	CLL18 - Development Worker	5
	CLL02 - Clondalkin Youth Service - Deansrath	3
	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	23
	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	6
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	5
	CLL11 - Clondalkin Youth Service	7
	CLL16 - Clondalkin Travellers Development Group	3



	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	7
	CLL01 - Clondalkin Youth Service Bawnogue	12
	CLL02 - Clondalkin Youth Service - Deansrath	3
	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	23
<b>Clondalkin Monastery</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	6
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	6
	CLL11 - Clondalkin Youth Service	6
	CLL16 - Clondalkin Travellers Development Group	3
	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	7
	CLL01 - Clondalkin Youth Service Bawnogue	12
	CLL02 - Clondalkin Youth Service - Deansrath	3
	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	23
<b>Clondalkin Village</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	6
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	6
	CLL11 - Clondalkin Youth Service	6
	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	8
	CLL16 - Clondalkin Travellers Development Group	3
	CLL18 - Development Worker	4
	CLL09 - Quarryvale (YPFSF R2)	2
	CLL12 - Ronanstown Youth Service	8
	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	1
<b>Clondalkin-Moorfield</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	3
	CLL18 - Development Worker	4
	CLL07 - Neilstown	3
	CLL13 - CASP	3
	CLL09 - Quarryvale (YPFSF R2)	2
	CLL12 - Ronanstown Youth Service	9
	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	1
<b>Clondalkin-Rowlagh</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	3
	CLL07 - Neilstown	3
	CLL13 - CASP	5
	CLL18 - Development Worker	2
	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	4
	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	1
<b>Lucan Esker</b>	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	21
	CLL12 - Ronanstown Youth Service	5
	CLL13 - CASP	6
	CLL18 - Development Worker	2
<b>Lucan Heights</b>	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	1
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	19
<b>Lucan North</b>	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	1
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	22
<b>Lucan St Helens</b>	CLL03 - KNOCKMITTEN CLONDALKIN YOUTH SERVICE	1
	CLL10 - Lucan Youth Service	13
	CLL18 - Development Worker	2
	CLL12 - Ronanstown Youth Service	4
<b>Palmerstown West</b>	CLL07 - Neilstown	3
	CLL13 - CASP	5
	CLL09 - Quarryvale (YPFSF R2)	5

	CLL18 - Development Worker	5
<b>Quarryvale</b>	CLL14 - Ronanstown Youth Workers	1
<b>Palmerstown</b>	CLL06 - Ronanstown Evening Programme	1
	CLL12 - Ronanstown Youth Service	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		465
	other	15

Table 52 ED Clondalkin Lucan by Programme Activity by Project

	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	young people with 'severe difficulties'	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	3919	325	29	60	416	30	4779
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	2052	425		18	57		2552
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	754	12	10	12	142		930
Economic security and opportunities		30			10		40
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	414	323			200		937
Select					0		0
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>7139</b>	<b>1115</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>9238</b>

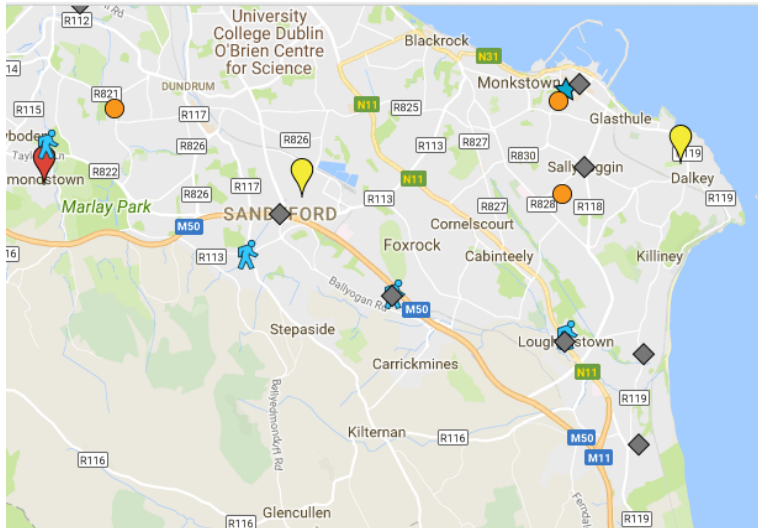
Table 53 Number of young people by need by Outcome Clondalkin and Lucan

	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	First year	Plus 6 years	Select	Grand Total
'all' young people	5		9	8	9	14	45	1	91
young people 'in need'	2	1	6	8	1	11	8	1	38
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	1	1					2	2	6
young people with 'severe difficulties'						2	2	1	5
Other (please specify)	1	5	3			1	15	2	27
Select			1				2	1	4
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>171</b>

Table 54 Age of programme by Outcome Clondalkin and Lucan



## Dun Laoghaire Rathdown



## Dun Laoghaire

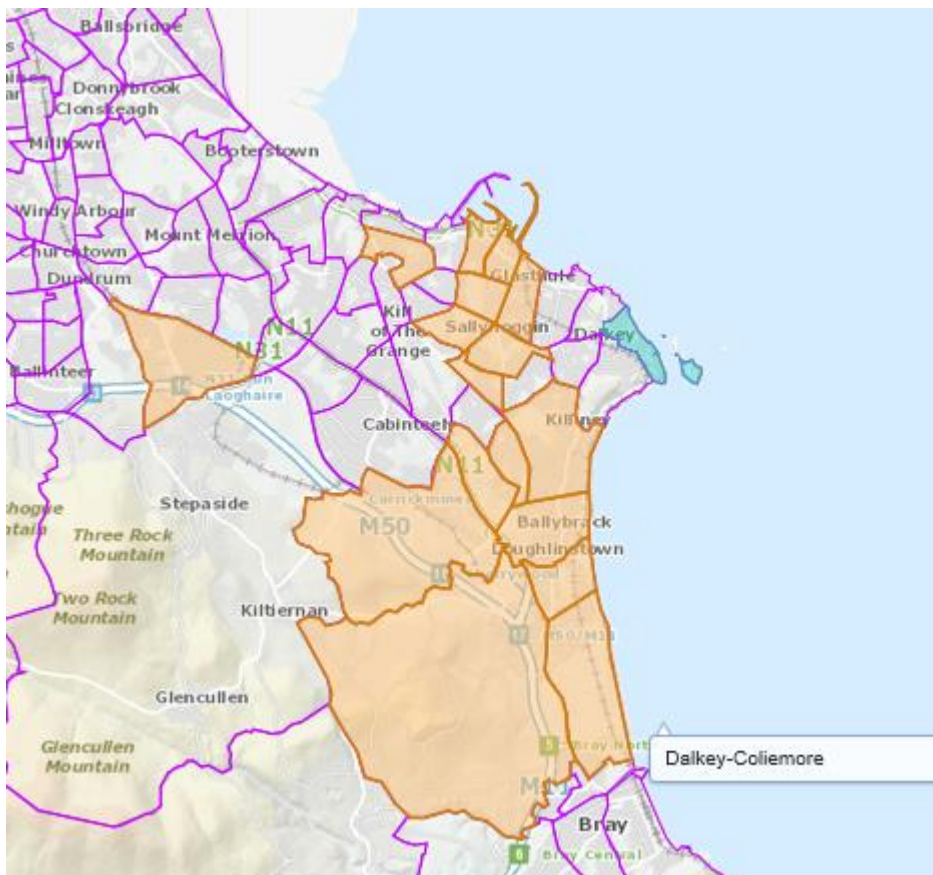


Figure 43 Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown

	DES	DTFM	Interim	Round II	Round I	SPY	Youth Info	Grand Total
<b>ETB</b>				1				1
<b>ETB/Community</b>		1						1
<b>Independent</b>			2					2
<b>National Sports Organisation</b>					1			1
<b>Regional</b>	1	3		8	7	7	1	27
<b>Grand Total</b>	1	4	2	9	8	7	1	32

Table 55 DDLETB Sub Area Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown by Funding line

Delivery Agent	Projects
CROSSCARE	3
Cuala Gaa Club	1
DDLETB Youth Service	1
Dun Laoghaire Community Training Centre Ltd	1
Southside Training Network Group Limited	1
Southside Travellers Action Group Limited	3
Dun Laoghaire Youth Service -CROSSCARE	5
Loughlinstown Ballybrack Youth Project -CROSSCARE	1
Loughlinstown Youth Project -CROSSCARE	2
Sallynoggin youth project -CROSSCARE	2
Dun Laoghaire Youth Service YIC -CROSSCARE	1
Dun Laoghaire Youth Service ARTS -CROSSCARE	1
Dun Laoghaire Youth Service Outdoor Learning -CROSSCARE	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>23</b>

Table 56DDLETB Sub Area Dun Laoghaire Delivery Agents 2017

Table 57DDLETB Sub Area Dun Laoghaire and Rathdown by Delivery Agent 2017

ProjectID	Position	Total
<b>DDLALP1</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR01</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR04</b>	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>DLR05</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR06</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR07</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR08</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR09_R2</b>	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	1
	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	4

<b>DLR10</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR12</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR13</b>	Youth Work Staff	3
<b>DLR14</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR15</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR22</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>DLR26</b>	Management Staff	1
<b>DLR28</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		25

Table 58 Dun Laoghaire Staffing by Project by Position 2017

<b>NOCI</b>	<b>Planned</b>	<b>Planned</b>
<b>Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development</b>	3132	3
<b>Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being</b>	2956	189
<b>Connected, respected and contributing to their world</b>	277	21
<b>Economic security and opportunities</b>	1159	1
<b>Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional</b>	513	3
	8037	217

Table 59 Planned Participants and Volunteers in DDLETB Sub Area Dun Laoghaire by NCOI 2017

<b>Student Support Programme</b>	450
<b>After School Leagues</b>	400
<b>Summer Camps</b>	320
<b>Easter Camps</b>	250
<b>Socials</b>	380
<b>Academy Development</b>	420
<b>Health Talks</b>	315
<b>Information Hub</b>	1500
<b>Information Technology</b>	850
<b>Publications Programme</b>	550
<b>Spunout Programme</b>	100
<b>Text Messaging Programme</b>	540
<b>Grand Total</b>	8037

Table 60 Programme Type

<b>ED Name</b>	<b>ProjectID</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Ballybrack</b>	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20

<b>Dun Laoghaire east central</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	5
<b>Dun Laoghaire Glasthule</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	7
<b>Dun Laoghaire Rathdown</b>	DLR01 - Drug Educaton & Prevention Officer	7
<b>Dun Laoghaire west central</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	6
<b>Killiney</b>	DLR05 - Loughlinstown Ballybrack Youth Project	7
	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	3
<b>Killiney South</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	8
<b>Shanganagh Rathsallagh</b>	DLR04 - Cois Cairn Youth Project	1
<b>Shankill - Shanganagh</b>	DLR04 - Cois Cairn Youth Project	6
<b>Sallynoggin South</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	1
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	1
<b>Sallynoggin West</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	1
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	1
<b>Shankill</b>	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	2
<b>Dun Laoghaire</b>	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
<b>Dalkey</b>	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
<b>Cabinteely -Loughlinstown</b>	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
<b>Killiney north</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	7
<b>Sallynoggin East</b>	DLR03 - Central Dun Laoghaire	1
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	1
<b>Cabinteely</b>	DLR05 - Loughlinstown Ballybrack Youth Project	7
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	5
<b>Killiney North</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	1
<b>Cabinteely-Killbogget</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	3
	DLR08 - Cuala Sports and Social Integration Project	20
<b>Shankill-Rathmichael</b>	DLR04 - Cois Cairn Youth Project	3
<b>Loughlinstown-Ballybrack</b>	DLR05 - Loughlinstown Ballybrack Youth Project	7
	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	11
<b>Cabinteely-Killiney</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	3
<b>Shankill</b>	DLR06 - Loughlinstown Youth Project	2
<b>Grand Total</b>		250
	Other	3

Table 61 ED Dun Laoghaire by Project by Service Activity 2017

	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people 'who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	young people with 'severe difficulties'	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	939	2120	16	15	42		3132
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	2149	356	16	10	25	400	2956

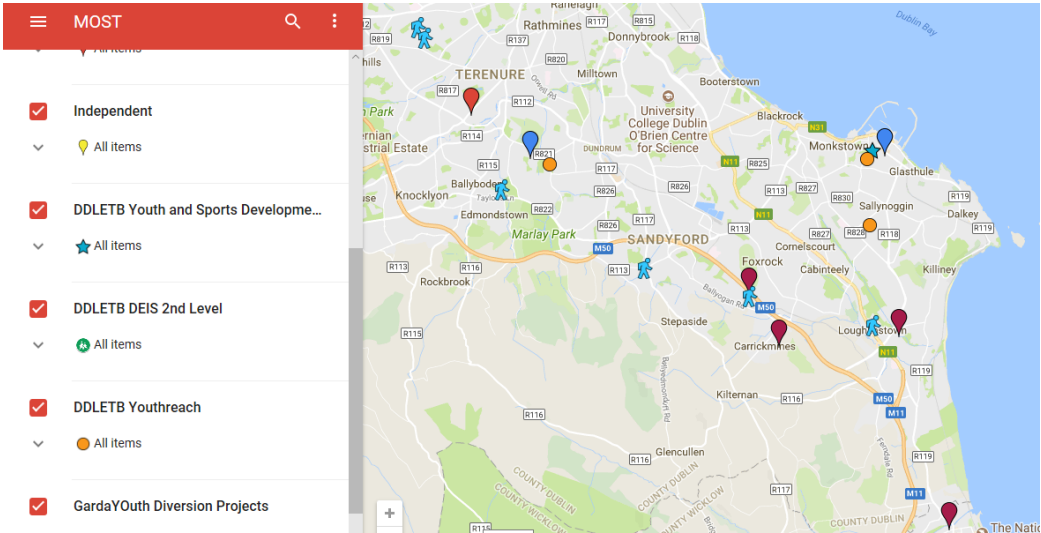
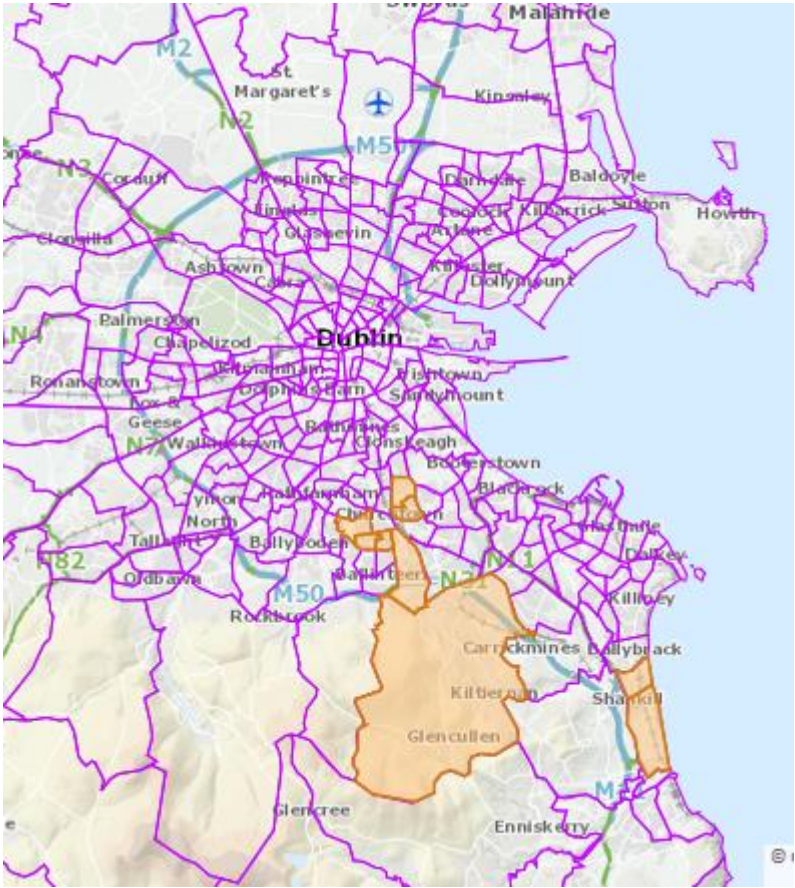
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	261	8		8				277
Economic security and opportunities	550	599					10	1159
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	371	134	4	4				513
Grand Total	4270	3217	36	37	67	410		8037

Table 62 Number of young people by need by Outcome Dun Laoghaire

Age of Programme in the service Area described	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	First year	Plus 6 years	Select	Grand Total
'all' young people	1	8	10	5	5	8	24	2	63
young people 'in need'	4	7	3	2		2	11	2	31
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection						2	4	1	7
young people with 'severe difficulties'	2		1	2					5
Other (please specify)		1			1	1			3
Select						1	1		2
Grand Total	7	16	14	9	6	14	40	5	111

Table 63 Age of Programme by Target Group Dun Laoghaire

Rathdown



Shanganagh Youth Project	1
Stand Alone	1
Dundrum Rathdown Youth Service CROSSCARE	6

Nutgrove CROSSCARE	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>9</b>

Table 64 DDLETB Sub Area Rathdown by Delivery Agent 2017

Project ID	Position	Total
<b>RATD01</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>RATD02</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>RATD03</b>	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>RATD04</b>	Youth Work Staff	2
<b>RATD05</b>	Other Staff - caretaker etc	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>RATD06</b>	Youth Work Staff	1
<b>RATD07</b>	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	5
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>15</b>

Table 65 Staffing by Project, by Position 2017

NOCI	Participants	Volunteers
<b>Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development</b>	156	0
<b>Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being</b>	265	1
<b>Connected, respected and contributing to their world</b>	45	0
<b>Economic security and opportunities</b>	57	0
<b>Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional</b>	71	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>2</b>

Table 66 Rathdown-Dundrum Programme Participants and Volunteers Planned by NCOI 2017

ED Name	ProjectID	Total
<b>Glencullen</b>	RATD07 - Ballyogan R2	10
<b>Shanganagh Rathallsallagh</b>	RATD05 - Shanganagh Youth Project	9
<b>Shankill - Shanganagh</b>	RATD05 - Shanganagh Youth Project	9
<b>Shankhill</b>	RATD05 - Shanganagh Youth Project	2
<b>Dun laoghaire Rathdown county area</b>	RATD05 - Shanganagh Youth Project	1
		<b>31</b>

Table 67 ED by Project by Planned Programme Activity 2017

in the service catchment area described	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	young people with 'severe difficulties'	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	93	4	1		0		98

Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	55	18		17			90
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	15			0			15
Economic security and opportunities	30	17					47
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional		10		0		16	26
Grand Total	193	49	1	17	0	16	276

Table 68 Number of young people by need and by Outcome Rathdown

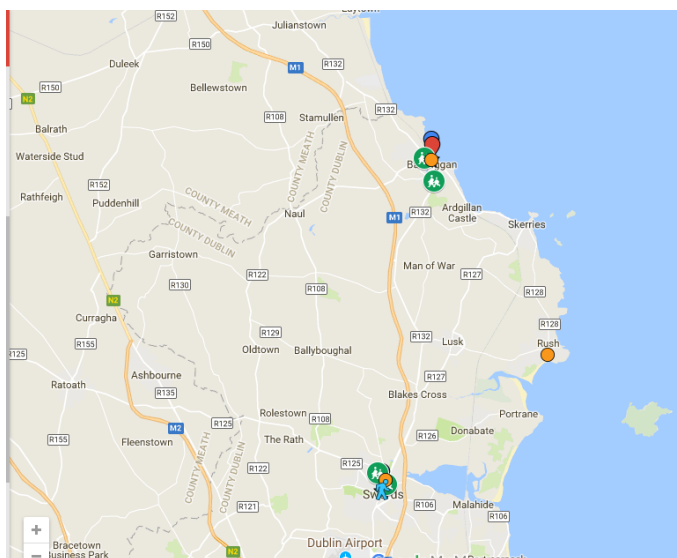
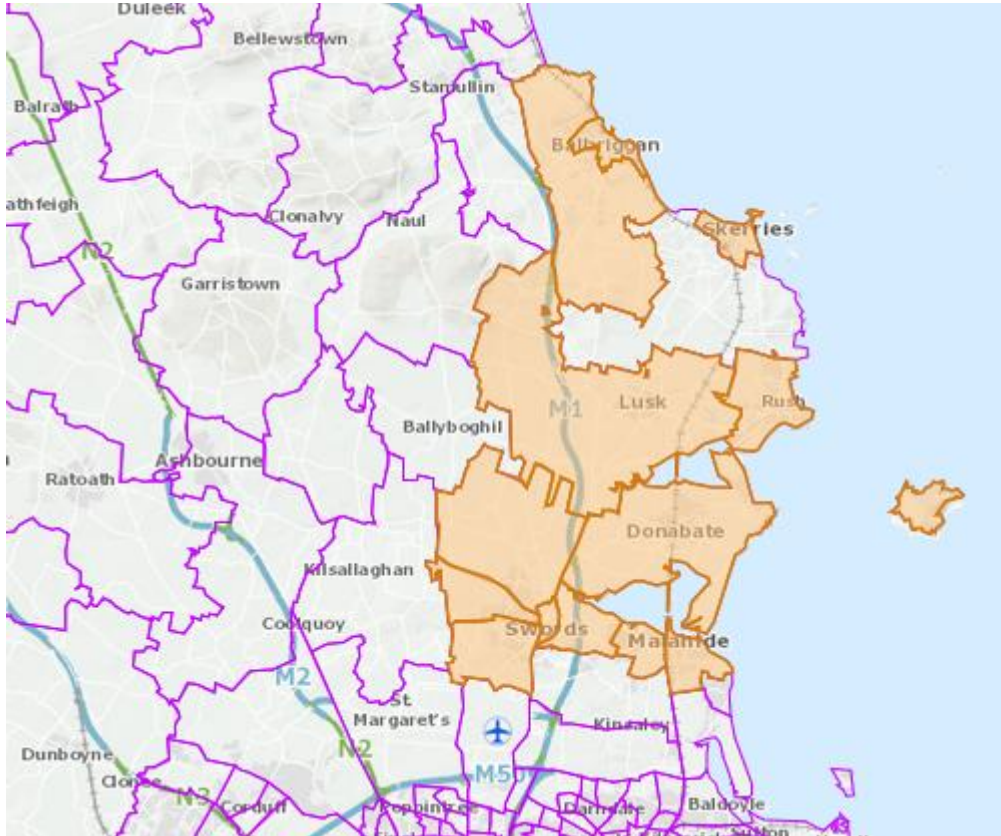
Age of Programme in the service area described	1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	Plus 6 years	Select	Grand Total
'all' young people		2	4	4	1		11
young people 'in need'		1	2	2		1	6
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	1						1
young people with 'severe difficulties'	1	2			1	1	5
Other (please specify)					3		3
Select						1	1
Grand Total	2	5	6	6	5	3	27

Table 69 Age of programme by target group Rathdown



# Fingal

## Dublin North



	Other	RDTF	Round II	SPY	Grand Total
ETB	1		2		3
Independent				1	1
Local Authority			1		1
National Organisation		2		1	3
Regional		1		4	5
Grand Total	1	3	3	6	13

Table 70 DDLETB Sub Area Dublin North by Delivery Agent and Funding Line

Fingal County Council	1
Remember us	1
Co-Ordinator of Disadvantaged Youth Services CROSSCARE	1
Balbriggan Youth Development Foroige	2
Swords Youth Service CROSSCARE	1
Swords Baldoyle Youth Service CROSSCARE	1
Baldoyle Youth Services CROSSCARE	1
Child & Family Programmes Foroige	1
DDLETB ALP Balbriggan	1
DDLETB ALP Swords	1
Adventure Sports CROSSCARE	1
Phibblestown Community CentreDDLETB	1
Grand Total	13

Table 71 DDLETB Sub Area Dublin North by Delivery Agent 2017

NOCI	Participants Planned	Volunteers Planned
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	1219	93
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	3469	42
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	458	33
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	260	8
Select	50	0
	5456	176

Table 72 DDLETB Sub Area Dublin North Participants and Volunteers by NOCI 2017

ProjectID	Position	Total
NCD01	Senior Youth Officer	1
NCD02	Management Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
NCD03	Youth Work Staff	2
NCD04	Management Staff	1
NCD05	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
NCD06	Management Staff	1
	Other Staff - caretaker etc	4
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>12</b>

Table 73 Staffing by Project By Position Dublin North

ED Name	ProjectID	Total
Balbriggan rural	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Balbriggan urban	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Baldoye	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	4
	NCD05 - Adventure Sports	1
Donabate	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	2
	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Gormanston	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Lusk	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Malahide	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	44
Portmarnock	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	2
	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	44
Rush	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Skerries	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	1
	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	22
Swords	NCD03 - Remember us Initiative	88
	NCD05 - Adventure Sports	1
Swords - Lissenhall	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	5
Swords - Seatown	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	10
Swords - Glasmore	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	9
Swords-Forrest	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	8
Sword - Village	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	9
Donabate	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	5
Turnapin	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	1
The Ward	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	1
Malahide East	NCD02 - Swords / Baldoye Youth Service	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>394</b>
	Other	3

Table 74 EDs Dublin North by Project by Programme Activity 2017

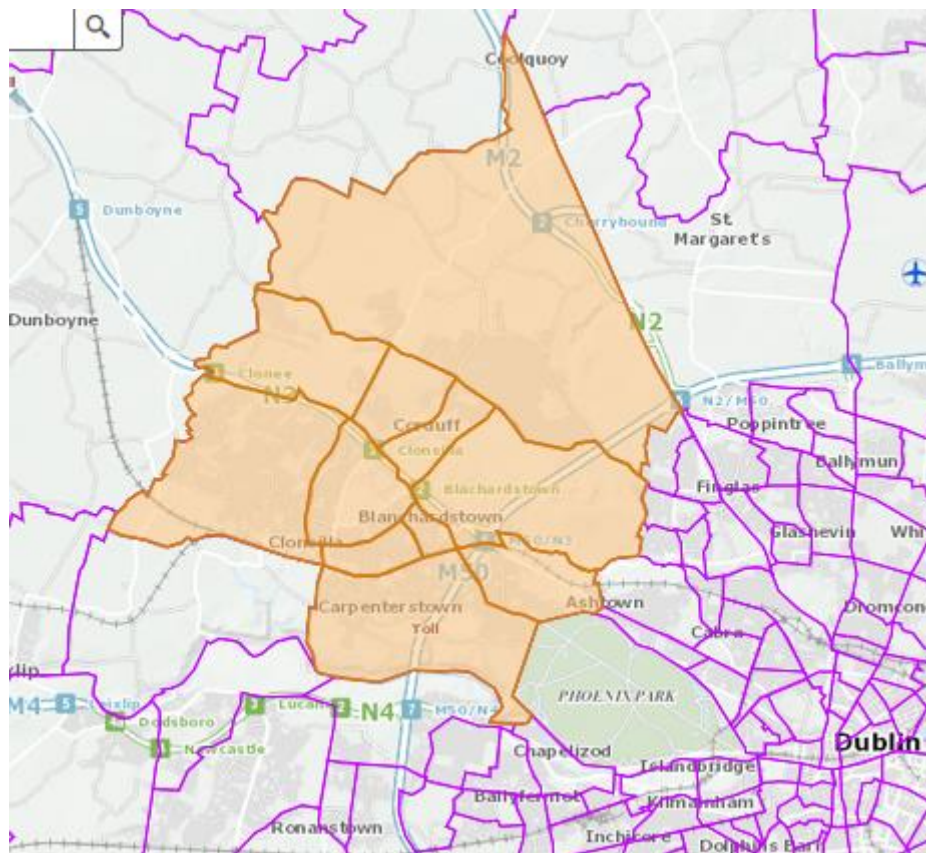
North County Dublin	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	young people with 'severe difficulties'	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	18	330	854	2	15		1219
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	2495	68	8	98		800	3469
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	82	115		50		211	458
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	220	10			30		260
Select			0		50	0	50
Grand Total	2815	523	862	150	95	1011	5456

Table 75 North County Dublin Number of Young People by need by Outcome

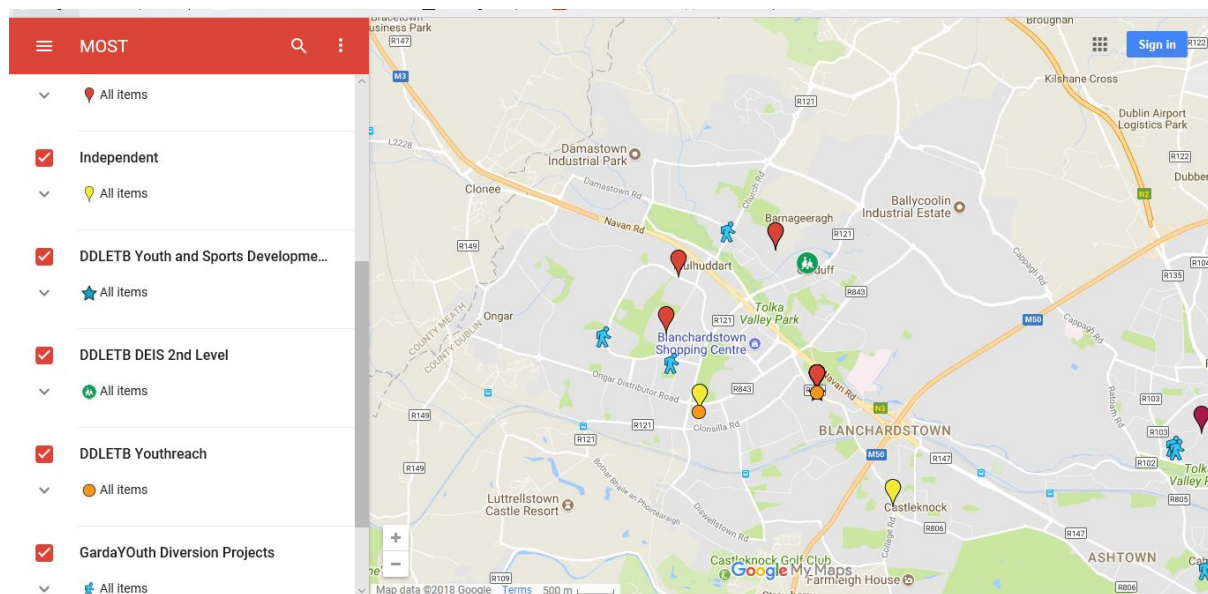
Age of Programme	1 year	3 years	4 years	5 years	First year	more than 6 years	Select	Grand Total
'all' young people in the service catchment area described	1	1	3	1	2	7		15
young people 'in need' in the service catchment area described	2		1	1	6	2	1	13
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection in the service catchment area described	1	1	1	1	1	11	4	20
young people with 'severe difficulties' in the service catchment area described	1	1	1		3			6
Other (please specify)					3	6		9
Select					1	3		4
Grand Total	5	3	6	3	16	29	5	67

Table 76 North County Dublin Age of Programme by Target Group

## Blanchardstown



*Table 77 DDLETB Sub Area Blanchardstown*



	DES	DTF M	Interim	Round II	Round I	SPY	Grand Total
<b>ETB</b>				1			1
<b>National Organisations</b>	1	1	1	5	3	2	13
<b>Grand Total</b>	1	1	1	6	3	2	14

Table 78 Blanchardstown by Funding line and Delivery Agent

<b>Barnardos</b>	1
<b>DDLETB</b>	1
<b>Blanchardstown Youth Service ESLs Foroige</b>	1
<b>Blanchardstown Youth Service Foroige</b>	2
<b>Blakestown Resource Centre Foroige</b>	1
<b>Blanchardstown Youth Service Clubhouse Foroige</b>	1
<b>Huntstown Community Centre Foroige</b>	1
<b>Mulhuddart Community Building Committee Foroige</b>	2
<b>Blanchardstown Youth Service Drug Prev Foroige</b>	1
<b>Blanchardstown Youth Service PEER Foroige</b>	1
<b>Corduff Community Youth Project Foroige</b>	1
<b>Tyrrellstown Youth Service Foroige</b>	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	14

Table 79 Blanchardstown Projects 2017

<b>NOCI</b>	<b>Participants</b>	<b>Volunteers</b>
<b>Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development</b>	5084	429
<b>Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being</b>	939	27
<b>Connected, respected and contributing to their world</b>	429	12
<b>Economic security and opportunities</b>	43	0
<b>Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional</b>	566	4
	7061	472

Table 80 DDLETB Sub Area Blanchardstown by Planned Participants and Volunteers by NOCI

	Participants Planned	Volunteers Planned
Organisational Development	1410	260

ProjectID	Position	Total
BLA01	Youth Work Staff	2
BLA02	Administration Staff - Secretary, Finance etc	2
	Management Staff	1
	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	4
BLA04	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA05	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA06	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA07	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	2
BLA08	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	2
BLA09	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA10	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA12	Senior Youth Work Staff	1
	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA13	Youth Work Staff	2
BLA14	Youth Work Staff	1
BLA16	Management Staff	1
	Other Staff - caretaker etc	4
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>31</b>

Table 81 Blanchardstown Staffing by Project, by Position 2017

ED Name	ProjectID	Total
<b>Blanchardstown Abbotstown</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	14
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	15
	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	2
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	1
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	3
<b>Blanchardstown Blakestown</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	21
	BLA04 - Blakestown Youth Project	7
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	12
	BLA06 - Huntstown Community Youth project	11
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	13
	BLA10 - Peer Drug Prevention	5
<b>Blanchardstown Coolmine</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	11
	BLA04 - Blakestown Youth Project	1
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	8
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	27



<b>Blanchardstown Corduff</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	21
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	11
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	7
	BLA13 - Corduff Community Youth Project	21
	BLA12 - Barnardos Oasis Project	8
<b>Blanchardstown Delwood</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	3
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	6
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	15
<b>Blanchardstown Mulhuddart</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	29
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	11
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	7
	BLA08 - Mulhuddart Community Youth Project	28
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	22
	BLA12 - Barnardos Oasis Project	8
<b>Blanchardstown Roselawn</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	3
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	3
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	6
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	15
<b>Blanchardstown- Tyrellstown</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	21
	BLA12 - Barnardos Oasis Project	8
	BLA08 - Mulhuddart Community Youth Project	25
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	11
	BLA08 - Mulhuddart Community Youth Project	4
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	7
<b>Castleknock Knockmaroon</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	10
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	16
<b>Castleknock Park</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	16
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	16
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	10
<b>The Ward</b>	BLA01 - EARLY SCHOOL LEAVERS PROGRAMME	17
	BLA02 - Blanchardstown Youth Service	22
	BLA05 - Computer Clubhouse	11
	BLA11 - Blanchardstown Drug Prevention Education Project	6
<b>Ongar/Clonee</b>	BLA10 - Peer Drug Prevention	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	Number of programme planned for 2017	673
	Other	1

Table 82 EDs Blanchardstown by Project by Programme Activity



Blanchardstown	'all' young people	young people 'in need'	young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection	young people with 'severe difficulties'	Other (please specify)	Select	Grand Total
Achieving full potential in all areas of learning and development	3790	582	135	15	301	18	4841
Active and healthy, emotional physical and mental well being	302	562	25	2			891
Connected, respected and contributing to their world	291	78	15		20		404
Economic security and opportunities	18	10	15				43
Safe and protected from harm, intentional and unintentional	290	76	15	20	90		491
Grand Total	4691	1308	205	37	411	18	6670

in the service catchment area described

Age of Programme	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	1st Year	Plus 6 years	Select	Grand Total
'all' young people in the service catchment area described	5	3	5	3	2	5	41	1	65
young people 'in need' in the service catchment area described	3	1	7	2	3	12	32	2	62
young people who require 'Intensive and long term' support and protection in the service catchment area described					1		13		14
young people with 'severe difficulties' in the service catchment area described							4		4
Other (please specify)						1	14		15
Select	1						1	1	3
Grand Total	9	4	12	5	6	18	105	4	163

# Appendix

## Tallaght Small Areas Negative

SA ED 2016	Total Pop	Depr' Score	Lone Parents	Primary Education Only	third level education	Unemploy Male	UnemployF emale	LA rented
Bohernabreena	415	-0.97	5.00	18.00	31.10	10.81	6.76	0.00
Bohernabreena	229	-4.71	15.00	19.00	23.18	9.84	21.28	3.70
Bohernabreena	499	-0.40	17.00	12.00	27.82	5.66	10.00	0.98
Bohernabreena	237	-14.43	28.00	26.00	10.08	27.54	24.14	44.12
Bohernabreena	278	-16.57	50.00	28.00	13.73	29.27	20.59	53.95
Bohernabreena	338	-9.77	35.00	26.00	15.76	20.21	12.79	44.71
Bohernabreena	225	-5.05	14.00	30.00	27.62	6.56	2.22	1.96
Bohernabreena	311	-1.81	18.00	6.00	24.65	12.50	10.00	15.48
Firhouse Village	326	-3.66	41.00	2.00	21.95	24.69	13.10	37.88
Firhouse Village	269	-8.48	33.00	17.00	30.60	32.31	28.57	55.71
Firhouse Village	230	-2.04	26.00	12.00	28.95	13.79	7.55	0.00
Firhouse Village	277	-7.77	7.00	17.00	27.93	32.47	12.96	2.13
Firhouse Village	242	-1.84	8.00	8.00	29.52	8.82	13.11	0.00
Firhouse Village	180	-0.08	33.00	8.00	39.29	17.31	14.63	2.78
Firhouse Village	202	-2.55	18.00	12.00	36.81	12.96	19.05	0.00
Firhouse Village	292	-2.01	32.00	25.00	35.78	6.06	7.84	0.00
Firhouse Village	346	-1.42	10.00	16.00	34.98	19.39	6.67	3.67
Firhouse-Knocklyon	233	-5.11	8.00	15.00	47.98	16.28	11.11	0.00
Rathfarnham-Ballyroan	231	-1.45	8.00	11.00	37.70	13.33	4.44	0.00
Tallaght-Avonbeg	205	-20.35	27.00	31.00	9.92	23.91	11.11	30.14
Tallaght-Avonbeg	197	-16.18	32.00	31.00	11.46	27.59	16.28	11.84
Tallaght-Avonbeg	326	-15.54	52.00	37.00	8.93	16.92	15.94	19.47
Tallaght-Avonbeg	220	-16.25	30.00	27.00	7.80	24.59	23.53	27.27
Tallaght-Avonbeg	208	-19.77	42.00	30.00	9.38	46.34	26.83	55.26
Tallaght-Avonbeg	202	-22.75	37.00	39.00	7.19	28.57	22.22	13.51
Tallaght-Avonbeg	180	-12.80	50.00	33.00	14.63	15.63	14.29	13.24
Tallaght-Belgard	377	-6.28	23.00	21.00	29.34	18.75	19.54	2.38
Tallaght-Belgard	356	-3.20	26.00	16.00	26.36	13.27	5.48	0.00
Tallaght-Belgard	246	-5.13	22.00	16.00	25.27	18.67	22.22	1.30
Tallaght-Belgard	245	-5.18	14.00	15.00	24.32	12.33	7.41	0.00
Tallaght-Belgard	232	-0.77	23.00	19.00	19.21	7.81	3.57	2.63
Tallaght-Belgard	236	-2.93	26.00	15.00	33.54	15.52	16.36	1.27
Tallaght-Fettercairn	368	-14.70	36.00	21.00	9.27	30.77	25.00	61.29
Tallaght-Fettercairn	313	-11.55	48.00	10.00	15.38	28.85	27.12	30.56
Tallaght-Fettercairn	243	-16.65	50.00	25.00	16.22	43.33	34.04	80.56
Tallaght-Fettercairn	275	-12.94	24.00	14.00	12.07	25.71	20.34	62.32
Tallaght-Fettercairn	421	-14.54	47.00	22.00	11.76	32.58	25.77	74.31
Tallaght-Fettercairn	310	-23.00	57.00	34.00	3.73	46.88	29.03	68.49
Tallaght-Fettercairn	315	-19.93	55.00	22.00	5.41	44.12	33.78	72.15
Tallaght-Fettercairn	442	-25.04	52.00	30.00	5.58	56.48	31.46	72.27
Tallaght-Fettercairn	396	-20.58	48.00	31.00	8.51	43.16	31.91	54.55
Tallaght-Fettercairn	285	-19.93	31.00	31.00	7.32	35.62	26.47	59.26
Tallaght-Fettercairn	676	-17.00	51.00	20.00	10.11	41.18	35.38	72.19
Tallaght-Fettercairn	392	-9.75	37.00	12.00	16.98	27.71	18.29	31.13
Tallaght-Fettercairn	264	-6.21	31.00	8.00	20.83	21.43	25.86	14.47
Tallaght-Fettercairn	386	-19.23	47.00	24.00	7.98	34.78	24.39	69.31
Tallaght-Fettercairn	316	-19.16	43.00	26.00	8.76	30.77	27.54	50.00
Tallaght-Fettercairn	445	-17.31	55.00	9.00	10.43	38.55	34.41	65.25
Tallaght-Fettercairn	406	-18.85	29.00	23.00	9.47	48.19	41.94	79.09
Tallaght-Fettercairn	283	-19.91	48.00	26.00	8.21	41.54	24.14	64.79
Tallaght-Fettercairn	408	-17.04	49.00	26.00	10.11	31.46	23.53	65.71

Tallaght-Fettercairn	273	-3.56	34.00	15.00	20.83	13.95	12.50	5.48
Tallaght-Glenview	224	-3.87	22.00	9.00	33.33	28.95	23.21	10.81
Tallaght-Glenview	231	-8.64	18.00	25.00	23.57	20.75	16.67	0.00
Tallaght-Glenview	257	-8.28	33.00	19.00	18.40	12.31	14.06	0.00
Tallaght-Glenview	271	-10.01	17.00	37.00	13.53	9.68	10.91	0.00
Tallaght-Glenview	297	-0.52	25.00	16.00	30.05	12.63	14.71	0.00
Tallaght-Jobstown	252	-0.34	13.00	2.00	24.03	13.24	12.50	5.26
Tallaght-Jobstown	243	-11.45	64.00	16.00	13.89	27.59	30.77	68.83
Tallaght-Jobstown	360	-18.11	54.00	26.00	13.75	34.25	45.95	52.34
Tallaght-Jobstown	401	-19.63	52.00	18.00	9.04	44.58	40.79	57.76
Tallaght-Jobstown	324	-11.01	39.00	11.00	17.81	32.88	34.33	5.75
Tallaght-Jobstown	308	-19.82	50.00	20.00	7.06	39.34	33.33	73.49
Tallaght-Jobstown	241	-13.96	44.00	12.00	15.25	37.78	31.11	31.51
Tallaght-Jobstown	226	-17.16	43.00	24.00	5.76	30.61	15.91	60.26
Tallaght-Jobstown	413	-0.47	9.00	6.00	25.96	11.43	7.84	2.38
Tallaght-Jobstown	298	-18.24	50.00	23.00	17.24	45.10	34.04	92.96
Tallaght-Jobstown	291	-19.00	52.00	31.00	6.63	44.16	17.19	57.83
Tallaght-Jobstown	272	-27.08	62.00	33.00	3.47	49.09	37.10	66.67
Tallaght-Jobstown	320	-23.57	56.00	33.00	4.12	43.08	32.47	55.79
Tallaght-Jobstown	246	-16.23	50.00	34.00	10.14	20.55	32.76	50.65
Tallaght-Jobstown	456	-12.53	45.00	17.00	13.76	24.78	28.57	30.47
Tallaght-Jobstown	307	-14.06	41.00	10.00	11.29	25.37	24.59	9.64
Tallaght-Jobstown	313	-6.03	57.00	10.00	27.54	26.87	19.32	10.91
Tallaght-Jobstown	462	-11.20	35.00	13.00	18.54	27.72	21.70	28.93
Tallaght-Jobstown	355	-20.17	48.00	19.00	10.56	47.56	45.68	50.51
Tallaght-Jobstown	348	-23.92	50.00	30.00	6.58	53.33	41.03	78.79
Tallaght-Jobstown	241	-9.45	42.00	10.00	20.56	18.75	27.66	35.71
Tallaght-Jobstown	294	-7.89	41.00	8.00	31.69	30.43	24.29	23.08
Tallaght-Jobstown	478	-6.06	29.00	9.00	33.65	29.20	21.78	8.40
Tallaght-Jobstown	315	-11.63	40.00	9.00	21.01	27.87	22.58	12.94
Tallaght-Jobstown	428	-19.17	50.00	22.00	10.87	40.45	34.62	74.04
Tallaght-Jobstown	436	-21.09	52.00	15.00	13.82	60.29	50.54	90.43
Tallaght-Jobstown	508	-8.03	26.00	9.00	20.55	27.34	22.86	7.14
Tallaght-Jobstown	227	-17.78	64.00	7.00	15.49	51.43	30.23	81.43
Tallaght-Jobstown	257	-8.67	53.00	11.00	23.89	39.29	33.90	25.58
Tallaght-Jobstown	296	-20.46	51.00	34.00	8.43	35.14	30.91	59.38
Tallaght-Jobstown	238	-19.29	58.00	35.00	7.43	28.33	37.78	52.70
Tallaght-Jobstown	250	-26.04	50.00	25.00	3.03	52.63	40.68	58.46
Tallaght-Jobstown	269	-22.33	48.00	28.00	6.38	54.10	29.63	65.33
Tallaght-Jobstown	544	-15.79	58.00	12.00	19.48	45.56	35.78	79.56
Tallaght-Killinardan	417	-16.81	54.00	30.00	9.44	27.27	27.78	66.13
Tallaght-Killinardan	303	-20.67	40.00	30.00	6.25	34.62	17.19	42.55
Tallaght-Killinardan	381	-18.69	50.00	26.00	8.16	36.84	31.08	69.09
Tallaght-Killinardan	304	-18.66	61.00	38.00	10.40	27.69	22.97	35.79
Tallaght-Killinardan	254	-19.07	53.00	28.00	5.19	29.23	25.00	50.68
Tallaght-Killinardan	340	-19.25	39.00	31.00	6.90	38.38	30.59	49.46
Tallaght-Killinardan	395	-20.59	58.00	25.00	7.43	43.88	32.32	75.00
Tallaght-Killinardan	466	-22.16	61.00	24.00	5.79	42.98	41.38	84.68
Tallaght-Killinardan	370	-16.99	43.00	32.00	12.44	35.29	28.05	40.16
Tallaght-Killinardan	415	-19.42	47.00	16.00	7.06	38.10	42.39	29.31
Tallaght-Killinardan	313	-22.58	43.00	40.00	3.21	23.38	28.17	38.83
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	327	-6.60	12.00	22.00	17.67	13.48	10.67	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	336	-1.58	26.00	14.00	31.06	15.73	4.82	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	334	-0.53	40.00	12.00	26.00	13.33	7.69	0.78
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	225	-2.82	18.00	9.00	18.75	14.67	9.43	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	382	-1.99	14.00	19.00	18.66	6.73	7.45	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	359	-5.66	47.00	21.00	16.48	8.82	13.59	0.80
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	299	-8.32	21.00	20.00	17.54	22.22	9.23	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	274	-5.22	26.00	15.00	20.81	12.35	14.29	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	245	-0.16	22.00	17.00	22.78	7.04	8.20	0.00
Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	305	-6.44	41.00	21.00	19.72	11.96	14.29	0.00

Tallaght-Kilnamanagh	293	-7.53	9.00	25.00	19.42	13.95	11.86	0.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	503	-23.45	40.00	28.00	5.17	45.00	35.87	65.25
Tallaght-Kiltipper	330	-22.30	67.00	24.00	4.76	33.33	29.17	71.28
Tallaght-Kiltipper	292	-26.39	49.00	37.00	4.68	56.52	45.76	71.25
Tallaght-Kiltipper	491	-19.15	46.00	23.00	10.71	43.43	37.08	77.10
Tallaght-Kiltipper	506	-22.92	48.00	22.00	5.19	41.67	31.25	76.19
Tallaght-Kiltipper	277	-10.65	57.00	18.00	22.43	30.19	29.87	67.78
Tallaght-Kiltipper	276	-3.67	30.00	13.00	22.58	13.89	9.21	0.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	285	-4.33	57.00	15.00	28.47	21.33	23.38	32.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	246	-3.92	24.00	15.00	28.36	16.67	11.11	0.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	422	-1.60	18.00	8.00	23.51	12.40	8.42	0.78
Tallaght-Kiltipper	318	-4.47	20.00	7.00	18.95	13.98	8.57	2.11
Tallaght-Kiltipper	383	-9.78	54.00	11.00	25.00	28.77	26.67	26.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	258	-7.79	62.00	9.00	19.54	13.95	21.57	27.50
Tallaght-Kiltipper	259	-0.14	11.00	19.00	26.45	8.11	5.80	0.00
Tallaght-Kiltipper	299	-3.17	23.00	15.00	16.36	12.79	7.41	1.03
Tallaght-Kingswood	355	-5.16	24.00	16.00	20.00	11.58	3.61	0.88
Tallaght-Kingswood	196	-9.77	38.00	17.00	18.84	26.53	17.39	16.90
Tallaght-Kingswood	232	-4.77	30.00	23.00	16.98	7.58	6.78	1.27
Tallaght-Kingswood	236	-3.92	27.00	12.00	20.37	15.63	12.12	15.66
Tallaght-Kingswood	210	-2.23	33.00	11.00	32.35	16.36	11.54	0.00
Tallaght-Kingswood	235	-8.13	20.00	20.00	13.02	13.24	7.27	0.00
Tallaght-Kingswood	213	-4.33	29.00	19.00	19.21	13.24	2.00	0.00
Tallaght-Kingswood	276	-4.96	39.00	16.00	18.37	10.59	19.70	0.00
Tallaght-Kingswood	283	-2.43	23.00	22.00	18.87	9.46	1.39	3.13
Tallaght-Kingswood	340	-6.22	24.00	16.00	17.22	12.79	8.24	11.01
Tallaght-Millbrook	360	-15.74	33.00	35.00	13.14	20.25	13.89	0.74
Tallaght-Millbrook	208	-10.35	25.00	36.00	13.25	7.14	10.53	0.00
Tallaght-Millbrook	372	-6.69	11.00	17.00	21.91	13.86	21.18	2.40
Tallaght-Millbrook	354	-9.88	39.00	22.00	17.65	16.47	14.29	0.75
Tallaght-Millbrook	272	-2.87	23.00	19.00	22.10	9.09	5.08	2.04
Tallaght-Millbrook	344	-8.63	41.00	34.00	15.71	17.95	13.64	18.46
Tallaght-Millbrook	238	-10.78	20.00	19.00	12.82	14.52	11.11	1.12
Tallaght-Millbrook	277	-9.69	26.00	24.00	13.44	12.00	5.66	1.89
Tallaght-Millbrook	202	-4.83	7.00	21.00	22.67	10.20	10.81	0.00
Tallaght-Millbrook	181	-12.19	7.00	38.00	13.08	12.82	4.17	1.33
Tallaght-Millbrook	323	-4.96	36.00	19.00	20.90	9.68	7.14	0.88
Tallaght-Millbrook	255	-12.04	27.00	36.00	19.12	18.46	6.98	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	273	-3.44	22.00	16.00	27.96	10.39	9.68	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	274	-8.81	32.00	24.00	23.59	18.31	11.32	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	421	-1.24	30.00	15.00	24.47	9.48	11.11	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	365	-0.72	11.00	8.00	22.14	11.93	7.78	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	357	-5.54	12.00	17.00	18.07	11.48	9.72	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	313	-4.14	28.00	16.00	24.02	15.58	8.22	0.98
Tallaght-Oldbawn	349	-3.93	16.00	19.00	23.71	11.83	8.00	0.85
Tallaght-Oldbawn	398	-9.78	30.00	22.00	15.77	11.83	17.28	0.71
Tallaght-Oldbawn	264	-1.90	18.00	12.00	19.57	9.46	4.55	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	217	-3.44	26.00	19.00	26.25	7.55	17.78	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	208	-0.54	36.00	18.00	31.33	7.02	12.24	0.00
Tallaght-Oldbawn	298	-6.77	14.00	24.00	18.14	14.12	5.00	2.61
Tallaght-Oldbawn	308	-10.75	35.00	20.00	20.45	20.25	23.19	8.85
Tallaght-Springfield	207	-17.62	25.00	34.00	12.98	29.27	23.81	36.11
Tallaght-Springfield	253	-11.35	38.00	19.00	13.66	15.94	9.80	1.12
Tallaght-Springfield	194	-2.09	56.00	5.00	27.27	16.67	27.27	20.00
Tallaght-Springfield	273	-0.92	36.00	2.00	39.42	20.99	28.57	6.52
Tallaght-Springfield	383	-2.28	50.00	19.00	19.91	17.12	26.44	22.50
Tallaght-Springfield	259	-12.99	35.00	27.00	16.42	33.87	18.64	4.11
Tallaght-Springfield	200	-15.02	26.00	23.00	12.12	24.14	14.71	1.49
Tallaght-Springfield	345	-7.96	23.00	24.00	25.54	21.59	14.86	0.93
Tallaght-Springfield	322	-12.60	32.00	26.00	17.58	22.67	11.48	4.35
Tallaght-Springfield	284	-13.81	17.00	22.00	15.53	22.37	18.00	6.32

Tallaght-Springfield	381	-12.39	30.00	20.00	20.81	28.41	21.62	1.77
Tallaght-Springfield	405	-10.92	29.00	17.00	15.68	20.19	11.69	4.72
Tallaght-Springfield	227	-11.92	25.00	24.00	17.52	21.21	18.37	5.06
Tallaght-Springfield	281	-14.17	31.00	17.00	16.25	37.33	21.05	3.06
Tallaght-Springfield	242	-7.89	28.00	18.00	18.92	15.49	18.52	2.38
Tallaght-Springfield	229	-7.60	48.00	21.00	18.67	10.77	24.07	5.00
Tallaght-Springfield	458	-8.49	47.00	18.00	20.52	25.41	21.51	18.44
Tallaght-Springfield	229	-6.56	29.00	23.00	21.97	16.67	9.80	1.35
Tallaght-Springfield	243	-9.42	28.00	20.00	17.06	23.08	16.67	4.60
Tallaght-Springfield	363	-9.75	35.00	27.00	18.48	19.59	22.54	5.98
Tallaght-Springfield	219	-7.06	17.00	16.00	18.57	15.94	16.28	0.00
Tallaght-Springfield	248	-5.18	32.00	13.00	26.52	17.54	9.09	5.33
Tallaght-Springfield	238	-15.84	33.00	25.00	9.02	23.08	21.28	2.82
Tallaght-Springfield	210	-0.74	42.00	16.00	36.36	9.38	20.75	10.45
Tallaght-Springfield	750	-12.45	11.00	29.00	15.65	23.78	6.78	4.00
Tallaght-Tymon	379	-1.56	18.00	13.00	33.96	7.45	13.04	0.00
Tallaght-Tymon	270	-13.71	50.00	28.00	12.37	18.33	26.47	44.90
Tallaght-Tymon	317	-11.05	30.00	30.00	15.12	23.17	19.44	44.25
Tallaght-Tymon	314	-9.63	33.00	13.00	27.43	31.58	27.12	8.62
Tallaght-Tymon	197	-18.83	32.00	28.00	9.02	30.91	25.00	51.90
Tallaght-Tymon	277	-8.59	7.00	19.00	22.58	19.70	12.24	0.00
Tallaght-Tymon	338	-16.28	38.00	25.00	8.72	22.86	13.70	13.71
Tallaght-Tymon	239	-11.09	27.00	31.00	16.00	10.00	11.11	0.00
Tallaght-Tymon	236	-10.21	26.00	30.00	16.77	13.33	16.00	8.54
Tallaght-Tymon	217	-13.29	45.00	34.00	14.07	14.58	13.33	24.71
Tallaght-Tymon	279	-9.67	37.00	19.00	15.25	27.63	12.00	28.41
Tallaght-Tymon	315	-18.95	45.00	29.00	8.53	36.47	26.15	48.15
Tallaght-Tymon	181	-5.86	33.00	28.00	15.65	6.52	4.76	19.40
Tallaght-Tymon	242	-12.41	23.00	28.00	9.74	10.17	16.67	11.76
Tallaght-Tymon	251	-18.79	51.00	24.00	9.03	32.76	29.41	72.41
Tallaght-Tymon	404	-13.57	36.00	34.00	12.46	22.61	17.05	24.82
Tallaght-Tymon	241	-11.22	21.00	17.00	11.72	26.67	10.77	28.21
	107176	-2.98						

## Clondalkin Lucan

SA ED	Total Pop	Deprivation Score	Lone Parents Ratio	Primary Only	Ed third level	Unempl Male	Unemploy Female	LA rented
2016								
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	404	-21.74	56.00	41.00	10.85	46.03	32.91	92.93
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	246	-14.46	60.00	13.00	16.22	45.45	43.10	98.68
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	293	-0.65	25.00	23.00	28.50	7.14	6.78	1.16
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	239	-5.10	18.00	25.00	28.42	17.54	4.08	0.00
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	302	-18.05	59.00	11.00	16.44	40.91	33.33	94.05
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	357	-20.02	65.00	24.00	11.40	41.79	41.54	93.27
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	312	-16.66	68.00	23.00	6.86	27.59	31.82	61.29
Clondalkin-Cappaghmore	428	-21.73	60.00	31.00	6.61	43.00	39.66	66.10
Clondalkin-Dunawley	282	-3.96	30.00	11.00	26.28	23.00	18.75	7.48
Clondalkin-Dunawley	366	-6.97	13.00	15.00	28.15	25.51	22.97	19.78
Clondalkin-Dunawley	219	-7.68	30.00	8.00	18.64	20.83	15.09	25.37
Clondalkin-Dunawley	251	-6.83	35.00	7.00	20.20	16.07	25.00	5.97
Clondalkin-Dunawley	313	-11.88	37.00	16.00	15.11	24.64	17.91	39.77
Clondalkin-Dunawley	332	-9.93	32.00	13.00	22.00	31.25	30.00	22.33
Clondalkin-Dunawley	279	-0.72	17.00	5.00	27.69	15.79	10.71	6.41
Clondalkin-Dunawley	197	-11.94	25.00	32.00	13.24	19.61	10.20	9.46
Clondalkin-Dunawley	279	-15.14	20.00	31.00	11.29	22.78	20.97	21.98
Clondalkin-Dunawley	175	-4.23	23.00	19.00	20.15	5.26	5.00	0.00
Clondalkin-Dunawley	303	-7.44	23.00	19.00	19.74	16.09	7.81	3.51
Clondalkin-Dunawley	281	-3.38	32.00	18.00	16.02	8.33	9.41	1.03

Clondalkin-Dunawley	303	-6.45	27.00	15.00	18.69	19.77	6.33	0.96
Clondalkin-Dunawley	229	-4.63	18.00	18.00	18.92	9.38	18.37	1.28
Clondalkin-Dunawley	378	-4.33	30.00	2.00	20.83	13.64	18.37	6.36
Clondalkin-Dunawley	336	-5.30	23.00	7.00	16.67	12.79	15.71	8.79
Clondalkin-Dunawley	267	-1.58	27.00	7.00	19.57	13.41	12.86	9.33
Clondalkin-Dunawley	250	-17.74	46.00	22.00	7.41	35.59	33.93	50.00
Clondalkin-Dunawley	237	-19.27	55.00	34.00	7.63	33.33	27.87	48.61
Clondalkin-Dunawley	380	-2.89	26.00	6.00	28.97	16.48	16.67	6.67
Clondalkin-Dunawley	429	-4.06	26.00	4.00	25.15	18.18	8.60	6.42
Clondalkin-Dunawley	305	-11.31	56.00	14.00	8.28	25.30	18.82	65.00
Clondalkin-Dunawley	398	-10.64	51.00	13.00	14.69	21.43	33.33	40.48
Clondalkin-Dunawley	351	-9.34	29.00	26.00	15.08	28.00	13.16	35.51
Clondalkin-Dunawley	241	-13.04	35.00	23.00	11.11	33.82	19.35	44.00
Clondalkin-Dunawley	329	-5.28	13.00	16.00	16.18	10.64	16.67	0.98
Clondalkin-Dunawley	403	-18.23	38.00	33.00	8.05	23.00	18.75	33.33
Clondalkin-Dunawley	314	-13.78	49.00	24.00	11.30	22.22	24.29	32.00
Clondalkin-Dunawley	310	-12.89	36.00	25.00	9.55	19.18	14.46	37.50
Clondalkin-Dunawley	284	-14.80	58.00	21.00	9.48	15.91	33.90	45.83
Clondalkin-Dunawley	397	-21.70	56.00	21.00	4.89	40.87	34.83	75.44
Clondalkin-Dunawley	244	-14.58	53.00	23.00	14.29	32.69	24.49	61.54
Clondalkin-Dunawley	250	-21.12	64.00	22.00	4.41	38.33	25.86	63.16
Clondalkin-Dunawley	406	-20.92	43.00	24.00	9.32	41.05	33.33	56.34
Clondalkin-Dunawley	239	-0.86	49.00	4.00	30.00	13.85	23.08	14.43
Clondalkin-Dunawley	239	-16.85	48.00	24.00	10.00	33.33	25.42	76.39
Clondalkin-Monastery	351	-4.79	32.00	20.00	17.43	11.01	17.89	4.88
Clondalkin-Monastery	324	-0.10	30.00	12.00	30.05	14.89	13.64	12.30
Clondalkin-Monastery	315	-1.20	38.00	3.00	28.89	18.63	20.55	7.84
Clondalkin-Monastery	440	-6.53	40.00	3.00	36.64	24.18	43.18	8.82
Clondalkin-Monastery	360	-4.97	38.00	21.00	27.59	25.71	11.46	24.03
Clondalkin-Monastery	210	-3.19	23.00	7.00	28.24	14.71	6.98	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	190	-0.46	14.00	17.00	28.28	8.06	15.22	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	194	-4.56	8.00	20.00	30.00	11.63	8.70	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	267	-0.60	5.00	16.00	35.16	11.48	4.08	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	250	-6.93	39.00	18.00	18.50	7.14	8.33	0.95
Clondalkin-Monastery	307	-3.88	36.00	8.00	19.35	19.10	7.06	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	353	-3.41	31.00	15.00	26.96	11.76	18.42	5.38
Clondalkin-Monastery	280	-1.97	20.00	13.00	19.78	10.11	13.04	0.00
Clondalkin-Monastery	361	-2.41	33.00	20.00	22.52	9.71	7.22	4.76
Clondalkin-Monastery	381	-5.02	29.00	18.00	19.48	11.71	19.19	2.61
Clondalkin-Monastery	252	-3.08	30.00	16.00	19.72	8.22	10.61	4.29
Clondalkin-Monastery	223	-1.25	38.00	5.00	31.91	15.15	26.79	7.23
Clondalkin-Monastery	196	-2.29	21.00	12.00	29.51	19.30	16.36	1.45
Clondalkin-Monastery	208	-0.53	44.00	7.00	37.74	22.03	19.61	7.59
Clondalkin-Monastery	199	-1.94	41.00	6.00	22.48	14.29	13.46	0.00
Clondalkin-Moorfield	319	-7.75	35.00	30.00	13.66	8.64	10.34	5.71
Clondalkin-Moorfield	338	-23.39	60.00	34.00	5.61	41.98	30.00	48.18
Clondalkin-Moorfield	437	-19.71	49.00	36.00	8.04	34.12	20.73	59.12
Clondalkin-Moorfield	382	-0.89	30.00	12.00	23.55	12.07	6.49	1.71
Clondalkin-Moorfield	258	-11.75	61.00	25.00	15.32	16.98	20.90	7.50
Clondalkin-Moorfield	305	-21.16	43.00	36.00	5.06	35.90	15.00	35.71
Clondalkin-Moorfield	348	-25.33	50.00	41.00	4.37	35.56	34.72	45.37
Clondalkin-Moorfield	97	-31.96	80.00	55.00	6.67	58.33	57.14	93.75
Clondalkin-Moorfield	595	-18.41	48.00	23.00	7.95	31.76	32.17	49.37
Clondalkin-Moorfield	390	-9.96	42.00	13.00	15.98	18.10	22.68	7.83
Clondalkin-Moorfield	328	-8.33	32.00	14.00	15.19	22.11	15.49	8.60
Clondalkin-Moorfield	284	1.88	30.00	9.00	29.41	10.39	9.21	1.00
Clondalkin-Moorfield	424	-2.38	29.00	10.00	23.58	14.06	9.57	2.22
Clondalkin-Moorfield	382	-0.37	38.00	11.00	19.29	12.40	7.63	1.71
Clondalkin-Moorfield	275	-5.18	25.00	11.00	18.63	14.67	16.00	4.49
Clondalkin-Moorfield	284	-25.50	69.00	28.00	3.21	49.32	36.21	54.79
Clondalkin-Moorfield	283	-22.37	74.00	31.00	8.04	41.67	34.48	74.65

Clondalkin-Moorfield	261	-20.53	49.00	32.00	7.87	41.27	44.26	36.36
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	301	-7.82	46.00	23.00	12.66	10.84	13.89	4.44
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	235	-21.23	67.00	37.00	7.95	32.73	23.53	46.74
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	367	-20.10	40.00	37.00	5.69	29.21	13.70	33.33
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	290	-23.79	67.00	43.00	3.45	31.88	30.00	48.96
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	323	-21.74	50.00	36.00	5.85	34.62	29.33	35.85
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	303	-22.93	56.00	34.00	4.04	34.33	27.14	42.31
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	331	-20.12	59.00	37.00	9.33	38.16	22.78	41.18
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	291	-21.45	69.00	36.00	8.28	45.78	33.33	55.00
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	359	-22.78	51.00	29.00	3.26	44.55	32.89	52.08
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	416	-18.48	57.00	34.00	6.36	26.50	24.55	53.85
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	339	-8.79	27.00	11.00	13.22	18.07	14.94	3.16
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	244	-9.64	33.00	15.00	14.52	23.19	12.73	6.25
Clondalkin-Rowlagh	297	-7.38	32.00	13.00	13.45	13.75	41.56	34.12
Clondalkin Village	451	-2.52	22.00	9.00	23.01	12.84	15.05	5.97
Clondalkin Village	333	-4.00	36.00	10.00	16.00	12.24	17.20	3.00
Clondalkin Village	241	-6.49	30.00	11.00	20.15	16.36	16.67	7.06
Clondalkin Village	229	-0.86	28.00	16.00	22.66	9.52	11.29	6.02
Clondalkin Village	229	-4.02	33.00	17.00	26.52	16.67	14.52	8.54
Clondalkin Village	329	-0.26	3.00	12.00	26.09	14.58	6.17	2.83
Clondalkin Village	269	-3.31	34.00	18.00	25.00	9.46	16.13	6.52
Clondalkin Village	307	-3.81	19.00	12.00	23.86	11.65	16.67	2.61
Clondalkin Village	240	-4.20	24.00	10.00	20.15	14.06	10.53	2.78
Clondalkin Village	186	-5.51	15.00	15.00	33.58	16.33	8.82	6.06
Clondalkin Village	237	-1.29	26.00	13.00	26.00	12.86	12.96	3.53
Clondalkin Village	157	-2.43	36.00	12.00	30.93	23.68	10.87	4.35
Clondalkin Village	392	-1.50	16.00	12.00	24.55	10.26	17.58	4.00
Clondalkin Village	240	-2.38	30.00	14.00	24.20	13.24	13.24	5.00
Clondalkin Village	218	-2.97	31.00	8.00	20.61	8.47	12.90	4.71
Clondalkin Village	306	-3.05	39.00	16.00	26.76	18.89	11.69	3.17
Clondalkin Village	419	-4.57	33.00	10.00	23.91	14.15	14.00	3.85
Clondalkin Village	309	-3.56	32.00	15.00	24.75	16.25	10.39	7.81
Over all	44844	-6.45						

## Dun Laoghaire

Negative SA by ED	Total Population 2016	Deprivation Score 2016	Primary Education Only 2016	3rd level education 2016	Unemployment rate- Male 2016	Unemployment rate- Female 2016	LA rented accommodation 2016
Ballybrack	239	-6.58	22.00	16.89	11.86	8.51	1.32
Ballybrack	349	-9.01	17.00	21.21	19.23	10.81	25.96
Ballybrack	279	-14.41	26.00	14.51	15.25	15.09	16.19
Ballybrack	235	-9.09	36.00	18.18	8.70	7.14	16.28
Cabinteely-Kilbogget	350	-4.31	24.00	25.10	8.89	13.85	16.94
Cabinteely-Kilbogget	338	-18.72	40.00	9.96	21.88	8.89	14.88
Cabinteely-Kilbogget	406	-15.56	26.00	11.51	28.70	20.99	33.58
Cabinteely-Kilbogget	414	-13.60	33.00	8.79	10.78	11.24	16.55
D L -Glasthule	231	-0.62	27.00	41.77	19.67	7.84	10.34
DL-Sallynoggin East	353	-9.42	22.00	16.28	17.58	17.95	38.21
DL-Sallynoggin East	242	-7.88	20.00	16.23	15.38	9.68	39.36
DL-Sallynoggin East	325	-14.58	33.00	12.38	23.68	14.93	53.33
DL-Sallynoggin South	250	-10.07	24.00	15.28	21.57	8.20	43.01
DL-Sallynoggin South	307	-4.79	19.00	21.76	15.48	10.61	14.16
DL-Sallynoggin South	226	-4.86	13.00	35.98	17.39	9.30	3.23
DL-Sallynoggin West	252	-4.46	19.00	19.14	7.94	12.96	14.77
DL-Sallynoggin West	312	-5.98	22.00	29.03	22.03	17.72	34.45
DL-Sallynoggin West	326	-6.29	25.00	30.45	17.81	12.50	15.04
DL-Sallynoggin West	153	-7.98	24.00	34.29	25.81	17.50	30.67



DL-West Central	237	-9.42	25.00	26.90	24.14	18.37	69.83
DL-West Central	165	-11.11	28.00	21.95	29.73	20.51	78.16
Dundrum-Balally	342	-3.26	20.00	31.11	12.37	11.48	28.80
Dundrum-Balally	327	-1.78	10.00	39.50	18.57	16.05	39.67
Dundrum-Balally	286	-3.15	17.00	37.50	18.92	10.29	32.00
Dundrum-Balally	224	-11.56	24.00	19.26	22.95	25.71	37.88
Dundrum-Balally	236	-5.92	21.00	24.34	19.05	13.73	31.08
Killiney South	342	-9.79	14.00	17.92	24.42	26.73	31.20
Killiney South	337	-14.51	24.00	8.94	25.96	25.00	61.22
Killiney South	315	-14.91	32.00	7.20	21.18	16.22	42.59
Killiney South	374	-15.99	30.00	5.82	24.56	20.51	51.67
Killiney South	371	-22.44	42.00	6.44	32.65	25.35	41.86
Killiney South	279	-4.99	17.00	24.29	19.75	18.46	25.77
Killiney South	295	-17.22	33.00	9.52	27.94	19.05	47.37
Killiney South	278	-12.95	22.00	8.76	20.27	12.90	39.33
Killiney South	440	-16.02	19.00	7.33	21.05	16.49	61.34
Killiney South	305	-16.63	25.00	7.07	28.77	23.19	65.56
Shankill-Rathmichael	359	11.63	5.00	47.09	4.35	2.47	2.63
Shankill-Rathmichael	292	-11.06	16.00	19.59	31.88	26.58	77.53
Shankill-Rathmichael	427	-1.11	18.00	38.22	12.87	11.70	5.22
Shankill-Rathmichael	594	-6.49	13.00	21.61	18.40	14.84	49.20
Shankill-Rathsallagh	316	-10.29	23.00	12.06	15.91	15.94	48.48
Shankill-Rathsallagh	382	-13.11	28.00	11.93	23.08	17.17	52.07
Shankill-Rathsallagh	320	-6.33	10.00	35.48	22.00	7.55	18.64
Shankill-Rathsallagh	339	-15.70	30.00	10.20	24.05	15.71	44.76
Shankill-Rathsallagh	303	-13.26	28.00	12.02	18.31	13.21	51.43
Shankill-Rathsallagh	330	-11.82	32.00	20.28	21.74	18.06	43.33
Shankill-Shanganagh	260	-1.24	13.00	28.49	5.26	5.41	0.00
Shankill-Shanganagh	292	-5.67	29.00	25.13	17.11	8.62	19.81
	61978	6.70					
	14954						
	24.12792						

## Rathdown

21016 SA by ED	Total Pop	Deprivati on Score	Primary Education	3rdlevel education	Unemploy ment rate-Male	Unemploy ment rate- Female	LA rented
Ballinteer-Meadowmount	342	-11.74	9.00	12.57	33.78	22.62	88.57
Ballinteer-Meadowmount	253	-0.21	18.00	40.11	17.31	5.88	5.32
Ballinteer-Meadowmount	229	-22.31	34.00	8.86	37.93	28.85	32.18
Churchtown-Nutgrove	194	-1.65	23.00	26.24	16.67	4.35	26.97
Churchtown-Nutgrove	292	-0.96	24.00	30.62	14.47	6.35	8.47
Churchtown-Nutgrove	362	-5.73	28.00	21.59	17.89	10.96	13.74
Churchtown-Nutgrove	181	0.02	26.00	34.85	9.30	7.50	6.85
Churchtown-Nutgrove	369	-11.20	40.00	19.11	22.37	10.29	13.56
Churchtown-Nutgrove	212	-15.66	40.00	14.02	20.37	19.44	17.50
Churchtown-Nutgrove	320	-1.85	24.00	31.44	13.04	5.06	2.70
Dundrum-Sandyford	385	-11.30	26.00	17.32	25.49	21.21	30.33
Dundrum-Sandyford	231	-6.60	24.00	24.34	12.28	19.35	42.86
Dundrum-Taney	353	-0.06	17.00	33.49	9.18	10.81	9.09
Dundrum-Taney	177	1.77	13.00	48.84	11.36	13.46	9.89
Dundrum-Taney	78	-8.93	15.00	19.15	31.25	14.29	66.67
Glencullen	422	-1.66	8.00	33.18	14.41	15.22	36.67
Glencullen	496	-1.53	16.00	41.32	8.22	12.99	3.31
Glencullen	249	3.34	13.00	51.70	10.71	6.52	1.25
Glencullen	387	-12.17	10.00	14.59	31.25	21.69	78.22
Glencullen	268	-13.80	22.00	14.09	21.88	19.12	70.67
Glencullen	332	-10.47	16.00	13.40	17.95	19.10	68.09



Shankill-Rathsallagh	316	-10.29	23.00	12.06	15.91	15.94	48.48
Shankill-Rathsallagh	382	-13.11	28.00	11.93	23.08	17.17	52.07
Shankill-Rathsallagh	320	-6.33	10.00	35.48	22.00	7.55	18.64
Shankill-Rathsallagh	339	-15.70	30.00	10.20	24.05	15.71	44.76
Shankill-Rathsallagh	303	-13.26	28.00	12.02	18.31	13.21	51.43
Shankill-Rathsallagh	330	-11.82	32.00	20.28	21.74	18.06	43.33
Shankill-Shanganagh	260	-1.24	13.00	28.49	5.26	5.41	0.00
Shankill-Shanganagh	292	-5.67	29.00	25.13	17.11	8.62	19.81
	48096	9.59					

## Blanchardstown

SA With ED 2016	Pop	Depr <sup>i</sup> Score	% Primary Education	% third level	Unemploy ment rate- Male	Unemploy ment rate- Female	% rented	LA
Blanchardstown-Abbotstown	589	-14.35	32.00	18.64	35.25	26.32	13.85	
Blanchardstown-Abbotstown	428	-3.54	12.00	17.43	10.38	9.20	1.77	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	379	-1.44	10.00	31.03	17.36	20.00	1.56	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	292	-7.59	10.00	19.23	22.89	13.33	3.85	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	287	-0.90	13.00	22.40	15.85	3.95	2.13	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	342	-4.11	12.00	20.20	14.29	16.30	1.94	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	284	-6.32	12.00	20.90	18.89	17.81	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	286	-7.16	18.00	13.81	15.19	16.67	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	335	-7.66	14.00	19.00	18.28	19.74	2.88	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	348	-0.92	8.00	28.97	15.18	12.79	3.96	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	278	-1.67	11.00	18.39	13.16	6.94	1.19	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	333	-6.35	18.00	20.86	16.30	18.75	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	387	-8.96	16.00	17.21	22.43	13.48	2.75	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	346	-8.10	18.00	17.65	19.39	13.25	2.65	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	205	-2.01	7.00	26.89	8.16	20.00	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	289	-3.27	19.00	26.19	16.87	11.11	1.09	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	230	-8.20	18.00	16.06	15.79	6.25	1.28	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	366	-5.28	13.00	22.31	18.64	12.90	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	222	-1.65	12.00	26.62	14.75	4.92	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	223	-4.12	10.00	24.54	19.48	11.67	1.33	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	256	-0.35	13.00	20.93	8.97	12.66	1.22	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	234	-3.51	16.00	23.95	16.90	10.34	1.33	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	272	-0.14	9.00	27.01	13.58	13.43	1.18	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	267	-2.05	14.00	31.91	12.99	12.50	1.04	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	299	0.11	6.00	23.40	6.25	16.39	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	262	-3.58	17.00	21.26	9.88	22.03	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	242	-7.37	23.00	18.13	21.92	16.18	1.14	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	296	-10.31	19.00	13.86	16.18	18.03	3.57	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	304	-1.26	7.00	40.00	16.05	24.59	1.37	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	237	-5.73	12.00	20.55	19.70	15.79	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	265	-3.74	9.00	23.70	17.81	20.63	3.75	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	274	-5.26	4.00	23.08	18.18	20.00	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	286	-0.20	10.00	25.57	9.21	15.49	1.02	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	222	-2.92	12.00	18.12	15.63	4.08	2.47	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	245	-6.04	16.00	20.27	15.28	18.33	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	406	-3.41	6.00	27.27	14.74	17.17	4.63	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	340	0.75	6.00	40.63	14.81	14.46	4.21	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	308	0.85	7.00	46.15	17.07	16.92	2.63	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	320	-0.47	7.00	26.75	14.29	13.41	4.35	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	359	0.38	9.00	19.40	7.07	12.36	1.04	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	251	-2.73	16.00	25.17	14.29	12.90	3.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	305	-1.05	8.00	21.31	12.50	9.09	2.22	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	259	-6.09	9.00	16.42	13.33	16.39	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	289	-6.19	11.00	29.22	22.35	16.13	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Blakestown	222	-0.78	9.00	17.57	9.59	6.38	1.43	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	299	0.66	16.00	33.85	13.33	16.67	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	284	-16.97	42.00	10.63	35.37	18.84	39.51	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	510	-12.24	22.00	14.44	27.42	23.81	33.79	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	240	-4.02	10.00	29.51	17.65	9.76	0.00	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	240	-2.90	12.00	33.52	11.86	12.50	1.15	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	388	-16.82	26.00	10.57	27.62	19.51	42.52	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	308	-19.77	32.00	8.74	36.11	30.00	64.44	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	378	-20.37	33.00	5.59	37.21	32.50	66.02	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	292	-18.59	25.00	6.67	30.00	28.13	47.78	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	458	-18.20	30.00	11.16	33.98	33.33	50.00	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	310	-7.10	15.00	23.93	17.72	26.67	37.36	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	353	-18.02	24.00	8.85	35.96	22.47	57.55	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	240	-15.30	28.00	10.71	32.26	27.87	44.16	
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	300	-14.17	22.00	10.49	33.82	19.40	71.43	

Blanchardstown-Coolmine	278	-21.45	30.00	4.15	40.00	18.46	52.27
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	267	-0.38	10.00	27.21	18.52	12.68	1.25
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	427	0.95	9.00	39.88	16.26	34.41	8.33
Blanchardstown-Coolmine	298	-17.65	29.00	12.41	30.30	27.94	45.98
Blanchardstown-Corduff	285	-5.82	19.00	19.66	12.12	11.11	1.01
Blanchardstown-Corduff	291	-7.99	12.00	22.70	24.32	18.92	9.26
Blanchardstown-Corduff	331	-4.09	14.00	25.25	13.48	17.24	3.20
Blanchardstown-Corduff	244	-7.54	20.00	19.19	13.33	12.07	0.00
Blanchardstown-Corduff	318	0.66	16.00	24.02	6.45	5.43	0.00
Blanchardstown-Corduff	464	-17.34	22.00	9.94	40.00	24.79	91.96
Blanchardstown-Corduff	352	-19.05	23.00	6.99	41.84	30.12	83.33
Blanchardstown-Corduff	332	-15.72	33.00	13.89	32.50	21.05	47.66
Blanchardstown-Corduff	316	-20.53	39.00	7.85	28.99	26.32	40.95
Blanchardstown-Corduff	309	-16.09	29.00	8.59	27.16	22.50	43.33
Blanchardstown-Corduff	320	-3.71	21.00	23.53	12.24	18.29	3.88
Blanchardstown-Corduff	309	-16.63	29.00	9.77	31.40	29.31	30.85
Blanchardstown-Delwood	227	0.81	10.00	38.64	11.54	5.45	0.00
Blanchardstown-Delwood	376	1.00	9.00	41.05	11.22	8.97	0.71
Blanchardstown-Delwood	254	-2.22	20.00	30.05	12.50	7.14	1.08
Blanchardstown-Delwood	239	-9.66	29.00	23.73	19.61	8.16	1.03
Blanchardstown-Delwood	261	-2.35	8.00	32.51	13.11	5.56	0.00
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	340	0.23	5.00	39.69	16.30	24.66	8.82
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	266	-3.88	10.00	33.33	20.00	28.57	17.50
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	193	-3.91	5.00	32.00	15.56	22.00	26.09
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	338	-19.28	23.00	9.14	37.97	35.06	70.33
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	271	-10.41	17.00	16.17	31.94	22.03	46.24
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	561	-12.41	20.00	13.89	25.81	27.83	55.64
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	222	-4.57	13.00	27.97	20.00	20.00	22.22
Blanchardstown-Mulhuddart	286	0.13	4.00	42.04	20.00	16.90	15.31
Blanchardstown-Roselawn	291	-4.43	24.00	24.30	13.51	20.00	24.04
Blanchardstown-Roselawn	300	-2.60	16.00	29.02	10.20	1.96	0.83
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	290	-17.22	21.00	13.68	35.82	42.19	76.12
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	335	-16.85	17.00	5.07	24.05	29.17	67.53
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	351	-12.96	15.00	17.09	29.33	33.33	91.76
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	317	-13.12	19.00	12.68	33.33	24.68	72.84
Blanchardstown-Tyrrelstown	315	-13.31	14.00	12.20	33.33	19.18	42.03
Blanchardstown	10845	4.30					
95 SAP	29243						

## Dublin North

With ED 2016	Total Population	Deprivation Score	% with third level education	Unemployment rate-Male	Unemployment rate-Female	% LA accommodation	rented
Balbriggan Rural	312	-4.26	36.97	17.91	24.29	6.38	
Balbriggan Rural	320	-0.49	38.52	11.84	23.53	3.45	
Balbriggan Rural	256	-5.20	33.64	22.41	24.14	3.49	
Balbriggan Rural	312	-0.19	37.76	11.11	16.90	1.89	
Balbriggan Rural	549	-8.27	27.40	25.27	25.60	60.82	
Balbriggan Rural	332	-1.32	32.41	19.48	19.77	2.52	
Balbriggan Rural	333	-0.18	45.39	14.46	21.88	3.03	
Balbriggan Rural	309	0.55	38.21	9.86	23.44	9.41	
Balbriggan Rural	259	-0.88	37.74	15.25	13.21	4.05	
Balbriggan Rural	384	-7.78	27.61	27.63	28.57	63.11	
Balbriggan Rural	464	-6.25	25.41	19.59	15.79	35.42	
Balbriggan Rural	365	0.14	36.02	14.85	24.69	1.64	
Balbriggan Rural	324	-3.27	34.25	17.50	19.05	4.24	
Balbriggan Rural	273	-0.65	45.45	16.39	16.67	2.82	
Balbriggan Rural	340	-1.72	32.41	17.72	19.75	6.67	
Balbriggan Rural	396	-0.88	33.33	14.43	23.81	6.45	
Balbriggan Rural	342	-1.25	37.78	18.82	15.49	3.33	
Balbriggan Rural	332	-2.95	26.18	13.64	12.99	1.47	
Balbriggan Rural	584	-4.77	35.94	27.97	24.22	8.28	
Balbriggan Rural	477	-5.63	29.05	23.30	27.59	36.67	
Balbriggan Rural	420	-0.91	33.68	14.29	13.13	2.33	
Balbriggan Rural	287	0.64	29.93	6.25	13.56	2.17	
Balbriggan Rural	506	-6.03	24.45	17.48	5.75	2.46	
Balbriggan Rural	457	-0.71	34.90	14.85	14.78	38.57	
Balbriggan Rural	332	-4.74	37.98	30.12	23.68	21.51	

Balbriggan Rural	264	-20.97	6.54	31.25	35.09	70.65
Balbriggan Rural	285	-13.30	9.62	32.35	21.25	61.54
Balbriggan Rural	379	-2.74	32.43	18.18	29.17	28.18
Balbriggan Rural	328	-19.09	7.36	33.33	36.23	60.61
Balbriggan Urban	457	-1.67	25.88	12.50	13.68	3.17
Balbriggan Urban	426	-0.33	29.80	14.68	8.57	2.22
Balbriggan Urban	431	-0.13	31.90	10.78	14.94	3.17
Balbriggan Urban	329	-5.69	31.40	24.42	26.15	9.02
Balbriggan Urban	264	-0.49	28.10	21.25	15.52	2.50
Balbriggan Urban	236	-3.06	26.43	18.97	16.13	7.02
Balbriggan Urban	145	-10.23	20.75	31.58	29.41	6.00
Balbriggan Urban	308	-6.44	22.55	12.33	5.08	0.00
Balbriggan Urban	190	-2.71	27.64	11.76	43.59	16.09
Balbriggan Urban	191	-14.55	17.83	25.00	22.22	2.74
Balbriggan Urban	290	-14.51	13.17	26.39	21.15	32.29
Balbriggan Urban	230	-20.26	10.97	24.44	15.00	37.89
Balbriggan Urban	336	-9.70	15.84	18.99	19.70	14.96
Balbriggan Urban	297	-11.24	19.88	25.00	24.56	26.09
Balbriggan Urban	352	-10.40	17.53	17.14	20.83	30.77
Balbriggan Urban	301	-2.53	23.83	11.46	11.48	8.73
Balbriggan Urban	287	-1.24	28.09	15.49	9.80	1.79
Balbriggan Urban	305	-7.68	18.32	20.41	17.81	0.90
Balbriggan Urban	260	-7.75	20.13	26.56	13.85	21.84
Donabate	135	-1.71	22.55	8.89	5.41	23.33
Donabate	283	-4.37	23.04	7.46	6.98	10.61
Donabate	261	-10.45	16.67	28.07	21.13	66.25
Donabate	217	0.80	39.85	12.24	8.33	0.00
Donabate	226	-4.80	30.82	18.52	10.20	2.35
Donabate	222	-6.06	19.61	17.02	22.50	20.22
Lusk	376	-0.59	25.85	11.11	10.00	1.92
Lusk	343	-9.19	28.96	30.77	15.15	33.68
Lusk	337	0.91	29.60	9.38	5.45	0.97
Lusk	514	-2.78	20.44	8.40	9.80	9.32
Lusk	232	-12.06	12.31	24.07	20.00	54.41
Lusk	279	-14.29	12.64	19.12	16.67	26.32
Rush	341	-1.43	23.08	10.34	7.79	5.98
Rush	329	-0.32	31.07	14.61	13.16	1.82
Rush	445	0.75	26.32	11.63	10.09	2.17
Rush	356	-1.56	29.36	13.08	16.67	0.85
Rush	361	-0.79	29.56	14.29	18.52	1.60
Rush	226	-5.11	20.95	12.73	5.00	1.25
Rush	285	-13.65	16.26	14.52	12.28	4.72
Rush	259	-0.42	34.15	7.69	15.09	5.62
Rush	112	-0.40	23.19	13.16	10.00	0.00
Rush	349	-0.33	33.51	14.52	12.68	12.24
Rush	418	-13.06	10.61	25.00	21.52	53.85
Rush	289	-3.14	24.05	10.77	18.33	26.67
Rush	349	-11.01	15.87	22.99	14.29	25.81
Skerries	385	-14.75	11.79	29.59	30.77	69.84
Skerries	349	-18.76	11.11	38.38	30.91	58.14
Skerries	195	-9.63	20.98	15.38	8.11	0.00
Skerries	259	-5.13	25.15	13.85	11.11	9.28
Skerries	175	-3.93	30.97	28.57	7.69	4.00
Swords-Glasmore	309	-1.12	31.42	10.26	5.08	0.81
Swords-Glasmore	230	-3.75	25.27	10.87	2.56	0.00
Swords-Glasmore	272	-3.88	20.99	14.04	0.00	6.06
Swords-Glasmore	223	-2.71	30.82	11.67	7.32	1.32
Swords-Glasmore	239	-8.15	24.32	23.91	11.11	4.65
Swords-Glasmore	270	-16.54	11.90	21.13	22.50	10.20
Swords-Glasmore	370	-16.31	9.69	34.83	15.56	59.17
Swords-Glasmore	345	-19.97	7.76	32.22	25.71	45.38

Swords-Glasmore	324	-13.34	11.73	22.73	18.31	30.84
Swords-Forrest	234	-0.09	30.97	14.71	18.18	1.18
Swords-Forrest	276	-0.78	30.81	15.15	8.54	1.85
Swords-Forrest	332	0.91	29.63	11.22	14.42	1.98
Swords-Forrest	344	-2.67	27.38	16.82	7.06	0.77
Swords-Lissenhall	241	-17.73	6.36	18.29	37.04	45.45
Swords-Lissenhall	184	0.79	25.38	7.50	0.00	0.00
Swords-Lissenhall	229	-7.66	18.75	27.12	14.04	33.67
Swords-Lissenhall	266	0.96	40.48	15.79	20.48	3.88
Swords-Lissenhall	378	-3.14	34.87	16.67	10.59	13.27
Swords-Lissenhall	373	-5.44	20.10	20.88	13.10	46.34
Swords-Lissenhall	391	-8.88	16.04	27.87	19.80	49.59
Swords Village	96	-2.86	21.13	18.52	0.00	0.00
Swords Village	211	-2.63	29.19	12.96	12.96	1.27
Swords Village	319	-7.58	18.83	16.47	10.67	18.97
Swords Village	246	-0.47	27.78	12.35	14.00	1.16
Swords Village	276	-1.20	25.65	11.43	4.29	0.00
Total 103 SAP	32041	5.03				
380	32041					
	27%					

## Sources

CSO	Census SAP	2006-11-16 2016
Pobail	Deprivation Scale Mapping	
DDLETB	Administrative Data	
DES	School Rolls School Population School Completion	
DOCY	Growing up in Ireland	
TUSLA	School Attendance	2013/14/15/16
ESRI		
Eurostats		
OECD		
Irish Sports Monitor		2017

Ethnic or Cultural Background	Persons	%	% of National in DDLETB	Persons
White Irish	3854226	82.2	15.6	599425
White Irish Traveller	30987	0.7	12.7	3926
Other White	446727	9.5	19.7	88143
Black or Black Irish	64639	1.4	33.9	21901
Asian or Asian Irish	98720	2.1	30.8	30419
Other	70603	1.5	22.7	16038
Not stated	124019	2.6	17.8	22060
Total	4689921	100	16.7	781912

% of National in DDLETB Area	All ethnic or cultural backgrounds	White Irish	White Irish Traveller	Any other White background	Black or Black Irish - African	Black or Black Irish - any other Black background	Asian or Asian Irish - Chinese	Asian or Asian Irish - any other Asian background	Other including mixed background	Not stated
<b>All ages</b>	17	16	13	20	35	21	32	31	23	18
<b>0 - 4</b>	18	17	13	24	35	23	36	32	25	19
<b>5 - 9</b>	18	16	13	22	37	26	34	34	26	23
<b>10 - 14</b>	17	15	13	19	38	24	31	35	25	21
<b>15 - 19</b>	16	15	13	18	40	24	33	33	24	18
<b>20 - 24</b>	17	17	12	18	35	18	24	25	21	14

: Referrals and Assessments : Child Protection(Abuse)	Dublin Total	Dublin South Central	Dublin South East Wicklow	Dublin South West Kildare West Wicklow	Dublin City North	Dublin North	National Total	Dublin as a % Of National
<i>Physical Abuse</i>	1,652	276	158	282	237	699	4,942	33
<i>Emotional Abuse</i>	2,030	509	214	75	167	1,065	7,615	27
<i>Sexual Abuse</i>	720	122	81	134	102	281	3,170	23
<i>Neglect</i>	1,691	549	140	153	259	590	4,810	35
YTD 2017	6,093	1,456	593	644	765	2,635	20,537	30

Table 83 Tusla Activity Data 2017

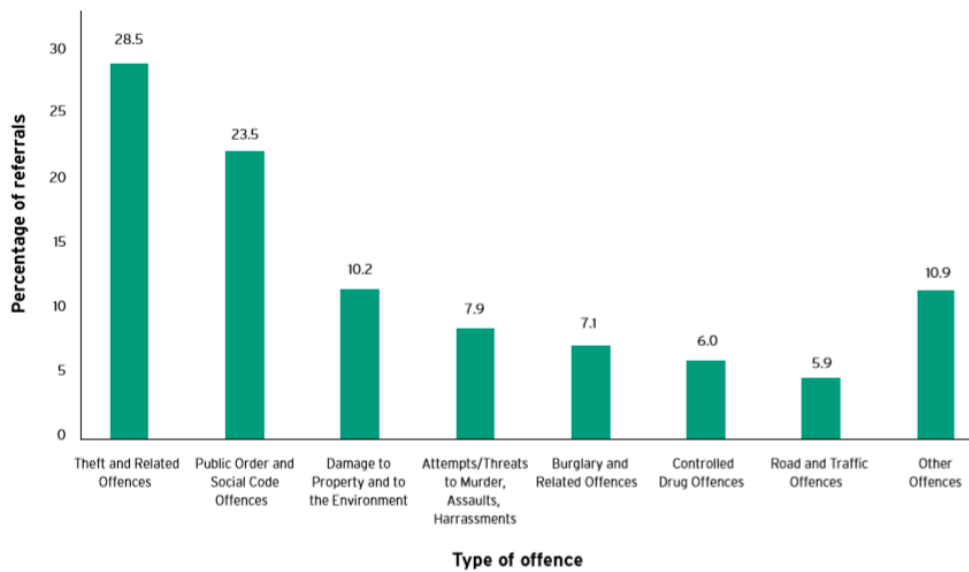
Tusla Activity Data 2017:Referrals	Dublin	Dublin South Central	Dublin South East Wicklow	Dublin South West Kildare West Wicklow	Dublin City North	Dublin North	National Total	Dublin as a % of National Figures
The total number of referrals (Child Protection and Child Welfare concern) received during the reporting period								%
YTD 2017 (Total)	<b>14,249</b>	2,306	2,161	3,001	2,650	4,131	<b>53,755</b>	27

Combined Totals for Child Protection (Abuse) and Child Welfare Concern

Persons committed to prison Year 2007 to Year 2017				
Age and Gender of persons committed in Year 2017				
	Female	Male	Total	%
17 year olds	0	10	10	0.1
18 to < 21	56	503	559	7.5
21 to < 25	125	1,017	1,142	15.3
25 to < 30	241	1,259	1,500	20.0
30 to < 40	389	2,109	2,498	33.4
40 to < 50	196	988	1,184	15.8
50+	74	517	591	7.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,081</b>	<b>6,403</b>	<b>7,484</b>	<b>100.00</b>
<b>%</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>85.6</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

#### Prisons ANNUAL REPORT 2017

Year	2017				
	Burglary and related offences	Theft and related offences	Controlled drug offences	Damage to property and to the environment	Public order and other social code offences
Blackrock, Co Dublin, D.M.R. Eastern Division	303	527	50	93	115
Blanchardstown, D.M.R. Western Division	536	1948	204	582	294
Clondalkin, D.M.R. Western Division	206	798	168	281	182
Dun Laoghaire, D.M.R. Eastern Division	427	792	154	176	199
Dundrum, D.M.R. Eastern Division	535	1515	105	290	173
Lucan, D.M.R. Western Division	199	610	89	217	131
Rathfarnham, D.M.R. Southern Division	322	728	212	190	152
Ronanstown, D.M.R. Western Division	143	974	352	265	157
Swords, D.M.R. Northern Division	186	885	132	218	272
Tallaght, D.M.R. Southern Division	381	1594	457	806	469
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>3238</b>	<b>10371</b>	<b>1923</b>	<b>3118</b>	<b>2144</b>

**Figure 29: Referrals to the Garda Diversion Programme, by type of offence (2014)**

Source: 2014 Annual Report of the Committee Appointed to Monitor the Effectiveness of the Diversion Programme

**Table 133: Number of children aged 10–17 referred/referrals to the Garda Diversion Programme, by Region and Division (2014), and rate (per 1,000) in State/County (2011)\***

	Total number of children referred		Total number of referrals		Average ratio of referrals to number of children referred
	No.	2014 referral rate per 1,000 children aged 10–17 in 2011 Census*	No.	2014 referral rate per 1,000 children aged 10–17 in 2011 Census*	
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,991</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>19,854</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>
<b>Eastern Region</b>	<b>1,354</b>	<b>15.8</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>2.1</b>
<b>Dublin Metropolitan Region (DMR)</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>6,838</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>
DMR East	302	16.4	753	40.8	2.5
DMR North	715	21.8	1,244	37.9	1.7
DMR North Central	240	53.9	1,158	259.9	4.8
DMR South	712	31.4	1,163	51.2	1.6
DMR South Central	216	33.9	963	150.9	4.5
DMR West	927	30.5	1,557	51.2	1.7

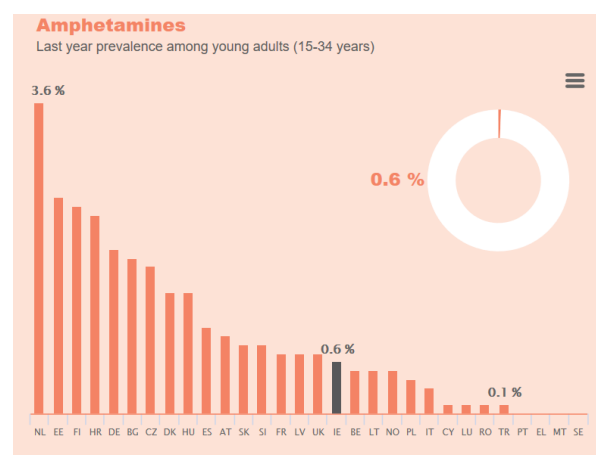
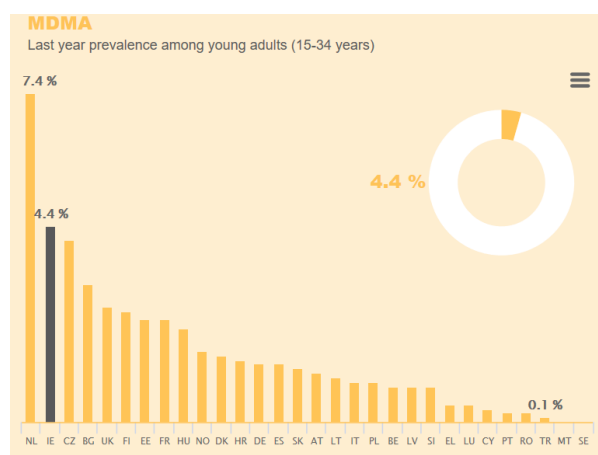
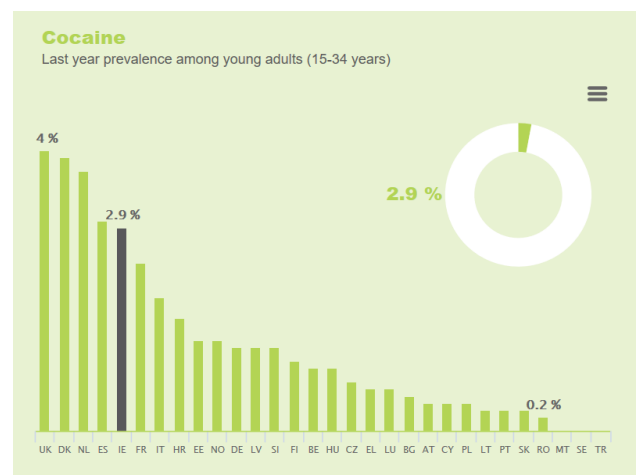
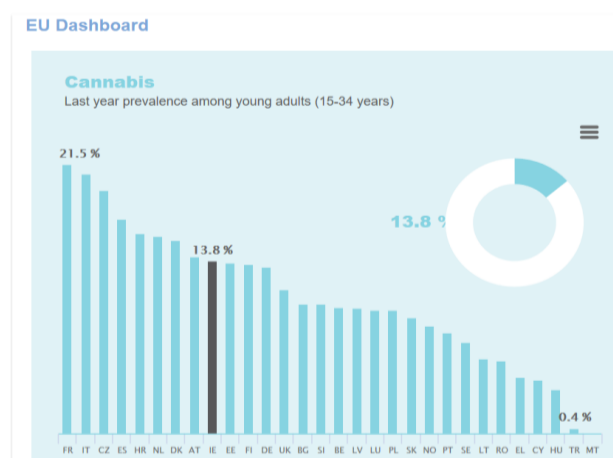
Rehabilitation: Young adults coming out of the criminal justice process must be supported in their efforts to stop offending and become active citizens through provision of services including support with employment and education, stable accommodation and assistance to address drug and alcohol misuse



Community: Priority should be placed on resourcing evidence-informed initiatives in the community that aim to divert those at risk of becoming involved in offending behaviour away from criminal justice agencies and into mainstream services.

- While 9% of the total population is aged 18–24 years, this age group comprised 26% of those committed to prison in 2013 and 22% of those in custody under sentence on 30 November 2013.
- Between 2007 and 2010, 68.5% of people aged under 21 years re-offended, as did 68% of those aged 21–25 years, compared with 53% of the rest of the population.

## Drugs Task Force



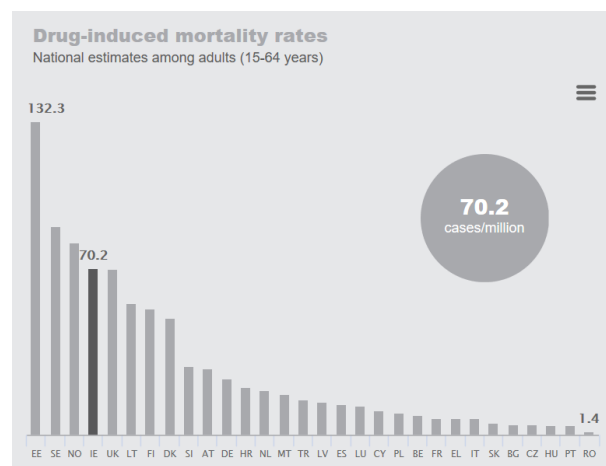
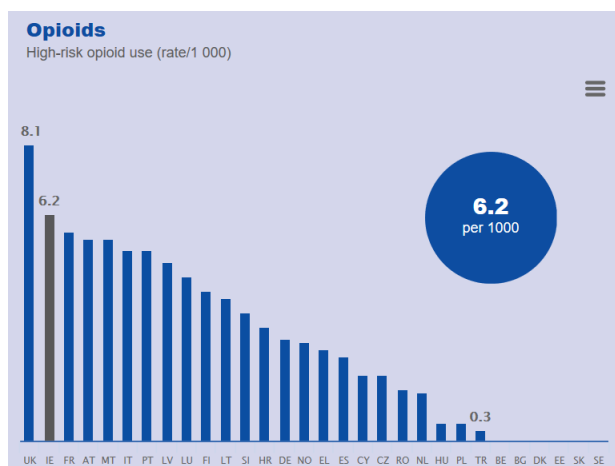
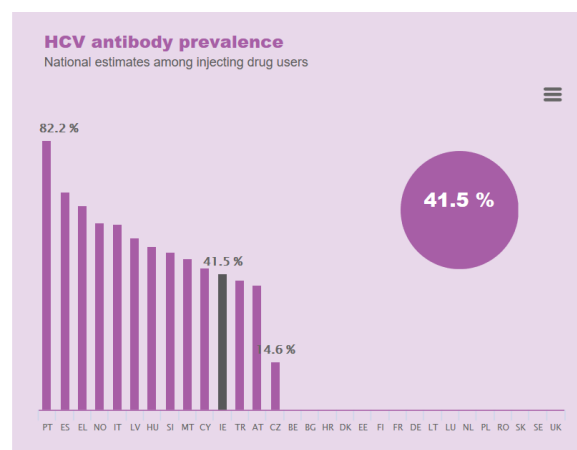
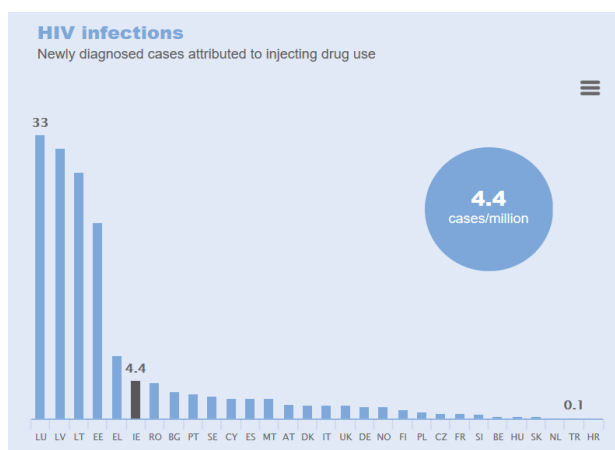


Table 84 Drug Use in EU 2018 Report EMCDDA



*Cannabis use is often referred to as ‘recreational’ even though use may be daily and may lead to health and social consequences (Ross & Davies, 2011). Within the community studied by Ross and Davies (2011), cannabis use was not connected to any particular setting or social event, but was something that occurred randomly or constantly throughout each day. These findings challenge the labelling of cannabis use as ‘recreational’ and therefore assumed not to be harmful.*

Karl O’Brien and Brian Foley, Ballymun Youth Action Project

Garda Station	Theft and related offences <sup>2</sup>	Burglary and related offences <sup>1</sup>	Damage to property and to the environment	Public order and other social code offences <sup>1</sup>	Controlled drug offences <sup>1</sup>	Attempts/threats to murder, assaults, harassments and related offences <sup>1</sup>	Offences against government, justice procedures and organisation of crime <sup>1</sup>	Fraud, deception and related offences	Dangerous or negligent acts <sup>1</sup>	Robbery, extortion and hijacking offences <sup>1</sup>	Weapons and Explosives Offences
Balbriggan,	96	36	90	17	3	22	2	6	1	1	2
Swords,	204	186	81	41	8	35	5	3	1	2	4
Rathfarnham,	167	322	70	23	13	23	1	4	0	1	4
Tallaght,	367	381	298	70	27	68	10	11	1	8	12
Blackrock	121	303	34	17	3	13	0	4	0	0	0
Dundrum,	348	535	107	26	6	30	1	8	1	1	2
Cabinteely,	89	289	49	12	3	16	0	1	0	0	1
Dun Laoghaire,	182	427	65	30	9	29	7	4	0	1	3
Shankill,	74	161	57	14	5	15	1	1	0	0	3
Blanchardstown,	448	536	215	44	12	69	24	31	1	6	13
Clondalkin,	184	206	104	27	10	28	2	5	1	3	5
Lucan	140	199	80	20	5	15	1	3	1	1	4
Ronanstown,	224	143	98	24	21	35	4	4	1	2	6
Grand Total	2644	3828	1349	365	126	399	58	86	8	28	60

Table 85 Guessimate under 18 based on Garda "proportion by under 18s" by offence see following page

Offence	Type of offences
Theft and related offences <sup>2</sup>	23% shoplifting, 49% stealing a car, 39% stealing a bike
Burglary and related offences <sup>1</sup>	21% aggravated burglary
Public order and other social code offences <sup>1</sup>	39% trespass
Attempts/threats to murder, assaults, harassments and related offences <sup>1</sup>	20% minor assault, 21% resisting arrest, 19% assault causing harm
Dangerous or negligent acts <sup>1</sup>	46% of these are made up "endangering Traffic Offences
Robbery, extortion and hijacking offences <sup>1</sup>	49% robbery from the person
Weapons and Explosives Offences	62% of these are for Fireworks, 17% for possession of a non firearm offensive weapon and 15% for possession of a firearm

## Offence Types

### OFFENCES FOR WHICH CHILDREN WERE REFERRED TO THE DIVERSION PROGRAMME IN 2016

Table 8 indicates the offences for which children were referred to the Diversion Programme in 2016. The green column indicates the proportion of youth offences to the overall number of those offences in 2016.

Offence Group / Offence Type	2016	% of Total	% Change	2015	% Detected Offences linked to U18 in 2016*
<b>Theft and Related Offences</b>	<b>5,413</b>	<b>30.7%</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>5,571</b>	<b>23%</b>
Theft from shop	3,620	20.6%	-1%	3,646	23%
Theft Other	466	2.6%	-14%	540	14%
Unauthorised Taking (Vehicle)	307	1.7%	-9%	339	49%
Theft from vehicle	353	2.0%	-1%	358	32%
Unauthorised Taking (Pedal Cycle)	192	1.1%	-7%	207	39%
Handling Stolen Property	269	1.5%	-2%	275	21%
Theft from person	106	0.6%	+22%	87	17%
Interfering with Mechanism of MPV	99	0.6%	-13%	114	38%
<b>Public Order &amp; Social Code Offences</b>	<b>3,933</b>	<b>22.3%</b>	<b>-11%</b>	<b>4,432</b>	<b>15%</b>
Public order offences	2,077	11.8%	-10%	2,298	13%
Trespass Offences	796	4.5%	-22%	1,022	39%
Drunkenness offences	569	3.2%	+2%	557	9%
Purchase/Consume Alcohol U18	317	1.8%	+10%	287	—
Collect money no permit	39	0.2%	-20%	49	55%
Affray/Riot/Violent Disorder	46	0.3%	-59%	113	49%
Begging	42	0.2%	-22%	54	3%
<b>Damage to Property &amp; Environment</b>	<b>1,840</b>	<b>10.4%</b>	<b>-17%</b>	<b>2,214</b>	<b>37%</b>
Criminal damage (not arson)	1,665	9.5%	-16%	1,980	35%
Arson	170	1.0%	-25%	226	63%
Litter offences	5	0.0%	-38%	8	10%
<b>Assault, Murder Attempt/Threat, Harassment</b>	<b>1,561</b>	<b>8.9%</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>1,586</b>	<b>19%</b>
Minor assault	1,038	5.9%	-3%	1,065	20%
Assault causing harm	389	2.2%	-2%	398	19%
Assault/Obstruct/Resist Arrest - Peace Officer	72	0.4%	+6%	68	21%
Threats to Kill/Cause Serious Harm	19	0.1%	-27%	26	7%
Harassment	22	0.1%	+83%	12	12%

Theft and Related Offences (21%), Burglary and Related Offences (24%), and Damage to Property and the Environment (34%) are the main categories of offences for which children are referred

<b>Burglary and Related Offences</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>4.7%</b>	<b>-36%</b>	<b>1,301</b>	<b>26%</b>
Burglary (not aggravated)	720	4.1%	-35%	1,109	27%
Possess article (burgle, steal, demand)	97	0.6%	-42%	167	21%
Aggravated burglary	19	0.1%	-24%	25	21%
<b>Controlled Drug Offences</b>	<b>1,020</b>	<b>5.8%</b>	<b>+0%</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>6%</b>
Possess drugs for personal use	794	4.5%	-3%	817	7%
Possess drugs for sale or supply	177	1.0%	+6%	167	5%
Obstruction under Drugs Act	45	0.3%	+45%	31	11%
Cultivation or manufacture of drugs	4	0.0%	+0%	4	2%
<b>Road and Traffic Offences (NEC)</b>	<b>1,028</b>	<b>5.8%</b>	<b>-11%</b>	<b>1,159</b>	<b>2%</b>
General Road offences	534	3.0%	-8%	583	2%
License/Insurance/Tax	388	2.2%	-13%	446	2%
<b>Dangerous or Negligent Acts</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>2.8%</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>1%</b>
Dangerous/Careless driving	351	2.0%	+17%	299	9%
Speeding	57	0.3%	-48%	109	0%
Endangering traffic offences	34	0.2%	-19%	42	46%
Driving/In charge over legal alcohol limit	32	0.2%	-9%	35	0%
Drugs - Driving offences	6	0.0%	+20%	5	3%
<b>Weapons and Explosives Offences</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>2.0%</b>	<b>-18%</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>19%</b>
Possess offensive weapons (not firearms)	281	1.6%	-28%	393	17%
Fireworks offences (for sale, igniting etc.)	55	0.3%	+120%	25	62%
Possession of Firearms	24	0.1%	+50%	16	15%
<b>Robbery, Extortion and Hijacking Offences</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>-39%</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>30%</b>
Robbery from the person	197	1.1%	-42%	339	49%
Robbery of an Establishment / Institution	30	0.2%	+3%	29	9%
Hijacking Unlawful Seizure of vehicle	13	0.1%	-46%	24	38%
<b>Off. against Government, Justice, Organised Crime</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>1.9%</b>	<b>-28%</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>3%</b>
Breach of bail	304	1.7%	-28%	422	4%
<b>Sexual Offences</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>1.9%</b>	<b>+39%</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>45%</b>
Sexual assault (not aggravated)	163	0.9%	+12%	145	39%
Rape of a male or female	114	0.6%	+143%	47	46%
Criminal Law (Sexual Offences) Act 2006	33	0.2%	-18%	40	56%
Child Pornography	21	0.1%	+133%	9	25%
<b>Fraud, Deception and Related Offences</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>0.8%</b>	<b>+38%</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>8%</b>
<b>Offences Not Elsewhere Classified (NEC)</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>+3%</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b>Kidnapping and Related Offences</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>-57%</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6%</b>
<b>Homicide Offences</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>+0%</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4%</b>
Murder	2	0.0%	+100%	1	8%
Dangerous Driving causing Death	0	0.0%	-100%	1	0%
<b>All Offences</b>	<b>17,615</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>-10%</b>	<b>19,513</b>	<b>9%</b>

\*Proportion of Youth Offences to overall offences in 2016

\* Only most common Offence Types listed

\*\* % may not total 100% due to rounding errors